October 4, 1770. NUMB. 2180.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

A CIRCULAR LETTER, from the late COMMITTEE of this City to the COMMITTEES of the other Colonies.

Philadelphia, September 25, 1770.

GENTLEMEN,

WE are ſorry to inform you that a Number of our Importers of Britiſh Merchandize, who met at Davenport's Tavern on Thurſday laſt, have reſolved to make ſuch an Alteration in our Non-importation Agreement, as will render it of no Uſe, and this without conſulting the other Colonies. As this Conduct will, we apprehend, reflect Diſhonour upon this City and Province, we think it our Duty to give you a candid and true Account of the Means by which it was effected.

When Petitions and Remonſtrances were found ineffectual, to procure the Repeal of an Act which is deſtructive to the Liberty and Property of Americans, the Importers of Britiſh Merchandize in this City, reſolved to unite with Boſton and New-York in an Agreement not to import Goods from Great-Britain, except ſome few enumerated Articles, until the Act complained of was repealed, or a general Meeting of the Subſcribers, after three Days Notice, ſhould determine otherwiſe; the Agreement was carried round to and ſubſcribed by thoſe who actually were, or who from their Circumſtances probably might become Importers; the Number of the Subſcribers did not Amount to 300; the reſt of the Inhabitants concurred in the Meaſure, ſo as to diſcountenance and diſcourage any Attempts to violate it. A Committee of twenty Perſons was choſen to ſee that the Agreement was punctually obſerved, and to correſpond with the Committees in the other Colonies, as well as with the Committee of Merchants in London. Four Gentlemen, who had been appointed to forward a Memorial to the Merchants, Traders and Manufacturers of Britain, were added to the Committee: Of theſe, twenty agreed to act: For ſome Time the greateſt Harmony ſubſiſted: Letters were written to the neighbouring Colonies, to encourage thoſe who had adopted the Non-importation Plan to perſiſt in obſerving it, and to induce others, who had not come into it, to unite with their Siſter Colonies; at the ſame Time, Care was taken to ſee that the Agreement we had entered into was punctually obſerved.

After a while ſeven withdrew from the Committee, four of whom perſonally reſigned, and as one was in England, the Committee was reduced to twelve. The Plan of Non-importation not producing an immediate and total Repeal of the Act; ſome whoſe living, and others whoſe Proſpects of Gain depended upon importing Goods, began to be uneaſy under theſe Reſtrictions: With theſe, the Members who had broken off from the Committee aſſociated: Sundry Meetings were held; and in May laſt, Meaſures being previouſly concerted, a vigorous Puſh was made to break the Agreement entered into: The Voice of the Public, which was againſt them, and ſome concurring Circumſtances, prevented them from carrying their Deſign at that Time; but the Defection of New-York, which followed ſoon after, giving them freſh Spirits, they rallied again, and having ſecretly concerted a Plan, they got a Paper drawn up, ſigned by themſelves and ſeven others, which they preſented to the Chairman of the Committee on the Evening of the 12th Inſtant; and becauſe the Committee would not comply with their Propoſal, which was contrary to the Non-importation Agreement, the Gentlemen themſelves, without conſulting the Committee, ordered Notices to be ſent round to call a general Meeting of the Subſcribers at Davenport's Tavern, in order that none but Subſcribers might be preſent. A Number of the Subſcribers, diſguſted at their Proceedings, refuſed to meet them. The Committee, however, with a View, if poſſible, to reſtrain them from any raſh Steps, which might bring Reproach on this City and Province, attended the Meeting, and having pointed out the Danger to which the Liberty of America was expoſed, urged the Neceſſity of preſerving the Union of the Colonies, as the only Means of averting that Danger; and hinted the Odium that muſt fall on this City and its Inhabitants, if we ſeparated from the other Colonies; they propoſed the following Queſtions:

1. Whether it will not be for the Reputation of this City to conſult the other Colonies, before any Breach is made in our Agreement?

2. Whether adopting the Maryland or Virginia Agreement, or ſomething ſimilar thereto, will not be for the Intereſt of this Province, and at the ſame Time preſerve the Union of the Colonies?

3. Whether it is the Mind of the Perſons met, that we will adopt the Maryland or Virginia Agreement, or ſomething ſimilar thereto; provided New-York, Boſton, &c. will come into the like Meaſure?

Two other Queſtions had been propoſed by one of their Leaders, viz.

1. Are you of Opinion that the Non-importation Agreement, as it now ſubſiſts, ſhould be altered?

2. Are you of Opinion that the Alteration propoſed, ſhould be to open the Importation of Goods from Great-Britain, and other Parts of Europe, except Teas, and ſuch other Articles as are, or may be, ſubject to Duties, for the Purpoſe of raiſing a Revenue in America?

There were 135 Perſons preſent, and as the Gentlemen who were for breaking, had been aſſiduous in collecting their whole Force, it was voted, that the laſt Sett of Queſtions ſhould be firſt propoſed, which was done, and they were carried in the Affirmative. The Committee ſtill inſiſted that the Determination of thoſe Queſtions did not preclude the conſulting the other Colonies, they therefore deſired that the Opinion of the Company might be taken on their firſt Queſtion: A great Oppoſition was made to this: But at length being put to Vote, it was by a Majority of 89 againſt 45, determined in the Negative. The Committee then propoſed, that the Senſe of the Inhabitants, or at leaſt the other Subſcribers, who had not attended the Meeting, ſhould be taken, but the Majority would not admit of this; whereupon one of the Committee got up, and in the Name of the reſt informed the Company, that as Matters were now carried, their Continuance as a Committee would be of no Uſe to the Cauſe they eſpouſed; they therefore reſigned, and deſired to be conſidered no longer as a Committee. After this, two other Reſolves were paſſed, which you will ſee in the Papers; no Committee is yet choſen; the People in general are uneaſy; but what Meaſures will be fallen upon, we cannot undertake to ſay. We are ſorry our Endeavours have not had a more fortunate Iſſue. This, however, we have to ſay, that, to the utmoſt of our Power, we have endeavoured to execute the Truſt repoſed in us, and to preſerve the Union of the Colonies.

We are, with great Eſteem and Reſpect,
Gentlemen,

Your aſſured Friends,	Your humble Servants,
William Fiſher,	*John Gibſon,*
George Roberts,	*Charles Thomſon,*
Thomas Mifflin,	*John Cox, junior,*
Samuel Howell.	*Daniel Benezet,*
	Alexander Huſton,
	James Meaſe,
	J. M. Neſbitt.

To the Merchants Committee at Boſton.

P. S. We have juſt received your Favour of the 15th Inſtant, which we highly approve, but as we are now no longer a Committee, can return no Anſwer thereto; however we ſhall lay a Copy of it before the new Committee when choſen, and communicate the Contents to the Inhabitants, whenever a public Meeting is called; and ſhall always be ready, as Individuals, to promote and ſtrengthen the Union of the Colonies, and to unite in any common Meaſure that may be thought beſt for preſerving their invaluable Rights.

A LETTER *received by the late* COMMITTEE, *ſince their Reſignation, from Boſton.*

GENTLEMEN, *Boſton, September 15, 1770.*

THE Merchants of this Place not having had the Pleaſure of hearing from you for a conſiderable Time, and being ſenſible of the Expediency of a conſtant Intercourſe and Communication of Sentiments between the Colonies, who have entered into a common Agreement, have determined in a Meeting, held the Eleventh Day of September inſtant, to requeſt your Sentiments at this critical and alarming Juncture, when ſo conſiderable an Event has taken Place as the unhappy Defection of the City of New-York, and when high handed Attempts have been made on our conſtitutional Liberties, and ſtill more formidable Movements threaten our moſt eſtabliſhed Rights.

We make no Doubt, from your uſual Firmneſs, that on this important Occaſion you will keep in View, that a ſteady Union of the Colonies, in ſome common Meaſure, is the only Means of preſerving their invaluable Rights, whenever attacked.

We think it proper to expreſs to you our Opinion, that the Arts made uſe of by our Enemies to weaken our Hands, renders it of the utmoſt Importance, that all Methods ſhould be taken to ſtrengthen the Union that now ſubſiſts in the Colonies. We therefore propoſe, that there be a Meeting of Committees of Merchants from the neighbouring Governments, to determine upon ſome Plan for that happy Purpoſe. That the Non-importation Agreement ſhall remain in its preſent Force, till ſome Relaxation ſhall be agreed upon by the Committees, and reported, if they, when aſſembled, ſhall judge any ſuch Relaxation neceſſary.

If you ſhould join in Sentiment with us, we deſire that you would appoint a Time and Place for a general Meeting as ſoon as may be, and that you would acquaint the Colonies of the Jerſies, Connecticut and Rhode-Iſland, as well as ourſelves, with your Reſolutions, mentioning what Number you ſhall ſend, and we ſhall, in the mean Time, acquaint thoſe Governments of this Propoſal. Should a Conſideration of the Neceſſity of preſerving a general Harmony through the Colonies, incline you to invite the City of New-York to accede to the Propoſal, it will be agreeable to us, that they ſhould act in Concert with the Committees, provided they firſt give Satisfaction to them.

We are, with Eſteem, Gentlemen,
Your moſt humble Servants.

To the Committee of Merchants at Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Thurſday, Sept. 27, 1770.

Many reſpectable Freeholders and Inhabitants of this City, juſtly alarmed at the Reſolutions formed by a Number of the Dry Goods Importers on Thurſday laſt, at Davenport's Tavern, which reflect Diſhonour on this City and Province, earneſtly requeſt the Freemen of this City and County, to meet in the State-Houſe *this Afternoon, at 3 o' Clock, to conſider and determine what is proper to be done, to vindicate the Honour of this City, and to avert the Danger that threatens their Country.*

IN Conſequence of the above Advertiſement, which was publiſhed in the Papers, and diſperſed in Hand-bills round the City and Suburbs, a large Body of reſpectable Inhabitants aſſembled at the Time and Place appointed, and having unanimouſly choſen JOSEPH FOX, Eſq; Chairman, they came to the following Reſolutions.

1. That the Claim of Parliament to tax the Colonies, and particularly the Act impoſing Duties on Tea, &c. for the Purpoſe of raiſing a Revenue in America, is ſubverſive of the conſtitutional Rights of the Colonies.

2. That the Union of the Colonies is neceſſary, and ought to be maintained, in order to procure a Redreſs of their common Grievances, and to preſerve their common Rights and Liberties.

3. That it would have been for the Reputation of this City to have conſulted the other Colonies, before any Breach had been made in the Non-importation Agreement, entered into by the Merchants and Traders of this City.

4. That the adopting the Maryland Agreement, or one ſimilar thereto, would be of Advantage to this Province, and at the ſame Time tend to keep up a Harmony among the Colonies, and to procure a Repeal of the offenſive Act.

5. That ſuch an Agreement be recommended to the Merchants and Traders of this City.

6. That, provided ſuch an Agreement is entered into by them, the Inhabitants of this City will concur with them therein; and farther will, by all lawful Ways, diſcountenance and diſcourage the Importation of Goods from any other Colony, until the Spring Veſſels arrive with ſuch Goods as ſhall be ordered by our Merchants, that they may reap the Advantage of the virtuous Self-denial they have hiterto exerciſed, for preſerving the Liberties of America, and that ſuch as ſhall bring, or connive at, countenance, aid, or abet the bringing of Goods into this Province, contrary to this Reſolve, ſhall be deemed an Enemy to the Peace and good Order of this City, and unfriendly to the Liberties of America.

7. That the Thanks of this Body be given to thoſe Members of the late Merchants Committee who reſigned at Davenport's, on Thurſday laſt, for their faithful Diſcharge of the Truſt repoſed in them.

8. That Meſſieurs Peter Chevalier, Benjamin Loxley, John Cadwallader, Daniel Roberdeau, James Pearſon, William Maſters, George Clymer, and John Shee, with the Members of the late Committee who reſigned, be a Committee to requeſt the Merchants and Traders of this City to adopt the Meaſure propoſed, and make Report to the Inhabitants at a public Meeting, which they are deſired to call when they are ready.

9. That theſe Reſolves be publiſhed, and the Inhabitants of this Province invited to concur therein.

Every Thing was conducted with the greateſt Order and Decorum. Buſineſs being over, the Thanks of the Company were voted to the Chairman for his Services. To the 4th Reſolve there was only one diſſenting Voice, the Reſt were all carried *unanimouſly*.

To be LETT for a Term of YEARS,

ANDOVER FURNACE, ſituate in the County of Suſſex, in Weſt New-Jerſey, on a Branch of Paqueſt River, together with an elegant Stone Dwelling-houſe, Stables, Smith's Shop, Spring-houſe, and a Number of Outhouſes for Workmen; a large Coal-houſe, in which there is at leaſt 7 Week's Stock of Coals for the next Blaſt; alſo 5000 Acres of well timbered Land to accommodate the Furnace, on which are erected, a Saw-mill, and an excellent Griſt-mill, which has a great Deal of Country Cuſtom. Scarcely a Mile from the Furnace is an inexhauſtible Body of Ore, which may be raiſed at the eaſy Expence of 2ſ. per Ton, and makes Iron of a ſuperior Quality to any other in America, particularly for the Manufacture of Steel. There is a large Farm on the ſaid Tract, on which about 60 Acres of Winter Grain is now growing, about 70 Acres of extraordinary good Meadow has been already made, and is now in good Engliſh Graſs, and as much more may be cleared at a ſmall Expence, it being already drained. The whole is under good Fence, and the Woodland adjoining affords excellent Range for a large Stock. Two Horſe Teams, and 3 Ox Ditto, will be rented with the above Premiſes, if the Perſon leaſing chuſes it. For the Terms, apply to Mr. ARCHIBALD STEWART, who lives at the ſaid Furnace, or to Meſſieurs ALLEN and TURNER, in Philadelphia.

To be LETT alſo, a large FORGE, in excellent Order, with 4 Fires, and 2 Hammers, in the County of Suſſex, ſituate on Muſcomiung River, about 7 Miles from Andover Furnace, and 35 Miles diſtant from Bruniwick and Elizabeth-town Landings. Five Thouſand Acres of well-timbered Land, Part lying in the County of Suſſex, and Part in the County of Morris, very convenient to the Forge, will be rented with it; alſo a Griſt-mill, Saw-mill, commodious Houſes for a Manager and Forgemen, and 70 Tons of Pig-metal on the Bank, with more than a Sufficiency of Coal to work it up; likewiſe a good Farm, with about 50 Acres of Winter Grain in the Ground, and 25 Acres of Meadow in Engliſh Graſs, and a Number of Teams, and every Neceſſary for carying on the Buſineſs of the Forge and Farm. The Owners have ſix Negroe Slaves to hire out or ſell, who are good Forgemen, and underſtand the making and drawing of Iron well. Proviſions of all Sorts may be laid in very cheap both at the Furnace and Forge, fat Cattle, in the Fall, being never higher than 2d. per Pound, Beef, Hide and Tallow. For Terms, apply as above directed;

N. B. ALLEN and TURNER will alſo lett, for a Term of Years, their SLITTING-MILL and FORGE, with, or without, a FURNACE, together with all the Implements and Conveniencies neceſſary for carrying on the IRON-BUSINESS; being the noted Union Iron-work, in Hunterdon County, in Weſt-Jerſey, about 30 Miles nearer Philadelphia than Andover Iron-work, and within that Diſtance from Brunſwick, and equally convenient for the Philadelphia and New-York Markets.

Wilmington, New-Caſtle County,

JUST PUBLISHED, and to be SOLD, by JAMES ADAMS, *at his Printing-Office, in Market-ſtreet, and by the* PRINTERS *hereof,*

THE WILMINGTON ALMANACK, for the Year 1771: Containing, beſides the uſual aſtronomical Calculations, the Continuation of Mr. Hervey's Thoughts on the Starry-Heavens, &c. &c. &c.--------Alſo, the PENNSYLVANIA ALMANACK, for the Year 1771: Containing, the Motions of the Sun and Moon, the true Places and Aſpects of the Planets, &c. &c. &c.

Burlington, September 24, 1770.

THIS DAY is PUBLISHED, and to be SOLD, by ISAAC COLLINS, *at his Printing-Office, in this City,*

THE BURLINGTON ALMANACK, for the Year of our Lord, 1771: Containing, beſides the uſual aſtronomical Obſervations, a Variety of uſeful and entertaining MATTER.

SAMUEL HOWELL

HAS, at his Store, in Water-ſtreet, near Cheſtnut-ſtreet, a Quantity of Jamaica Rum; Madeira Wine, from 40l. to 60l. per Pipe; 100 German Rifle Barrels, and Locks.

All Perſons indebted to *Samuel Howell*, whoſe Debts are now due, are deſired to pay this Fall, to prevent Coſt.

FRANCIS HOPKINSON,

At his Store in Front-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets,

HATH for Sale, a large Aſſortment of *fine* and *ſuper Broad-cloths*; and a few Superfines, amongſt which are light Colours, proper for Womens Cloaks; likewiſe *Billiard Cloth*, fine Kerſeys, white Jeans, Breeches Patterns, &c. &c.

SEVERAL Sums of Money to be lent, on approved *real* Security, in this City or County.----The Sum of £ 800 is wanted, on undoubted *perſonal* Security.----Apply to

MATTHEW CLARKSON,
Notary Publick, in Third-ſtreet.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE tract of land, containing 340 acres, ſituate in the townſhip of Lebanon, in the county of Hunterdon, and province of Weſt New-Jerſey, whereon there is a log houſe, and other buildings, 50 acres of plow-land cleared, and 6 or 7 acres of meadow, and 40 or 50 acres more of meadow ground to clear, a young orchard planted out, the remainder of the land uncleared is generally well timbered and watered, and is within about a mile and a half of Squire's Point Forge, and two or three miles of Choing Water Forge, where there is a griſt-mill and ſaw-mill. For further particulars and terms, enquire of JOHN SYKES, living in Bordentown, or ANTHONY SYKES, in Cheſterfield, in the County of Burlington. ¶

[*For more new Advertiſements, ſee the Fourth Page.*]

By the Duke of Cumberland Packet, Captain GOODRIDGE, arrived at New-York from Falmouth, we have the following Advices, viz.

VENICE, June 27.

ACCORDING to the laſt Letters from the Morea, the Ruſſians have cut to Pieces 650 Turks, who were at Guſtugna. After this Expedition, which coſt them a great many Men, they retired to Navarino. We learn by the ſame Advices, that 5000 Macedonians occupy the Iſthmus of Corinth, that Part of the Ruſſian Fleet having ſailed towards Napoli di Romania, not finding the Turkiſh Fleet there, were going to beſiege the Place.

Trieſte, June 27. *The laſt Advices from the Morea inform us, that that whole Peninſula is in the Power of our Army, except the two Fortreſſes, which will not hold out long, as they are in Want of Proviſions; that our Troops guard all the Paſſages, by which the Enemy could have them brought by Land, and that they are prevented from receiving any Reſources by Sea, as, by good Luck, 18 Ships of our Squadron block up in the Port 13 Turkiſh Ships, commanded by Zafir Bey, who had come to their Aſſiſtance. Moreover, the Turkiſh Ships are blocked up by ours in ſuch a Manner, that they muſt alſo ſurrender or periſh.*

Letters from Venice, beſides bringing a Confirmation of the abovementioned Advantages, further inform us, that two of our Ships having met in the Mouth of the Gulph of Venice, with twelve Dulcignote Tartanes, coming to the Succour of the Morea, had ſunk eight of them, and diſperſed the other four.

Theſe Letters add, that five Ships of the Fleet of Zafir Bey, having attempted to ſail out of the Port, wherein they were blockaded, were ſunk to the Bottom; and that his Excellency Count Alexis Orlow having raiſed five Regiments of Infantry in Cefalonia, Zante, Albania, Mainotte, and Mariottes, exerciſed them daily, and hopes, by the Bleſſing of God, to be ſoon in a Condition to make great Conqueſts.

Hague, July 18. *The Differences which lately ſubſiſted between their High Mightineſſes and his Serene Highneſs the Elector Palatine, are adjuſted in an amicable Manner; and Orders are given by each Party, for the reciprocally re-eſtabliſhing Navigation and Commerce in their reſpective States, on the ancient Footing.*

Leghorn, July 4. *The Commander of a French Polacre, arrived in this Port, ſays, that three Ruſſian Veſſels having met ſeven Turkiſh Ships in the Gulph of Romania, the latter was ſo roughly treated, that they were obliged to take Refuge in that Port. He adds, that Count Orlow was in March, with a Body of 10,000 Greeks and Ruſſians, to beſiege Tripolizza.*

Paris, July 20. *The King having ordered the State of the Corn within this Kingdom to be laid before him, has iſſued ſome Ordinances, which tend greatly to encourage the Importation of that neceſſary Commodity from foreign Parts, and to prevent its being carried out of the Country.*

Warſaw, July 14. *The Turks make no Figure before the Ruſſians. The former, to the Number of 20,000 Men, attempted lately to attack the latter, but the good Countenance of General Baur, who marched up to them, occaſioned their ſpeedily taking Flight.*

There is no Doubt that the Ruſſians are going to begin the Siege of Bender.

Otranto, June 24. *Letters from the Diſtrict of the Morea adviſe, that a Ruſſian Squadron, compoſed of 11 Ships, commanded by Admiral Elphinſton, had arrived in the Gulph of Pagania, not far from Myſitra, and that after having been there reinforced by ſeveral Ruſſian Ships of War, he put to Sea, attacked and defeated the Ottoman Fleet, under the Command of Gieffer Bey, three of whoſe Ships were ſunk.*

Ancona, June 25. *Letters from Otranto, and others from the Pouille, along the Gulph of Venice, make Mention of a naval Engagement, which happened not far from the Morea, between Admiral Elphinſton's Squadron and the Ottoman Fleet, to the great Diſadvantage of the Turks.*

From Poliſh Pruſſia, July 12. The Conference between the Pruſſian Reſident at Dantzick, and the Magiſtracy there, having begun, there appear five Points that occaſioned the Pruſſia Troops being ſent into their Territories; the firſt relates to the protecting the Rights of the Pruſſian Subjects; the ſecond to the enrolled Pruſſian Subjects who have ſetled in Dantzick; the third to the Inhabitants who would depart out of Dantzick; the fourth to the Freedom of a Pruſſian Dock; and the fifth to the free Paſſage of Pruſſian Money.

Leghorn, July 7. The French Polacre Sans Pareille, Captain Martin, is arrived in this Port from Gavara and Metelin. He reports, that on the 9th ult. he fell in near Cerigo with two Ruſſian 60 Gun Ships, a Frigate, a Bomb-ketch, and another Ship; that being ordered by the Ruſſian Commandant to bring to, he told him what he had ſeen on his Paſſage; that the Commandant then informed him, that a few Days before there had been a ſharp Engagement in the Gulph of Napoli di Romania, between three Ships of his Nation, and ſeven of the Ottoman's, in which the latter had been ſo ſhattered that they were obliged to put into a Port in that Place, having loſt moſt of their Maſts. The French Captain adds, that before that Engagement, there had been another at Navarino, the Ruſſians having ſprung a Mine, by which ſeveral Thouſands of Turks loſt their Lives.

Vienna, July 7. According to Letters from Conſtantinople, dated the 7th of June, they had then received Advice, that the Captain Pacha, about the latter end of May, arrived at Napoli di Romana, with his Squadron of 12 Men of War of the Line; that Jaffer Bey arrived about the ſame Time with his Diviſion; and that they had ſet Sail in Conjunction, in order to attack the Ruſſian Squadron, then before Coron.

By other Letters, dated the 9th, we learn, that Oſman Bey, at the Head of 3000 Men, had raiſed the Siege of Coron; and that an Engagement was every Moment expected between the Turkiſh and Ruſſian Fleets.

The ſame Letters adviſe, that the Pacha of Erzeron, in Aſiatick Turkey, had defeated the united Forces of Ruſſians and Georgians, commanded by Gen. Tottleben; that this Victory had rendered him Maſter of the whole Country; and that the Porte had cauſed this News to be communicated in Form to all the foreign Miniſters.

Conſtantinople, June 16. The Porte hath juſt received an Expreſs from Georgia, which hath brought the agreeable News of a conſiderable Advantage gained by Piri Zade Mehemet Pacha, over the Georgians, followed by the taking of the Fortreſs of Agiſka, which he hath given up to be pillaged.

Our Sultan received the ſame Day a Courier, charged with announcing to his Highneſs the important News, that Oſman Pacha had retaken Coron, Modon, and Navarino, from the Ruſſians; that the latter had loſt two Colonels, one was killed, the other is to be conducted Priſoner to this Capital; and that there is great Probability that the Morea will ſoon be again under the Domination of our Emperor, as Oſman Pacha was at the Head of a conſiderable Body of Albanians, who would ſoon be reinforced by other Troops, conducted by two other Pachas.

From the Danube, July 8. We are aſſured, that a bloody Battle happened in Moldavia, on the 24th of June laſt, between the Turks and Ruſſians, to the Diſadvantage of the former, who have loſt 40,000 Men. We wait for a Confirmation of this News.

Ancona, July 2. Advice is received here that the three principal Towns of the Iſland of Candia, viz. Candia, Suda, and Retimo, have declared in Favour of the Ruſſians. A Report prevails that the Emperor of Morocco is about to break the Truce with Spain, and to beſiege Ceuta.

Conſtantinople, June 30. Several Letters here of good Authority aſſure, that the Ruſſians having pretended to quit Walachia, a Body from the Turkiſh Army went to take Poſſeſſion of it, but the Muſcovites turning ſuddenly upon them, cut the whole Corps to Pieces. The Turkiſh Admiral too has been ſo roughly handled in the late Engagement between him and the Ruſſians, that his Ship will not bear repairing. Two or three more Veſſels of his Squadron were ſunk, and the reſt are fled.

Paris, July 20. There has been an Inſurrection at Cherbourg, on Account of the Dearneſs of Bread. And from Rheims we have an Account, that the People there having been told that there was a Magazine in the Abbey of St. Remy, they made a forcible Entry, and plundered it of all the Corn; and, it is ſaid, ſeveral Monks belonging to the Abbey were killed.

Frontiers of Walachia, July 1. A Multitude of Ruſſian Deſerters, arrived on this Frontier, have informed us of the Defeat of Prince Repnin, a few Days ago in the Neighbourhood of Yaſſi. This News is juſt confirmed by ſome Letters from Moldavia and Podolia. They import, in Subſtance, that Prince Repnin, after having collected together the broken Remains of the late General Stoffeln's Army, and incorporated them with the Diviſion which he commands, took his Poſt a League and a Half from Yaſſi, on the Pruth, in order to cover the Communication between the Armies of Romanzow and Panin; that he was attacked in this Camp by the famous Ibrahim Pacha, and that after an obſtinate Defence he was obliged to yield to the Superiority of the Ottoman Forces; that the Loſs of the Ruſſians was very conſiderable; that they retired on the other Side the Pruth towards Girdeſty, ſtill purſued and harraſſed by the Turkiſh and Tartarian Cavalry, and that Deſertion weakens them almoſt as much as the Sword of the Enemy and Diſeaſes.

Peterſburgh, July 4. The Generality of the Confederacy hath received by ſeveral Eſtaffettes, the News of the Defeat of Prince Repnin near Yaſſi.

As to the pretended Defeat of the Army of Prince Panin near Bender, we know, that the firſt Reports of it have been exaggerated, there not having yet been any Siege or Inveſtment of the Place; but that an advanced Corps of Panin's Army having approached too near, was attacked and beaten by the Ottoman Troops which occupied the Palanka of Bender.

LONDON, *July 21.*

Letters from the Britiſh Reſident at Conſtantinople mention, that the Janiſſaries commit the moſt ſavage Outrages in that Capital, having maſſacred above 2000 of different Sexes and Ages.

Private Letters from Paris adviſe, that ſeveral Letters have been received there from Liſbon, which give an Account, that on the 19th of laſt Month the King of Portugal iſſued an Ordinance, which enjoined all the Inhabitants of Liſbon, on Pain of Death, to retire to their Houſes at the firing of a Gun at a certain Hour, and not to ſtir out again till another Gun ſhould be fired, the Time for which was likewiſe appointed. The King's Orders were very punctually obſerved, but when the People were at Liberty to go abroad again, they were very curious to know the Reaſon of their being confined. Some of them accordingly repaired to the Place of publick Execution, where they found 33 Monks hanged, 15 Gentlemen beheaded, and one Man quartered. Theſe unhappy Wretches had conſpired againſt the King their Maſter, and one of them had even made an Attempt againſt his Life.

It is reported that, at the breaking up of the C------l Yeſterday, it was reſolved to leave American Affairs as they are, until the next Meeting of Parliament.

We are informed that the Account given of the Failure of Lord Northington's Negociation being owing to Lord C----m and Lord R----m inſiſting on the Diſſolution of Parliament, which a great Perſonage would not comply with, is without Foundation.

July 24. It is aſſerted that Negotiations of a private Nature, are now on the Carpet between his Pruſſian Majeſty and the Britiſh Court.

We hear that the People of Sweden are ſo enraged at the Evils which the French Faction have brought on them, that they threaten to inſiſt, that the next Diet ſhall prohibit all Commerce with that Nation.

Accounts from Portugal inform, that the Conſpiracies there are chiefly owing to the Clergy, who have, for ſome Time, entertained an Opinion, that his Moſt Faithful Majeſty has, from his Youth, been inclined to favour the Proteſtants.

Some Letters from Gibraltar mention, that a new Treaty has juſt been negociated between the Emperor of Morocco, and the King of Spain.

Yeſterday ſome important Diſpatches arrived at the Earl of Hillſborough's Office, from Lieutenant Governor Bull of South-Carolina.

July 26. The Intention of the Earl of Northington's coming to Town, was to take a Houſe for his Town Reſidence in the Winter, that his Lordſhip has done, and is gone back to the Grange; but as he was inſtrumental in getting Lord Camden the Seals, he was aſked his Opinion, who was the propereſt Perſon to fill up ſaid Vacancy, when he again recommended Lord Camden, as the moſt capable and upright Man in the Kingdom.

When the Premier met Lord N---------n at Court, he told him "Old Friend, you'll be offered the Seals." That may be (replied Surly Bob) but I'll be d--'d if they make any *Impreſſion*.

We hear that a capital Dutch Houſe has refuſed to anſwer a Draft from a certain Northern State; which makes no little Noiſe in Holland, and it is ſuppoſed will produce ſtrange Effects, when known to the Miniſters of the Northern Court.

The common Buſineſs of America, in the Abſence of Lord Hillſborough, will devolve on a Gentleman belonging to the Plantation-office, who is to have the Advice and Aſſiſtance of Gov. B----rd.

By the lateſt Accounts from Hamburgh, it is obſerved, that Pruſſian recruiting Parties ſwarm every where for 40 Miles round.

The Peace of the North ſeems now ſettled on a permanent Footing, by the late Treaty between Sweden and Ruſſia.

They write from the Hague, that the States had given Orders for all the Barrier Towns of the Republic to be fully garriſoned, and the Works repaired.

We are credibly informed, that the Report mentioned in ſome of the Papers of the Subſtance of the Reſolution of a late Council being, "That the Boſtonians have forfeited their Charter," is without Foundation.

July 27. Conſiderable odds are laid that the Siſter of a Queen, will ſoon be a Dutcheſs of Scotland. The pleaſing Accounts ſhe hears of this Country, her ſmall Fortune, the Youth and Perſon of the young Nobleman, and her being paſt the Game, as it is ſaid, naturally occaſion this Alliance.

An Agent is now buying up all Kinds of military Stores for the Uſe of the Emperor of Morocco.

It is confidently aſſerted that ſome capital Impeachments will take Place in a few Days, in Conſequence of a late dreadful accidental Affair.

A certain great Duke has adviſed his M------y to let the young Princes make a Tour through England, as it is imagined their innocent Attachments may in ſome Meaſure recover his loſt Popularity.

It is whiſpered, that a Northern Potentate has certainly renewed a Demand of a very extraordinary Nature on the Britiſh Court.

July 28. The laſt Letters from Vienna adviſe, that the Emperor is making great Preparations for the Reception of the King of Pruſſia next September, at the Camp in Moravia; which on this Occaſion is to make a moſt ſplendid Appearance. Theſe Letters add, that the Imperial Court, and that of Verſailles, are exerting their Endeavours to bring about a Reconciliation between the Turks and Ruſſians.

Letters from Sweden adviſe, that there is a great Ferment among the Merchants and other Creditors of the State. Bills, which where drawn by the Government on Mr. H---- and Co. a great Houſe in Holland, have been refuſed Acceptance, and occaſioned the moſt diſtreſsful Embarraſſments on thoſe to whom they had been given.

The above Intelligence unravels the Myſtery, and reſolves the Paradox, how a Party, under the Influence of the French Court, were induced to take a Step which at once blaſts all the Views of that Court: But it was a Meaſure of Neceſſity, not of Choice; as the Riſk would have been too great even for the Crown, as well as the Senate, to have brought on the Miſchiefs that would immediately have enſued.

There is one Circumſtance which reflects no little Honour on the Earl of Northington, in his late Negotiation with the Adminiſtration; and that is, his Lordſhip failed of Succeſs, not as ſome others had done before him, for aſking too much for himſelf (for he aſked nothing at all) but for aſking too much for his Country----the greateſt Crime a Man *can* be guilty of in the preſent miniſterial Situation of Affairs?

According to ſome private Letters from Vienna, the Ruſſian Ambaſſador has for ſome Time paſt been received with remarkable Coolneſs at the Imperial Court.

July 31. *Three C----ls, ſince the 15th of this month, have been held on American affairs. Many members were of opinion, that his Majeſty, with the advice of his Privy Council, was ſufficiently empowered to ſuppreſs the tumults in America in what manner he thought proper; but a cautious member of the law obſerved, that in the preſent ſituation of affairs, they could not act too prudently, and therefore it was ſafer to leave the* manner *of quelling them to the Parliament, as by that means it would be the action of the* whole nation; *which opinion we hear was adopted.*

It is ſaid the whole loſs, ſuſtained by the late fire in Portſmouth dock, will fall upon the Inſurance-offices in London.

We hear the intended ſurvey of the royal navy and magazines, by the Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty, which had been put off, will now take Place in a ſhort time.

Auguſt 2. Letters from Gibraltar mention, that ſome Regiments of Spaniſh Infantry having lately arrived in the Neighhood of St. Roche, occaſioned an Alarm to the Garriſon, ſince which it had appeared that thoſe Troops were intended to be ſent to Ceuta, a Spaniſh Fortreſs on the Coaſt of Barbary, ſaid to be threatened by the Moors.

A certain Foreigner of Rank here, ſeems highly diſguſted on Account of the Suſpicions entertained of his Nation, with regard to the late Fire at Portſmouth Dock.

It is now ſaid, that the Loſs ſuſtained by the late Fire in Portſmouth Dock, has been much exaggerated, and that it will not exceed 130,000l.

Letters from Peterſburgh mention, that the Court had juſt received Advice, that ſeveral Greek Iſlands in the Archipelago have revolted in Favour of her Imperial Majeſty.

It was this Morning reported, that Advice is received from Trieſte, of Prince Heracleus of Georgia, having fallen into the Hands of the Turks, and ſent Priſoner in Chains to Conſtantinople.

Letters from Venice mention a Report prevailing there, that a Treaty of an extraordinary Nature is far advanced between the Court of Peterſburgh and the Emperor of Morocco.

They write from Madrid, that the King had given Orders for Draughts to be made from the Garriſon Troops in the Provinces of Grenada and Murcia, to be embarked at Malaga, for the Spaniſh Fortreſſes of Oran and Ceuta, on the Barbary Coaſt.

This Morning was married, at St. James's Church, by the Rev. Mr. Coombe, of Philadelphia, JOHN FOXCROFT, Eſq; Deputy Poſt-Maſter General of North-America, to Miſs JUDITH OSGOOD, of King-ſtreet, St. James's; and immediately after the Ceremony they ſet out with their Friends for the Country.

A few Days ſince the eldeſt Son of a Great Perſonage, having ſome Diſpute with one of his Play-fellows, in the Midſt of ſome of their Amuſements, the former was ſo greatly incenſed, as to ſtrike the latter; which the Great Perſonage obſerving, commanded the little Boy to pull off his Cloaths, and beat him ſoundly, for being the Aggreſſor, which he accordingly did, was commended for it, and given to underſtand, that the Diſcipline was by way of diſcouraging the former from any Attempt in future of lifting up his Hand againſt a Subject.

Auguſt 4. Orders have been tranſmitted from the French Court to the Commander of the Squadron, now before the Port of Tunis, to bombard that Capital, if the Dey refuſes to give ample Satisfaction for the Injuries offered to the Subjects of France, or her Allies.

The following Circumſtance, which happened in the Neighbourhood of Leeds, is an abſolute Fact: A Gentleman intending to marry, took a whimſical Reſolution to gain the Conſent of a Lady before he could finiſh the ſmoaking a Pipe of Tobacco; accordingly he goes, acquaints the Lady with his Intentions, and begs her Anſwer in the allotted Time; but ſhe, like many of her Sex, could not ſo haſtily conſent, requeſting an Enlargement of the Time, though the Gentleman and his Qualities were unexceptionable: Being fixed in his Reſolution, he viſits a Second, but without Succeſs: Not diſcouraged, he waits on a Third, when ſhe very frankly accepts the Offer, and the Conſequence was a ſpeedy and happy Marriage, which at once deprived the other two, who had the next Morning ſeparately ſent an Offer of their Services.

It is ſaid, that the Earl of Huntingdon is appointed Maſter of the Horſe to his Majeſty, in the Room of the Duke of Ancaſter.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, July 26.

"Advice has juſt been received here, that the Van-guard of the Ottoman Army, conſiſting of 20,000 Horſe, and about 15,000 Foot, commanded by Ali Keli, the Pacha of Baſſarabia, had ſurprized in the Night a Body of Ruſſians, who were intrenched between Bucharest and Bender, and for ſome Hours made great Slaughter among the latter, and ſpiked ſeveral Cannon; but that by the Activity and Reſolution of the Ruſſian Officers, the Enemy at Break of Day were obliged to retreat with Precipitation, leaving behind them their Artillery, which conſiſted of 24 Pieces of ſmall Cannon, 4 Standards, and 2 Batoons of Command. The Ruſſian Huſſars under Col. Kalmmuntz, when the Turks were put into Confuſion, cut off the Retreat of the Janiſſaries, and after killing above 900, who refuſed to throw down their Arms, took 1500 Priſoners.

"The Loſs of the Ruſſians does not amount to more than 1300 Men, but the Ottomans have left upwards of 3000 killed and wounded on the Field of Battle, beſides thoſe they loſt in the Retreat."

Although Mr. Serjeant Glynn, on the late Trials of the Printers and Publiſhers of Junius's Letter, inſiſted on the Jury's Right to judge on the *Law* as well as the *Fact*, the Counſel on the other Side, would by no Means acknowledge that Right. We can, however, quote an Authority that will place this important Point beyond a Doubt; the Suffrage we mean is of Littleton, who in his Tenures, Sect. 368, declares, "That if a Jury will take upon them the Knowledge of the Law, upon the Matter, they may." And this is agreed to by Coke in his Comment thereupon.

Private Letters from Berlin adviſe, that his Majeſty had given Orders for two Pruſſian Camps to be immediately formed.

Letters from Leghorn mention, that the Empreſs of Ruſſia is actually entering into Treaty with ſome of the maritime States in the Mediterranean.

This Morning, it is ſaid, an Expreſs arrived at the Ruſſian Ambaſſador's Houſe in Soho-ſquare, from Peterſburgh, ſaid to contain ſome very important Diſpatches.

We hear from Portſmouth, that notwithſtanding many Reports to the contrary, it had not yet appeared there were any Grounds for the Opinion induſtriouſly circulated, that the Dock-yards had been wilfully ſet on Fire by the ſecret Emiſſaries of France.

Yeſterday a Quantity of naval Stores began to be ſhipped at Woolwich on board two Tranſports for Portſmouth.

SALEM, September 18.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in Gibraltar to his Friend in Salem, dated July 10, 1770.

"*In my laſt I adviſed you that the ſecond Diviſion of the Ruſſian Squadron, commanded by Admiral Elphinſton, had paſſed this Place; a third Squadron is hourly expected in theſe Seas, which conſiſts of about 24 Sail, including Frigates, Storeſhips, &c. The Ruſſians have now in the Levant about fifteen Sail of Line of Battle Ships, beſides a Number of Frigates, Bombs, &c. By the laſt Accounts, they were carrying every Thing before them, both by Sea and Land, having already conquered the greateſt Part of the Morea, and we apprehend will go nigh to reduce all the Iſlands in the Levant, belonging to the Porte, this Summer, although the Turks make a noble Defence, but muſt be overcome at laſt by the Greeks, who are very numerous, and have all revolted, and taken up Arms in Favour of the Ruſſians, ſo that there will be terrible Work among them, as it ſeems no Quarters are given on either Side. We have a Report in Town, that the French are actually fitting out their Fleet at Toulon, in order to aſſiſt the Turks, but this wants Confirmation; ſhould it prove true, a general Rupture muſt enſue, as we are by Treaty obliged to aſſiſt the Ruſſians.---About a Fortnight ago a Daniſh Squadron, conſiſting of four Ships of the Line, two Frigates, two Bombs, and three Storeſhips, put into this Bay, bound to Algiers, which*

Place they intend to bombard, in case the Dey refuses to come into their Terms, some of his Cruisers having lately seized and taken several Vessels of that Nation: However, we are of Opinion they will not come to Blows, but that Matters will be made up.---The Dutch have had a Squadron in these Seas for some Time past, being afraid of some of the Barbary Powers. The Swedes are likewise preparing a Squadron to send out to the Mediterranean, but with what View is not known.---The Emperor of Morocco has taken the Field at the Head of 40,000 Men, and a large Train of Artillery, and is now on his March towards Tetuan; many People imagine that he intends to attack Ceuta, which I should not be surprized at. The last Letters from Tunis mention, that the Dey of said Place had seized upon all the Greeks in his Dominions, and it was apprehended would put them all to the Sword, on Account of their having taking up Arms against his Friends the Turks."

PROVIDENCE, *Sept.* 22.

The Committee of Merchants here have received a Letter from the Merchants at Boston, proposing a general Meeting of Committees from the different Colonies, in order to consider and determine on some effectual Measures relative to the Non-importation Agreement.

NEWPORT, *Sept.* 24.

*We are assured, that among the Provincials at Castle William at the Time of its being b***ly delivered up, there was an old Soldier who had been there ever since he was 15 Years old, and as he understood fishing well, the Commissioners offered him 30 Dollars per Month to continue there, and catch Fish for them; which NOBLY DISDAINING, he shared the same Fate with the rest, of being turned out in a more ignominious Manner, than ever a French or Spanish Garrison was dismissed during last War.*

NEW-YORK, *October* 1.

Monday Captain Offat arrived here in 28 Days from Pensacola: The 18th Instant, in Lat. 36, Long. 73, he spoke with a Sloop from Antigua for Philadelphia, but as it blew hard at the Time, could not learn the Captain's Name.

The Duke of Cumberland, Captain Goodridge, on the 8th of September, in Lat. 39, Long. 51: 16, spoke a whaling Sloop, belonging to Nantucket, who had caught one Fish; 17th, in Lat. 38: 46, Long. 63, came past the Wreck of a Sloop, of about 80 or 90 Tons Burthen, with one End of her Mast lying on Deck, which had broke down the Gunwale to the Deck in its Fall. She had Ports, her Bowsprit standing, her Sail furled, and Square-sail-yard out on the Larboard Side, with the Sail, or Part of it, hauled close out; her Tiller playing, her Quarter-deck blown up, the Water washing over her Deck:------She had a pretty large Figure of a Man on her Stern, over which was the Trophies of War, painted on a faded blue Field; had four Cabbin Windows, and her Tafferel formed almost a Semicircle.

The Mail to go with the Duke of Cumberland Packet, Captain Goodridge, closes at the General Post-Office on Saturday next, and the Packet to sail the Day after, Wind and Weather permitting.

The SPEECH of his Excellency WILLIAM FRANKLIN, Esq; Captain General, Governor and Commander in Chief in and over the Colony of New-Jersey, and Territories thereon depending in America, Chancellor and Vice Admiral in the same, &c.

To the COUNCIL and GENERAL ASSEMBLY of the said Colony, in General Assembly convened at Perth-Amboy.

Gentlemen of the Council, and Gentlemen of the General Assembly,

SINCE the last Session, I have received his Majesty's Royal Disallowance of the Act, for striking One Hundred Thousand Pounds in Bills of Credit. The Grounds of this Disallowance will be explained to you, by the Report of the Board of Trade upon that Law. If, on Consideration, you shall be of Opinion, that a new Act may be so framed, as to obviate those Objections, and yet answer those salutary Purposes intended by the other, you may be assured it will give me Pleasure to be able to afford it my Concurrence; and that I will use all the Endeavours to obtain his Majesty's Confirmation of it, which may be in my Power.

Gentlemen of the General Assembly,

I HAVE only to request at present, that you would make due Provision for the Support of Government, and for the Supply of his Majesty's Troops stationed in this Province.

Gentlemen of the Council, and Gentlemen of the General Assembly,

THE Experience I have had of your good Dispositions, renders it unnecessary to recommend to you a Preservation of that Harmony and good Understanding, which is so beneficial to the Publick; I have therefore only to wish, that our mutual Endeavours to promote his Majesty's Service, and the Welfare of his Subjects in this Province, may be attended with Success equal to our Intentions.

WILLIAM FRANKLIN.

Council Chamber, Sept. 28, 1770.

PHILADELPHIA, *October* 4.

During the last Session of General Assembly, the following Laws were passed, viz.

1. *An ACT to continue the Act, entituled, "An Act for the Opening and better amending and keeping in Repair, the public Roads and Highways within this Province."*
2. *An ACT for regulating Waggoners, Carters, Draymen, and Porters, within the City of Philadelphia, and for other Purposes therein mentioned.*
3. *An ACT for the Regulation of Apprentices within this Province.*
4. *An ACT for the Support of the Government of this Province, and Payment of the public Debts.*

An ACT *to continue the Act, entituled,* "An Act for the opening and better amending and keeping in Repair the Public Roads and Highways within this Province."

WHEREAS an Act of General Assembly, entituled, "*An Act for the opening and better amending and keeping in Repair the Public Roads and Highways within this Province,*" passed in the Fifth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, hath been found, on Experience, to be of Public Utility. And whereas the said Act is near expiring, BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED, by the Honourable JOHN PENN, Esquire, Lieutenant-Governor, under the Honourable THOMAS PENN and RICHARD PENN, Esquires, true and absolute Proprietaries of the Province of *Pennsylvania*, and Counties of *New-Castle, Kent*, and *Sussex*, upon *Delaware*, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Representatives of the Freemen of the said Province, in General Assembly met, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act, and every Article, Clause, Matter, and Thing therein contained (the Clause of Limitation in the said Act only excepted) shall be and is hereby declared to be continued in full Force and Virtue from the Publication hereof, until the First Day of *December*, which shall be in the Year of our Lord *One Thousand Seven Hundred* and *Seventy-one*, and from thence to the End of the next Sitting of Assembly, and no longer.

Monday last being the Anniversary Election throughout this Province for Representatives, Sheriffs, &c. the following Gentlemen were chosen, viz.

Philadelphia County. Representatives, Michael Hillegas, Rowland Evans, Henry Pawling, Joseph Fox, Israel Jacobs, Thomas Livezey, Joseph Parker, Samuel Rhoads. *Sheriffs*, Judah Foulke, John Biddle. *Coroners*, Caleb Cash, John Lukens. *Commissioner*, Samuel Miles. *Assessors*, Jacob Umstead, John Knorr, Abraham Lukens, Peter Dehaven, Benjamin Marshall, Samuel Massey.

Philadelphia City. Burgesses, John Dickinson, Abel James. *Street Commissioners*, James Stephens, John Drinker. *Wardens*, Moore Furman, David Evans. *Assessors*, George Morrison, Joseph Moulder, Robert Tuckness, Jonathan Shoemaker, Joseph Shewell, Joseph Allen.

Chester County. Representatives, Charles Humphreys, Isaac Pearson, John Minshall, John Morton, John Jacobs, John Crosby, George Ashbridge, John Sellers. *Sheriffs*, Jesse Maris, Henry Hayes. *Coroners*, Joseph Gibbons, John Bryan. *Commissioner*, Jesse Bonsall. *Assessors*, Michael Cypher, John Fleming, Thomas Taylor, Samuel Miller, Thomas Levis, Anthony Wayne.

[*The Remainder of the Elections will be in our next.*]

On Tuesday last, at a Meeting of the COMMON COUNCIL, SAMUEL SHOEMAKER, Esq; was re-elected Mayor of this City for the ensuing Year; Messieurs JAMES ALLEN, WILLIAM FISHER, and JOSHUA HOWELL, were made Aldermen; and Messieurs JOSEPH SHIPPEN, junior, JOHN CADWALLADER, SAMUEL POWEL, ALEXANDER WILCOCKS, STEPHEN CARMICK, and PETER CHEVALIER, Common Council Men.

Captain Robison, from Lisbon, informs, that Advice was received there, that the Danes had bombarded Algiers, and destroyed all the Forts.---On the 15th ult. in Lat. 37: 23. Long. 57: 44, he spoke the Ship Lord Clive, Captain Murray, from Hull for Virginia, 47 Days out; and the 23d, in Lat. 38: 11, Long. 69: 41, he spoke a Ship, Captain Newin, from Glasgow for Virginia, out 7 Weeks, all well.

Captain White, from Lisbon, on the 26th of last Month, spoke the Ship Bell, Captain Spier, from Glasgow for Virginia, 9 Weeks out; and the next Day, in Long. 70, he spoke a Sloop from New-London for Jamaica, with Horses on board, 8 Days out, all well.

ARRIVALS.

From Philadelphia. Captains Montgomery, Miller, Sutton, and Leech, at Lisbon; Patterson, and Stewart, at Madeira; and the Captains Allison, and Sibbald, at Jamaica.

Captain Allen, of this Port, is arrived at Lisbon, from Maryland.

By the HONOURABLE

JOHN PENN, Esquire,

Lieutenant-Governor and Commander in Chief of the Province of *Pennsylvania*, and Counties of *New-Castle, Kent* and *Sussex*, on *Delaware*,

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS Information hath been made to me that, in the Night of the Fourteenth Day of *July* last, a certain *Isaac Meyer* was grievously and mortally wounded by some Person unknown, who wilfully and maliciously shot him in the Neck, while he was sitting in the House of *Henry Buch*, in *Heidelberg* Township, in the County of *Lancaster*, of which mortal Wound the said *Meyer* died on the Day following. AND WHEREAS it is of the greatest Importance to the Safety and Well-being of His Majesty's liege Subjects, that the Authors of such inhuman and atrocious Crimes should be detected, and brought to condign and exemplary Punishment: AND WHEREAS all Endeavours, hitherto used, for discovering the Author and Perpetrator, or Perpetrators, of the above-mentioned villainous Murder, have proved ineffectual; I HAVE thought fit, by and with the Advice of the Council, to issue this my Proclamation, hereby strictly enjoining and requiring all Judges, Justices, Sheriffs, Constables, and other Officers, as well as all other His Majesty's Subjects, within this Province, to make diligent Search and Enquiry after the Author, Perpetrator and Perpetrators of the said Murder; AND, as an Encouragement for the discovering and bringing the Offender, or Offenders, to Justice, I DO hereby promise the public Reward of ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, to be paid to any Person, or Persons, who shall discover, apprehend and secure him, or them, so that he, or they, be prosecuted to Conviction, according to due Course of Law.

GIVEN under my Hand, and the Great Seal of the said Province, at Philadelphia, *the First Day of* October, *in the Tenth Year of his Majesty's Reign, and in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Seven Hundred and Seventy.*

JOHN PENN.

By His Honour's Command,
JOSEPH SHIPPEN, jun. Secretary.

GOD Save the KING.

By the HONOURABLE

JOHN PENN, Esquire,

Lieutenant-Governor and Commander in Chief of the Province of *Pennsylvania*, and Counties of *New-Castle, Kent*, and *Sussex*, on *Delaware*,

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it appears, by the Deposition of John Philip De Haas, Esq; one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of *Lancaster*, that a certain LAZARUS STEWART, who, among others, stands charged with the Crime of Arson, was, on the 15th Day of last Month, legally apprehended for the same, in Virtue of a Warrant issued for that Purpose by one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of this Province: AND WHEREAS the said *Stewart*, in Defiance of all Law and Authority, did, on the same Day, with the Assistance of a Number of lawless People who joined him, rescue himself from the Custody of the Constable, who arrested him, and not only beat the Constable with great Severity, but abused and threatened the said De Haas, in the Execution of his Office, as a Justice of the Peace, in the most insolent Manner: AND WHEREAS it is highly expedient for the Preservation of the public Peace, and enforcing a due Execution of the Laws, that the said *Lazarus Stewart* should be brought to Justice, as well for the Crime for which he was arrested, as for the daring Insult and Contempt he has shewn to the Authority of Government; I HAVE therefore, by and with the Advice of Council, thought fit to issue this Proclamation, hereby strictly charging and commanding all Judges, Justices, Sheriffs, Constables, and other Officers, as well as all other His Majesty's Subjects, within this Government, to make diligent Search and Enquiry after the said *Lazarus Stewart*, and to use all lawful Means for apprehending, securing and bringing him to Justice; AND, as an Encouragement for that Purpose, I DO hereby promise and engage, that the public Reward of FIFTY POUNDS shall be paid to any Person or Persons, who shall apprehend and secure the said *Lazarus Stewart*, in one of the public Goals of this Province, so that he may be brought to his Trial, and proceeded against according to Law.

GIVEN under my Hand, and the Great Seal of the said Province, at Philadelphia, *the Third Day of* October, *in the Tenth Year of his Majesty's Reign, and in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Seven Hundred and Seventy.*

JOHN PENN.

By His Honour's Command,
JOSEPH SHIPPEN, jun. Secretary.

GOD Save the KING.

THERE is now constructed by JOHN CLAYTON, of this City, the Model of a simple but curious Machine, for the separating Wheat and other Grain from the Straw, of his own inventing, which said Model proves to Demonstration, that when it is erected in its full Extent, the Expence of which will not exceed from Twelve to Twenty Pounds, according to the Size of which it may be constructed, will enable the Farmer to thresh his Wheat at very near, if not quite, as little Labour and Expence as he could put it in Stack for; this Machine can be erected out of Doors as well as in a House, and is capable of being taken down when done with for the Season, and put under Cover till the next Year, and then set up with very little Trouble in any other Part of the Farm, where it shall be most convenient for its Use. The Use of which will render Barns by far less necessary than they are at present, and it is hoped that the several legislative Bodies of the Governments where the Soil and Climate are adapted to the raising that necessary and valuable Grain, will give the Inventor proper Encouragement to erect one in its full Extent in each of them; he has already made Application to the Governments of Pennsylvania and Maryland, where he hopes to meet with Success, and proposes to apply to those of New-York, New-Jersey, Virginia, and the Lower Counties, upon Delaware. This Machine, if kept from the Weather, will not wear out by doing the Work of almost any one Farm in 100 Years, except a very small Part of it, which can be repaired by any Servant.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Schooner Amelia, W. Ivory, from Virgina. Brig Sally, J. Thompson, Antigua. Sloop Bentham, J. Forster, Sloop Dispatch, H. Hoskins, Schooner Ruby, J. Bakehouse, Schooner Neptune, R. Ashton, Sloop Charming Polly, E. Hanson, N. Carolina. Sloop Polly, W. Turnell, Piscataqua. Schooner Ranger, A. Mansfield, Salem, N. E. Brig Calypso, J. Caton, Hispaniola. Brig Georgia Packet, J. Souder, Georgia. Schooner St. Nicholas, E. Reed, Brig George, G. Thompson, and Brig Polly, S. Young, Jamaica. Sloop Success, S. Bush, and Sloop Sally, P. Johnson, S. Carolina. Brig Harmony, T. Rodgers, Barbados. Sloop Betsy, R. Savadge, New-Providence. Snow Nancy, S. Crocker, Bristol. Ship Catherine, A. Henderson, Ship Nancy and Sukey, J. Robinson, Snow Elizabeth, I. Ali, and Snow Britannia, R. Eyres, Lisbon. Sloop Charlotte, J. Lyle, New-York. Ship Francis and Elizabeth, W. Mullowney, Gibraltar. Sloop Ann, W. Robinson, Halifax. Schooner Nancy, T. Whitelock, Coracoa. Ship Minerva, T. Arnot, Cowes. Ship Pennsylvania Packet, R. Gill, from London and N. Castle, on Tyne.

OUTWARDS. Schooner Neptune, R. Ashton, for N. Carolina. Brig Philadelphia, G. Gibbs, and Schooner Unity, W. Carlisle, Barbados. Sloop Sally, J. Blewer, S. Carolina. Schooner Amelia, W. Ivory, Virginia. Brig James, T. White, jun. St. Croix. Schooner Ranger, A. Mansfield, for Salem, N. England.

CLEARED. Sloop Molly, J. Chapman, to Boston. Ship Sally, G. Berwick, Cadiz. Sloop Ranger, S. Prudden, N. Providence. Brig Thomas, J. Lake, Jamaica. Sloop Elizabeth, J. Smith, St. Vincent. Ship London Packet, J. Cooke, London. Schooner Mary, W. Alexander, Nevis. Sloop Delight, T. Newson, N. London. Schooner Betsy, H. Styles, North-Carolina. Schooner Betsy, J. Smith, Antigua. Sloop William's Relief, C. Place, to Grenades.

To be SOLD, by

JOHN DUNLAP,

At the Newest Printing-Office, in Market-street, Philadelphia,

A large Quantity of WRITING PAPER.

Also a Variety of valuable BOOKS, among which are a few COPIES of

ROBERTSON's History of the Reign of the Emperor of Germany, CHARLES the Fifth.

To be SOLD, by

PETER TURNER, junior,

At his Warehouse, on the South-side of Market-street, the fourth Door above the London Coffee-House, a Variety of European and East-India Goods, which he will dispose of on very low Terms, for Cash, or short Credit; among which are,

A Fresh and compleat Assortment of the BEST, SUPERFINE, MIDDLING & COARSE BOULTING-CLOTHS, allowed to exceed any ever yet imported to America; where Millers and others may depend on being supplied with all Sorts of Cloths, suitable for every Branch of the Business, and at a moderate Rate.----------Allowance will be made to those, who may want a Quantity.

BOULTING-CLOTHS, and Cologne mill-stones, just imported, and to be sold on the lowest terms, by ROBERT and NATHANIEL LEWIS, at their store, near the Drawbridge, Philadelphia. Those who are unacquainted with the different kinds of boulting-cloths, may depend on having those of the best quality, with directions, in what manner to fix them to the most advantage.

They have a copper still, which will contain about 75 gallons, to dispose of, on reasonable terms. *October* 1, 1770.

To ALL, whom it may CONCERN.

WHEREAS the subscriber, JOHN HUTCHIN, late of Mansfield, in the county of Burlington, by losses in trade, and other misfortunes, was under the necessity of calling his creditors together, and making an assignment of his estate to certain trustees, for the benefit of all his creditors, which has been done with justice and truth: Notwithstanding, some of his creditors have threatened, and others have commenced actions against him, which can terminate in no advantage to them, but utter ruin to the subscriber, and his numerous family, as he has no property, but what he has assigned and held liable to his trustees, for the uses aforesaid; therefore he is under the disagreeable necessity of applying to the Governor, Council, and General Assembly of New-Jersey, at their session, now sitting at Perth-Amboy, for a law to exempt his person from confinement; nevertheless holding himself liable to the payment of his just debts, whenever in his power, which he shall industriously endeavour for. ¶

Burlington, Sept. 20, 1770. JOHN HUTCHIN.

WAS LOST, about the Middle of August last, on the Road, between Chester and Mr. Bryan's, at the White Horse Tavern, a large BLACK VELVET CLOAK, trimmed with Squirrel Skin. Whoever has found the same, and will bring it to the PRINTERS hereof, shall receive TEN SHILLINGS Reward.

N. B. If such a Cloak should be offered for Sale by any suspicious Person, the Person it is offered to is desired to stop it, or give Information where it may be had, and they shall have the above Reward. ‡

ON Monday, the 15th of October instant, will be opened an EVENING SCHOOL, in Cedar-street, between Front and Water-streets, where will be taught Writing, Arithmetic, Navigation, and other useful Branches of the Mathematics, by DAVID ELLISON. ‡

WAS taken up, the 29th day of September, 1770, at the house of Michael Berndoller, at Chestnut-Hill, in Germantown township, Philadelphia county, a roan Horse, about 14 hands high, branded D. O, with a star in his forehead, and one white foot. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away.

‡ MICHAEL BERNDOLLER.

TEN DOLLARS Reward,

RAN away, last Night, from the Subscriber, living in Birmingham Township, Chester County, an Irish Servant Man, named DENNIS M'GEE, about 24 Years of Age, 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, of a dark Complexion, wears his own black curled Hair, grey eyed, marked with the Small-pox, a Blacksmith by Trade: Had on when he went away, a light coloured Cloth Jacket, with slash Sleeves, old Shirt and Trowsers, but perhaps may change his Apparel; he wore a remarkable Felt Hat, with white Silk Looping; and took with him a dark brown Horse, near 14 Hands high, about 12 Years old, has neither Brand nor Ear-mark, shod all round. Whoever takes up said Servant and Horse, and secures the Horse for the Owner, and the Servant in any of his Majesty's Goals, so that he may get them again, shall have the above Reward, or Six Dollars for the Servant, and Four for the Horse, paid by

Sept. 28, 1770. AMOR CHANDLER. §

For BRISTOL,

The Brig HARMONY,

THOMAS RODGERS, Master,

CEDAR built, and a prime Sailer, having one Half of her Cargoe ready to go on board, and is expected to sail in twenty Days. For Freight or Passage, apply to the said Master, at the London Coffee-House, or to STOCKER & WHARTON.

For LONDONDERRY,

The Brig SALLY,

JOHN THOMPSON, Master,

HAS good Accommodations for PASSENGERS, and will be clear to sail by the 15th Instant. For PASSAGE, apply to said MASTER on board, at the South-side of Market-street Wharf, or to WILLIAM & ANDREW CALDWELL.

To be SOLD, at Baltimore-Town, in Maryland,

A LOT of GROUND, 50 feet front, and about 60 feet deep, in a convenient part of the town for trade, whereon is erected a 3 story brick house, with a stone cellar under it, also a brick kitchen, now occupied by James Christie, Merchant, who, by a verbal agreement, is to hold the same until the 4th day of May next, as a tenant under the subscribers, who will attend at Little's tavern, near the premises, on the 10th day of October inst. in order to make the terms known, and endeavour to agree with those who may incline to purchase the same.

ROBERT and RICHARD HOLLIDAY,
DANIEL DINGEE. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

TWO hearty likely Negroe MEN, one of them is very suitable for any kind of laborious work, and the other is so handy, as to be capable of doing almost any kind of business that a servant is generally employed in, particularly about a house, attending a gentleman, or keeping horses; he is a well built fellow, and speaks good English; they are sold for no fault, only not agreeing with the foreman of the business they are at present employed in. Enquire of the Printers, who will direct where they may be seen.

To be SOLD by public vendue, on the 7th day of the week, the 20th day of October next, at the sign of Pitt, the house of Alice M'Calla, in Front-street, Philadelphia, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, to the highest bidder, by virtue of the last will and testament of Samuel Bonnell, late of the said city, Blacksmith, deceased,

A VALUABLE plantation, and tract of land, situate in the township of Waterford, in the county of Gloucester, in the western division of the province of New-Jersey, containing 130 acres and an half, and the usual allowance for highways, bounded by the lands of John Shivers, and Francis Bonnell, now in the tenure of Benjamin Archer, with a good frame dwelling-house and barn thereon; also a convenient stream of water, whereon may be erected a fulling-mill or grist-mill, situate on the north side of Cooper's creek, and within 4 miles of the city of Philadelphia, where garden truck may be raised in great plenty, and brought to Philadelphia market by water. There are about 17 acres of choice good meadow, part whereof is under good bank. The upland is good in kind; about 50 acres cleared, and the rest good woodland, and very well watered.

Also a convenient well finished three story brick messuage, and lot of ground, situate on the bank of the river Delaware, between Sassafras and Vine-streets, in the city of Philadelphia, now in the tenure of the Widow White, containing in breadth, on Front-street and Water-street, 15 feet, and in length about 40 feet, subject to the Proprietaries thirds of One Shilling sterling per foot in breadth per annum, and also the sum of Forty-five Shillings Sterling per annum groundrent.

Also two convenient two story brick messuages, and lots of ground, situate on the south side of Vine-street, between Front and Second-streets, in the said city, each containing in breadth, on Vine-street, 25 feet, and in length or depth 51 feet, now in the tenure of Henry Pugh, and Captain Scott, and rents for 26 l. per annum each.

And also a lot of ground, situate on the south westerly side of Warren-street, in Kensington, in the Northern Liberties of the said city, containing in breadth, on said Warren-street, 60 feet, and in length or depth, 60 feet. Those persons becoming purchasers, paying one third part of the purchase money, at the signing of the deed, may have time for payment of the remainder, giving security, and paying interest, if required. The titles are indisputable. Attendance will be given by us, the subscribers, SARAH BONNELL, executrix, THOMAS BONNELL, PETER THOMSON, executors.

Reading, September 22, 1770.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Monday, the 22d day of October next, at 10 o' clock in the forenoon, at the house of Captain Hunter, in Fort Augusta, a certain tract of land, situate in or near Buffeloe Valley, in the new Indian purchase, in Berks county, adjoining lands of Mr. Patterson and John Elliot, containing 300 acres, or thereabouts, with the appurtenances; late the estate of William M'Mean; seized and taken in execution by

¶ JACOB SHOEMAKER, Sheriff.

Reading, September 22, 1770.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Monday, the 22d day of October next, at 12 o' clock, at the house of Captain Hunter, in Fort Augusta, in Berks county, a certain tract of land, situate on the river Susquehanna, near Weiser's Island, within the said county, adjoining lands of Abraham Hase, and others, containing 130 acres, or thereabouts, with the appurtenances; late the estate of George Gabriel; seized and taken in execution by

¶ JACOB SHOMAKER, Sheriff.

Reading, September 22, 1770.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Monday, the 22d day of October next, at 2 o' clock in the afternoon, at the house of Captain Hunter, in Fort Augusta, in Berks county, a certain tract of about 616 acres of land, adjoining the lands of Major De Haas, Captain Keen, Doctor Plunkett, and Captain Limes, in Buffeloe Valley, in the said county, within the new Indian purchase; late the estate of John Brady, with the appurtenances; seized and taken in execution by JACOB SHOEMAKER, Sheriff. §

Williamsburg, Virginia, Sept. 8, 1770.

For Sale, or to be rented, for a Term of Years, and to be entered on immediately,

THE Capital Prize in Col. Byrd's lottery, consisting of a double forge and grist-mill, convenient to several towns, with two acres and a half of land adjoining; the use of the landing, the canal, which affords a never failing stream, with 10 feet on each side, and 2000 acres of land, the farthest part of which is not more than two miles from the forge, beautifully situated on the Falls of James River, and convenient to several towns; all the works were built in the year 1765, and are now in good repair. The mill has been well accustomed these 60 years past, and is worth at least 200 l. per year. This land is estimated to be as good as any high land on James River, and is extremely well timbered, not above 150 acres of it having been cleared, which renders it still more valuable. If not sold privately between this time, and the 5th of November next, it will then be exposed to public sale, before the Rawleigh Tavern. The terms, which will be reasonable, any person may be acquainted with in the mean time, by applying to me in Williamsburg, or directing a line for me, to be left at the post-office, and the land and works viewed at any time, by applying to Mr. THOMAS BOWIN, who resides upon the premises. HENRY MORSE.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN from the subscriber, living in Middletown township, Chester county, on the 26th day of September last, a SILVER WATCH, with a silver face, maker's name Kover, No. 10,093 on the face; likewise a pair of silver knee buckles, of an oval form, carved with diamonds; also a pair of old silver socket sleeve buttons; supposed to be stolen by a certain Edward Godfrey, a short thin faced fellow, appears to be about 20 years of age; he has lived some time with me; had on, and took with him, when he went away, a brown cloth coat, red and white striped cotton and linen jacket, ticken trowsers, two pair of shoes, one neats leather, and the other calf-skin, and a pair of carved silver shoe buckles. Whoever secures said thief, and goods, so that they may be had again, and the thief be brought to justice, shall have the above reward, or Thirty Shillings for either the thief or goods, and reasonable charges, paid by

¶ NICHOLAS FAIRLAMB.

STRAYED or stolen the 6th day of September last, from the subscriber, living at the upper end of Arch-street, a bay HORSE, about 14 hands high, trots altogether, a black mane and tail, three years old last spring, marked with the letter M on his near shoulder, has a dark stroke along his back, shod before only. Whoever brings the said horse to the subscriber, or discovers the thief, if stolen, shall have Forty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by MARTIN WALL. ¶

Trenton Ferry, Tavern and premises,

TO be LETT, long remarkable as a fine stand for business, commanding, from its agreeable situation on the river Delaware, and near Trenton; the great abundance of delicate fish in the summer season; the resort of genteel company for this sport; and as lying on the high road between New-York and Philadelphia (the latter only 30 miles distance) the most inviting prospect of business that any public place affords, exclusive of the Ferry, and many other advantages, not necessary to enumerate.

The proprietor has nearly compleated an intire new Wharff, for the accommodation of the Ferry, and intends immediately to put the Tavern-house and other buildings into full repair, so as to render the whole perfectly commodious and convenient---An advantageous lease will be given, and the premises may be entered upon by the middle of November next.

Any active and obliging man, with a capital or interest, to command a neat stock of liquors, &c. so as to keep up the Tavern with proper reputation and attention, will find it much to his interest to engage this lease----No other need apply.---For further particulars and terms, enquire of the subscriber, proprietor of the estate, living in Trenton.

September 26, 1770. DANIEL COXE.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE merchant mill, with two pair of stones, two boulting-cloths, and every other implement for carrying on the merchant business, together with a good saw-mill, very convenient.---On the premises are a small young orchard, a good commodious still-house, dwelling-house, and stables, &c. some meadow made, and more to make;---the mills are in good order, and may be entered on this fall, or next spring;---the whole situate, lying and being in Baltimore county, province of Maryland, within two miles of the lower cross, and within four miles of Bush-Town landing, in the heart of an excellent part of the county for wheat.---Terms of sale may be known, by applying to Mr. *Andrew Cunningham*, on the premises, or the subscriber, at the lower cross roads, son of the Reverend *Andrew Bay*, of *Albany*, who is impowered to sell the same.

‡ ELIHU HALL BAY.

The mills will be rented for a term of years, if not sold.

RUN away, from the Subscriber, living in Radnor Township, Chester County, on the 24th of September last, a Negroe Man, named JACK, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, a well set Fellow, and about 27 Years of Age; Had on, a half-worn Felt Hat, brown homespun Cloth Jacket, with Pewter Buttons, and an under Ditto of the same, and Tow Shirt and Trowsers. Whoever takes up and secures said Negroe, so that his Master may have him again, shall have THIRTY SHILLINGS Reward, paid by ¶ JOHN MORGAN.

Bucks County, September 14, 1770.

To be sold, by Order of the Orphan's Court, at public Vendue, on Monday, the 29th of October next,

SEVENTY Acres of LAND, Part of the real Estate of *John Ewer*, deceased, about 20 Acres of which cleared, and under good Fence, the Remainder good Woodland; some Meadow may be easily made; it is situate in the Township of Warwick, adjoining Lands of William Rodman, and John Grier; The Vendue to be held on the Premises, and to begin at Ten o' Clock in the Forenoon, when the Conditions of Sale will be made known, by ¶ BILAH EWER, Administratrix.

ABSCONDED from his Bail, a certain ROBERT DAVIDSON, about 22 Years of Age, 5 Feet 8 or 10 Inches high, slim made, sandy Complexion, pretty much stoop shouldered, and has a Lump on one of his Ankles; had on, when he went away, an Ash coloured Homespun Coat, a striped Jacket, and brown Breeches. Whoever takes up and secures said Runaway, in any of the Goals of this Province, shall have a Reward of *Fifteen Shillings*, paid by either of us, the Subscribers, living in Horsham Township, Philadelphia County. ¶

WILLIAM DAVIDSON.
September 28, 1770. WILLIAM BYRNEY.

ANNA MARGARET WINSH, who married John Usbeck, or Reinbeck, and lives somewhere in New-Jersey, is desired to call on the Subscriber, living in Manor Township, Lancaster County, and receive a Sum of Money, left her by her Brother, Ulrick Winsh, deceased.

‡ CHRISTIAN BOUGHMAN.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, in Minalen township, York county, near Posom creek, an iron grey MARE, about 14 hands high, 4 years old, a natural pacer, has no brand nor ear-mark. The owner may have her again, on proving his property, and paying reasonable charges, from me

August 8, 1770. JOHN BLACKEY. §

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

WAS STOLEN, on Saturday night, the 22d of September, 1770, out of a waggon, on Lancaster road, at the Sign of the Black Horse, a small BOX, containing four beaver hats, two of which was made by William Jenkins, one a small ruff hat, the other a small hat, with a short nap, both lined with brown linen, two ditto made by Robert Smith, one a woman's ruff riding hat, with silver trimmings, the other a man's ruff hat, both lined with green silk. Whoever apprehends said thief or thieves, so that he or they may be brought to justice, and the owners receive their property again, shall have the above reward, or Forty Shillings for the hats only, paid by *Valentine Grantz*, Waggoner, or *Robert Smith*, and *William Jenkins*. ¶

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

Living near the premises,

A PLANTATION situate in New-Castle county, opposite to the lower end of Reedy-Island, it contains 130 acres of upland, 40 acres of excellent drained meadow, and 100 acres of very good wild or undrained marsh, which may also be very easily drained, it is a noted place, having been many years past the dwelling place of the subscriber, the meadows are in very good order, the banks under good regulations, and the upland well manured, and very fertile, and the situation for either selling of stock, grazing of cattle, or keeping a public house, equal, if not better than any adjacent to the island, being right opposite to the road, where the shipping always ride, and adjoining Augustine Creek, where the boats choose to land. The terms of payment will be made easy. Any person inclining to purchase, may apply to CORNELIUS CARTY.

N. B. The place now rents for upwards of 70 l. a year. ¶

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, living about 10 miles from Baltimore-Town, in Maryland, an English servant man, named GEORGE ADAMS, about 35 years of age, 5 feet 10 inches high, pitted with the small-pox, has black hair and beard, a scar on his upper lip, is remarkably pleasant, and smiles when talking; had on, when he went away, an old felt hat, a brown great coat, without a cape, with metal buttons, a blue-grey fearnought jacket, without sleeves, ozenbrigs shirt and trowsers. He likewise took away with him a bay HORSE, with a blaze face, about 14 hands high, has a standing mane, a natural pacer, and shod before. Whoever takes up said man and horse, and secures them, so that their master gets them again, shall have, if in the county, Forty Shillings; if out of the county, Three Pounds; if out of the province, the above reward; and in proportion for either, with reasonable charges, if brought home, paid by NICHOLAS BRITTON. ‖

To be SOLD by THOMAS ANDERTON,

Bookseller, in Market-street, Philadelphia,

THE celebrated Doctor TISSOTT's tincture for effectually curing the ague and fever, without the least pain or sickness. It is enough to recommend this sovereign and efficacious medicine to the notice of the public, to say it truly was the Doctor's own prescription, and what he constantly made use of in his private practice, for the cure of the ague and fever; for it is indeed like a God in medicine. The same remedy is now generously offered the afflicted, by a gentleman of liberal education, who obtained his medical knowledge and degrees in Europe, and when on his extensive travels in that quarter, the West-Indies, and in some parts of America, always made use of it, and never to his knowledge knew an instance of it failing to perform a cure. It is not wholly confined to the disease already specified in all its alarming circumstances; but likewise to that tedious disorder, called the dumb-ague, which it totally overcomes and vanquishes, and it is no matter whether the fit returns every day, every other day, or every third day----Three doses of this noble medicine effects the cure---In the hooping-cough among children, it has not an equal in the whole materia medica.

Lancaster, September 25, 1770.

WHEREAS, in the month of April or May last, one Ann Bowman, wife to Michael Bowman, of Manheim township, fraudulently obtained from me, the subscriber, a deed of gift, and a bond, conditioned for the payment of 300 l. lawful money of Pennsylvania, on the first day of August last past. And whereas I, about the said months, besides the above deed, and the said bond, did assign unto her sundry bonds, for sundry sums, owing to me by one John Gring, amounting to 300 l. and upwards. The public are hereby desired to take notice hereof, and all persons warned not to take an assignment of either of the same. JOHN KREBIL.

N. B. The said Ann, being last year eloped from her said husband, telling me she was a widow, and nearly contracted in marriage with me, upon condition as aforesaid; and she, at the same time, did give me writings, from under her hand and seal, that in case her said husband was not dead, that then the above deed and bond aforesaid shall be void, and said bonds, which I have assigned unto her as aforesaid, to return unto me again, but which said writings she soon after stole from me, and made her escape. ¶

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, living in Barwick township, York county, on the 20th day of May last, a light grey HORSE, about 12 years old, no brand nor ear-mark visible, a natural trotter. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away.

¶ FREDERICK KUHN.

TO BE SOLD,

By way of public vendue, on Friday, the 23d day of November next, on the premises,

A VALUABLE plantation or tract of land, containing 180 acres, situated in Chester county, Pennsborough township, late the property of John Clark, deceased; bounded by lands of Samuel Grub, Thomas Gibson, &c. about 100 acres of said land are cleared, and under good fence, about 20 acres of good meadow, and more may be made, and watered, with very little cost, two very good apple-orchards, of 50 or 60 good bearing trees in each orchard; there are on said plantation, two good houses, two very good barns, and stabling plenty, a good spring, very handy to the house, and a very good stone house over it. Any person inclining to purchase, may know the terms, by applying to Mary Clark, on said premises, or to John Clark, Hatter, in Wilmington.

N. B. All PERSONS *indebted to said ESTATE, are desired to make speedy payment; and all those who have any demands against the said estate, are requested to bring in their accounts, that they may be settled, as the law directs, by* MARY CLARK, *and* JOHN CLARK, *junior, Execut.* ‖ 4 W.

Baltimore Town, Maryland, August 7, 1770.

RUN away from the subscriber, in Baltimore Town, on the 5th instant, at night, an Irish servant man, named DENNIS ROYNANE, middle size, full face, ruddy complexion, thick lips, marked with the small-pox, and speaks much in the Irish dialect: Had on, and took with him, a blue sailor jacket, old hair a short cut wig, one check, and one ozenbrigs shirt, ozenbrigs trowsers, shoes and stockings, and some other clothes, not known. It is likely he will pretend to pass for a sailor. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him in any goal, so that his master may have him again, shall have THREE POUNDS *reward, and if brought home* FIVE POUNDS, *including what the law allows, paid by* MARK ALEXANDER. ¶ 7 W.

Maryland, September 10, 1770.

TO BE SOLD,

ONE undivided third part of the Northampton iron furnace, together with the stock in partnership thereto belonging, consisting of lands, servants, teams, &c. &c. the said furnace, casting-house, bridge, and wheel-houses, are all built of stone, in the best and neatest manner, and on a never-failing stream of water, 11 miles distance from Baltimore-Town, in Baltimore county, province of Maryland, and on the best road leading to said town; the lands are well wooded, and abound in iron ore, which is very convenient to said furnace, and is of the best and richest qualities, and yields such plenty, that I believe no furnace on the continent makes more metal while in blast; on the said land, all round the furnace, are also plenty of lime-stone, which is made use of for flux; the furnace is now heating, and will be in blast in a few days; there is already provided, and at the furnace, a very fine stock of ore and coals, and growing upon the lands, as much Indian corn, as, I suppose, may supply the furnace for 12 months; at the said furnace is a good coal-house, and all other convenient houses, in good repair; the purchaser shall be put into possession immediately, and such time given for the payment of the purchase-money, that may make it very easy to the purchaser, he giving bond upon interest, with security, if required. Any person inclinable to purchase, will be pleased to apply to the subscriber, near Baltimore-Town, in said province.

T. b. c. t. f. JOHN RIDGELY.

WE, the subscribers, being appointed auditors, by the Court of Common Pleas, for the county of Lancaster, to settle and adjust the Accounts of Robert Eachus, late of the Borough of Lancaster, Inn-keeper, and the shares or proportions of the creditors of the said Robert, of and in his whole estate, on the attachment issued against him; do hereby give notice to the several creditors of the said Robert Eachus, that they attend at the dwelling-house of Christopher Breidenhard, in Lancaster, on Monday, the 5th day of November next, to prove their respective demands, that a settlement of their respective shares may be made, agreeable to law, and the rule of the court aforesaid. Witness our hands, at Lancaster, this 13th day of September, 1770. JOHN HOPSON, MICHAEL HUBLEY, WILLIAM BOWSMAN. ¶

PETER MIERCKEN, SUGAR-REFINER,

HEREBY acquaints the Public in general, and his Friends in particular, That he is removed from Second-street, to Society-Hill, into the Sugar-House in Shippen-street, between Second and Third-streets; where he continues to carry on the Sugar-refining Business, and sells Loaf, Lumps, and Muscovado Sugars, Sugar-candy, and Melasses, at the most reasonable Prices. He will be obliged to those who will please to favour him with their Custom. ¶

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

October 11, 1770. NUMB. 2181.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

An ACT *for regulating Waggoners, Carters, Draymen and Porters, within the City of* Philadelphia, *and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.*

WHEREAS many Inconveniences and Obſtructions have ariſen to the Trade and Commerce of the City of *Philadelphia*, and great Extortion and Injuſtice been done the Merchants and Traders thereof, and other Perſons within the ſame, for Want of a due and proper Regulation of the Waggoners, Carters, Draymen and Porters, within the ſaid City, and for Want of a juſt Limitation of the Price and Value of the Portage, Carriage and other Labour and Service of the ſaid Waggoners, Carters, Draymen and Porters, in their reſpective Occupations, within the ſaid City.

AND WHEREAS the Regulations lately made by the Act of General Aſſembly, paſſed in the firſt Year of His preſent Majeſty's Reign, entituled, "*An Act for the regulating Waggoners, Carters, Draymen and Porters, within the City of* Philadelphia, *and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned*," have been found, on Experience, to have remedied the Inconveniences and Miſchiefs aforeſaid, which ſaid Act is now expired; BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED, by the Honourable JOHN PENN, Eſq; Lieutenant-Governor, under the Honourable THOMAS PENN, and RICHARD PENN, Eſquires, true and abſolute Proprietaries of the Province of *Pennſylvania*, and Counties of *New-Caſtle*, *Kent*, and *Suſſex*, upon *Delaware*, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Repreſentatives of the Freemen of the ſaid Province, in General Aſſembly met, and by the Authority of the ſame, That no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, from and after the Firſt Day of *November* next, after the Publication of this Act, ſhall follow the Employ, Buſineſs or Occupation of a Waggoner, Carter, Drayman or Porter, within the City of *Philadelphia*, without having firſt made Application to the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Seſſions of the Peace for the ſaid City of *Philadelphia*, and regiſtered, or cauſe to be regiſtered, his or their Name and Names, and cauſed, or procured, his or their Carriage or Carriages, intended by him or them to be uſed in the ſaid Buſineſs, to be numbered in a Book by him the ſaid Clerk to be kept for that Purpoſe, and without procuring and receiving from the ſaid Clerk a Certificate of ſuch Regiſtry, containing the Number of his or their reſpective Carriage or Carriages, under the Penalty of *Five Shillings* for every Day he ſhall ſo follow the ſaid Buſineſs; which ſaid Certificate the ſaid Clerk is hereby enjoined and required to make out in Writing under his Hand, and to deliver to the Perſon who ſhall apply for the ſame; for which Regiſtry and Certificate he ſhall receive the Sum of *Two Shillings*, and no more; Provided always, that nothing herein before contained ſhall extend to Carriers and others reſiding in the Country, and bringing or carrying their Effects to or from the City; or to any Perſon or Perſons keeping or employing any ſuch Carriages for their own Uſe only.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Waggoner, Carter, Drayman and Porter, following the Buſineſs aforeſaid within the ſaid City, ſhall number, or cauſe to be numbered, their ſeveral and reſpective Carriages, on the Outſide of each Shaft, with the ſame Figures and Numbers as ſhall be ſo as aforeſaid entered in the ſaid Book, and contained in his or their reſpective Certificates, and none other, in large Figures, not leſs than two Inches in Length, to be made of good ſtrong durable Tin or Copper; and that all and every ſuch Waggoner, Carter, Drayman or Porter, who ſhall follow the ſaid Buſineſs or Employment, with any Carriage not numbered according to the Directions aforeſaid, or when numbered, ſhall wilfully deface the ſame, or ſhall neglect to keep them plain and viſible, ſhall for each and every ſuch Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of *Five Shillings* for every Day he ſhall uſe or employ ſuch Carriage, not marked and regiſtered as aforeſaid.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Waggoner, Carter, Drayman or Porter, found in the Streets, or on the Wharffs, with his Horſe, or Horſes and Carriage, and not in actual Service, ſhall refuſe or neglect to work when called on, at ſeaſonable Hours, by any Merchant, or other Perſon whatſoever, he ſhall forfeit and pay the Sum of *Five Shillings* for every ſuch Offence.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Mayor and Recorder, or either of them, and the Aldermen of the City of *Philadelphia*, with the Wardens of the ſaid City, ſhall meet on the laſt *Monday* in *October* and *April*, in every Year, or oftener, as Occaſion may require, at the Court-Houſe, in the ſaid City, when and where the ſaid Mayor and Recorder, or either of them, and the major Part of the ſaid Aldermen met, with the Aſſiſtance and Conſent of the ſaid Wardens, or any four of them, ſhall and may fix, regulate and aſcertain the Rates and Prices which the ſaid Waggoners, Carters, Draymen and Porters ſhall, from Time to Time, demand and receive, for carrying and tranſporting Commodities from one Place to another within the ſaid City; and ſhall alſo fix and appoint certain Places in the City, where it may be moſt convenient, for the ſaid Waggoners, Carters, Draymen and Porters, to repair with their Carriages when unemployed; an Advertiſement whereof ſhall be publiſhed in the Public Gazette, and in ſuch other Manner as they the ſaid Mayor, Recorder and Aldermen, together with the Wardens aforeſaid, ſhall think proper. And that if any Waggoner, Carter, Drayman or Porter, ſhall demand more for his Service and Labour than is fixed and aſcertained in the Rates ſettled as aforeſaid, he ſhall forfeit and pay the Sum of *Five Shillings*, for every ſuch Offence.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Waggoner, Carter, Drayman or Porter, ſhall bring his Waggon, Cart or Dray, on the Brick Pavement before the Door of any Inhabitant, without having obtained Leave from the Owner or Poſſeſſor of ſuch Houſe, he ſhall forfeit and pay, for every ſuch Offence, the Sum of *Two Shillings*; and that no Waggoner, Carter, Drayman or Porter, ſhall ſuffer his Horſe or Horſes to go faſter than a ſlow Pace or Trot, within the built Parts of the City, under the Penalty of *Ten Shillings* for every ſuch Offence.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall permit or ſuffer his or their Horſe or Horſes to go at large within the built Parts of the ſaid City, under the Penalty of *One Shilling* for every Horſe ſo going at large; and that all and every Tavern and Inn-keeper, and others, who ſhall have Occaſion to take Horſes through the City of *Philadelphia*, *Germantown*, *Darby*, or any County Town or Borough, within this Province, ſhall take them bridled or haltered through the ſame, not faſter than a ſlow Pace or Trot, under the Penalty of *One Shilling* for every Horſe taken or driven through the ſaid City, Towns or Boroughs, contrary to the Directions of this Act.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon or Perſons ſhall run any Horſe or Horſes, or ſhall paſs with any Waggon, Cart or Dray, faſter than a ſlow Pace or Trot, in or through any Streets, Lanes or Alleys of the City of *Philadelphia*, *Germantown*, or any County Town or Borough, within this Province, under the Penalty of *Ten Shillings* for every ſuch Offence.

And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every the Penalties and Forfeitures incurred in and by Virtue of this Act, ſhall be ſued for and recovered before any Juſtice of the Peace of the City or County where the Offence is committed, and ſhall be paid, one Moiety thereof to the Informer, and the other Moiety to the Overſeers of the Poor of the City or Townſhip where the ſaid Offence ſhall be committed, to the Uſe of the Poor of the ſaid City or Townſhip reſpectively; but if convicted upon View of a Juſtice of the Peace, the whole Forfeiture ſhall be paid to the Overſeers of the Poor of the ſaid City or Townſhip reſpectively, for the Uſe of the Poor thereof; and if the Offender ſhall neglect or refuſe to pay the ſame upon Conviction, every ſuch Forfeiture ſhall be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Offender's Goods, by Warrant from under the Hand and Seal of the Juſtice of the Peace before whom ſuch Offender ſhall be convicted, returning the Overplus, if any, to the Owner, the Charge of the Diſtreſs being firſt deducted; and for Want of ſuch Diſtreſs, he ſhall be committed to the common Goal, until the ſame, with Coſts of Suit, ſhall be paid and ſatisfied; and in caſe any Offender againſt this Act ſhall be a *Negroe* or *Mulattoe* Slave, he ſhall, inſtead of ſuch Impriſonment, be publicly whipped at the Diſcretion of the Juſtice, not exceeding Twenty-one Laſhes, unleſs the Maſter or Miſtreſs of ſuch Slave ſhall pay the Fine or Forfeiture hereby inflicted.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall continue and be in Force for and during the Space of ſeven Years, from and after the Publication thereof, and no longer.

PRINCETOWN, September 28.

ON Wedneſday, the 26th Inſtant, was held, in this Place, the anniverſary Commencement of the College of *New-Jerſey*.

After the uſual Proceſſion from the College to the Church, the Buſineſs of the Day was introduced with Prayer by the Preſident, and vocal Muſic by a ſelect Company of the Students.

The ſalutatory Orator, Mr. *Perkins*, being confined by Sickneſs, Mr. *Campbell*, firſt Intermediate, began the Exerciſes of the Candidates with an Engliſh Oration on "The Utility of the Study of Hiſtory."

To this ſucceeded a Latin ſyllogiſtic Diſpute, on the following Theſis, "Tenentur & obligantur Subditi, ex Lege Naturæ, ut Regi ſuo, immani Sævitiâ graſſanti, vel Civitatis Jura evertenti, reſiſtant, & Libertatem ſuam defendant." Mr. *Witherſpoon* ſupported it, and was oppoſed by Mr. *Blydenburgh*.

This was followed by an Engliſh forenſic Debate, in which Mr. *Ogden* defended this Propoſition, "The Non-importation Agreement reflects a Glory on the American Merchants, and was a noble Exertion of Self-denial and Public Spirit." It was denied by Mr. *Horton*, to whoſe Arguments Mr. *John Smith* replied.

Mr. *Williamſon* then delivered an Engliſh Diſſertation on this Subject, "Every religious Profeſſion, which does not, by its Principles, diſturb the Public Peace, ought to be tolerated by a wiſe State."

An Engliſh forenſic Diſputation was then introduced. Mr. *Baldwin* aſſerted, that "National Characters depend not upon phyſical, but moral Cauſes." He was oppoſed by Mr. *Taylor*.

The Exerciſes of the Forenoon concluded with an Engliſh Oration on "The Utility of American Manufactures," pronounced by Mr. *Frelinghuyſen*. After which the Students entertained the Aſſembly with Singing.

In the Afternoon, after Singing by the Students, Mr *Wilſon* addreſſed the Audience with an Engliſh Oration, on "The Advantages of Trade and Commerce."

Next followed a Latin ſyllogiſtic Debate on this Theſis, "Omnes Homines, Jure Naturæ, liberi ſunt." Mr. *M'Pherrin* eſpouſed the Affirmative, and was oppoſed by Mr. *John Smith*.

To this ſucceeded an Engliſh Diſpute, in the forenſic Form, on the following Poſition, "The different religious Profeſſions, in any State, if maintained in their Liberty, ſerve it, by ſupplying the Place of a Cenſor Morum." Mr. *Blydenburgh* defended it; Mr. Williams oppoſed him; and Mr. *Hartt* replied.

This Propoſition was then controverted, "The Study of the dead Languages is for the Emolument of Science, even in a State where every uſeful and ornamental Branch of Learning is copiouſly treated in the Language proper to that State." Mr. *Ruſſell* ſupported the Affirmative; Mr. *George Smith* objected, and urged the Negative; and Mr. *Erwin* replied to his Arguments.

Mr. *Stockton*, one of the Candidates for the Degree of Maſter of Arts, next delivered an Engliſh Oration on "Ambition;" in which he took Occaſion to introduce a particular complimentary Addreſs to his Excellency Governor *Franklin*, who was pleaſed to honour the Commencement with his Preſence.

The following young Gentlemen were then admitted to the Degree of Bachelor in the Arts. *Samuel Baldwin, John Blydenburgh, John Camble, Nathaniel Erwin, Frederick Frelinghuyſen, Joſhua Hartt, Azariah Horton, Thomas M'Pherrin, John Coſins Ogden, Nathan Perkins, Caleb Ruſſell, Iſaac Smith, John Smith, George Smith, Robert Stewart, John Taylor, Stephen Tracy, Caleb Wallace, Bedford Williams, Matthias Williamſon, James Wilſon*, and *James Witherſpoon*.

The following Gentlemen, Alumni of this College, proceeded Maſters in the Arts. *Francis Barber, Joſeph Haſbrouck, John M'Pherſon, Samuel Stockton*, and *Joſiah Stoddard*.

On the following Gentlemen, for their known literary Merit, the Truſtees of this College conferred the Degree of Maſter of Arts.

The Rev. *Jacob R. Hardenbergh*, Miniſter at *Rariton*, in this Province.

The Rev. *John Martin*, Miniſter of *Chriſt-Church* Pariſh, in *South-Carolina*.

The Rev. *John Joachim Zubly*, Miniſter at *Savannah*, in *Georgia*.

Mr. *Joſhua Maddox Wallace*, Maſter of Arts, of *Philadelphia* College, was admitted *ad eundem*.

The Degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on the following Gentlemen.

The Rev. *Robert Finlay*, of *Glaſgow*, in *North-Britain*.

The Rev. *John Gillies*, of Ditto, in Ditto.

The Rev. *Archibald Laidly*, of *New-York*.

The Rev. *George Muir*, of *Paiſly*, in *North-Britain*.

The Rev. *Ebenezer Pemberton*, of *Boſton*, in *New-England*.

The Degrees being conferred, Mr. *Stewart* pronounced a valedictory Oration on the Subject of "Public Spirit."

After Prayer, by the Preſident, the whole concluded with vocal Muſic, performed by the Students.

The obliging Attention of a numerous, polite and reſpectable Audience, and the Satisfaction which they were pleaſed to expreſs, do Honour to the ſeveral Speakers; who were allowed to have executed their Parts with Ingenuity and Addreſs.

DANIEL DRINKER hath for Sale,

SEVERAL ſetts of beſt Queen's ware, China diſhes in ſetts, blue and white burnt and enamelled China bowls of various ſizes, a few ſetts large cups and ſaucers, blue and white, ditto tea pots, cream jugs, &c. likewiſe beſt cut ſtem enamelled and plain wine glaſſes, with ſundry other ſorts of glaſs, and an aſſortment of delph bowls and plates, white ſtone diſhes, plates, mugs, bowls and tureens, Dutch ſtone pickling jars, butter pots, jugs, &c. as uſual. ¶

ABRAHAM SHELLEY,

THREAD-MAKER, in Lombard-ſtreet, the third door on the weſt ſide of the New-market, Philadelphia,

CONTINUES to make and ſell, for ready money, all ſorts of fine coloured thread, brown and ſtocking ditto, which he will engage much better, and cheaper, than what is imported from Europe; and, as thereby he ſupplies a great number of poor women with market money, who, otherwiſe, with their children, would become a public charge, he doubts not but every merchant and ſhop-keeper in this city, and towns adjacent, that regard the good of this oppreſſed country, will encourage ſuch an undertaking, by favouring him with their orders, which as he now has two mills, and can make as many more as needful, he will be able to execute. He buys good well ſwingled flax, and good linen yarn that is reeled on the gauge reel, gives out well dreſt flax to good ſpinners, for which he gives ready money. He ſells tow of all qualities. § *tbr.*

Philadelphia, October 1, 1770.

WHEREAS Charles Meredith, John Knowles, and Benjamin Marſhall, were appointed by the Court of Common Pleas, to ſettle and adjuſt the Accounts of JOSEPH HORATIO ANDERSON. All thoſe who have any Demands againſt the ſaid Joſeph Horatio Anderſon, are deſired to bring in their Accounts, by the Tenth of November next.

TO BE SOLD,

A STOUT likely Negroe MAN, aged about 26 years, ſpeaks good Engliſh, has had the ſmall-pox, and well acquainted with axe and edge tools, having no fault, but to be diſpoſed of for want of employ, would be very ſuitable for a Ship-carpenter, or the country. For further particulars, enquire of the PRINTER. ‖

To be SOLD, or LETT, and entered on immediately,

THE noted and well accuſtomed TAVERN, known by the Sign of the Crown, in the town of York, and province of Pennſylvania, which has been kept by the ſubſcriber, near 20 years paſt; the houſes, ſtables, &c. are all in excellent repair; the character of the houſe being well eſtabliſhed, nothing need be ſaid on that head; therefore, any perſon inclining to purchaſe or rent the ſame, may know the terms, by applying to the owner. JOSEPH CHAMBERS. ‖

To be SOLD, by WILLIAM SHEAFF, the corner of Market and Fifth-ſtreets, and two doors above the ſign of the Black Bear, at the moſt reaſonable rates, wholeſale and retail, viz.

LISBON and Teneriffe wine, Weſt-India and Philadelphia rum, old Jamaica ſpirits, cordials of all ſorts, melaſſes, muſcovado ſugar, double and ſingle refined loaf and lump ditto, ſugar candy, Bohea tea, coffee, chocolate, pepper, alſpice, race and ground ginger, nutmegs, mace, cinnamon, cloves, rice, raiſins, indigo, ſtarch, powder and ſhot, flints, beſt Florence and lamp oil, brown paper, iron tea kettles, and pots of all ſorts, frying pans, &c. Alſo a quantity of extraordinary good Geneva. §

STRAYED away, or STOLEN (but ſuppoſed to be the latter) a black HORSE, about 14 hands 3 inches high, no brand known of, but has a remarkable wart on one of his ears, is a good deal creſt fallen, a ſmall neck, and large head, is naturally dull, and on being forced apt to kick up, will ſometimes, when he firſt ſets off, and reined in hard, pace off in a ſlow travel, but for the moſt part trots, goes well in a chair, or any other carriage, and once belonged to Mr. Andrew Hamilton of the city of Philadelphia (by information) he was got by Bully Rock. Any perſon who will produce me the Horſe, ſhall have FOUR DOLLARS reward, and if the thief is ſecured, and brought to Cheſter, THREE POUNDS, or in any goal, where juſtice may be had of him, paid by me † 6*W*. DAVIS BEVAN.

STRAYED, or ſtolen, out of the ſubſcriber's paſture, in the Northern Liberties, about the 14th of September, a dark bay HORSE, about 15 hands high, has a full breaſt, and buttock, branded on the near thigh with the letter O, about 9 or 10 years old, has no white on him, his mane hangs on both ſides, had been trimmed on the top of his head, where the bridle comes acroſs, ſhod all round, paces generally, can trot, but ſeldom does. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe, and brings or ſends him to me, ſhall have Twenty Shillings, and reaſonable charges, if ſtrayed, and if ſtolen Forty Shillings for the horſe, and Five Pounds for the thief, if brought to juſtice, paid by PETER KNIGHT. ¶

New-Caſtle, October 1, 1770.

ALL Peſons indebted to Frederick Otto, of the Town of Chriſtiana Bridge, in Newcaſtle County, Practitioner of Phyſick, by Bond, Bill, Note, Book-debt, or otherwiſe, are deſired (to prevent Trouble) to pay their reſpective Debts unto the Subſcriber, before the firſt Day of November next, who is impowered to receive the ſame. And alſo all Perſons indebted to the Subſcriber, by Bond, Bill, Note, Book Account, or otherwiſe, above three Months, are requeſted to make immediate Payment (to enable him to ſettle his Accounts with his Creditors) otherwiſe he will be under the diſagreeable Neceſſity of putting them into an Attorney's Hands to recover. † ROBERT MACK.

[*For more new Advertiſements, ſee the Fourth Page.*]

Philadelphia, October 1, 1770.

"The different Apprehenſions, the diſcordant Paſſions, the jarring Intereſts of Men, will ſcarcely permit that many ſhould unite in one Undertaking."---"From the Impoſſibility of confining Numbers to the conſtant and uniform Proſecution of a common Intereſt, ariſes the Difficulty of ſecuring Subjects againſt the Encroachment of Governors. Power is always gradually ſtealing away from the Many to the Few, becauſe the Few are more vigilant and conſiſtent; it ſtill contracts to a ſmaller Number, till in Time it centers in a ſingle Perſon."

THE Obſervations of an inquiſitive Mind never lead ſo readily to the Diſcovery of moral or political Truth, as when they are enlivened by the Feelings of a ſenſible Heart; and the Knowledge which we *obtain* in ſuch an animated Enquiry, is ever the moſt permanent and uſeful. Intereſted as every American muſt be in the preſent unhappy Diſſentions which prevail among his deluded Countrymen, the moſt Thoughtleſs ſhould be awakened to Conſideration, and the moſt Indolent rouſed to Action. If thoſe, who have hitherto ſo forcibly and ſo ſucceſsfully ſpoken the Language of Liberty, will, at this very alarming Criſis, *maintain* the moſt obſtinate and unaccountable Silence, their unpardonable Conduct will, in ſome Meaſure, remove the Charge of Preſumption from others, who, with far inferior Abilities, may exert themſelves in Defence of their violated Liberties, and in Support of the public Cauſe.

"Of a great and complicated Deſign ſome will never be brought "to diſcern the End; and, of the ſeveral Means by which it "may be accompliſhed, the Choice will be a perpetual Subject of "Debate; as every Man is ſwayed in his Determination by his "own Knowledge or Convenience. In a long Series of Action, "ſome will languiſh with Fatigue, and ſome be drawn off by "preſent Gratifications; ſome will loiter, becauſe others labour, "and ſome will ceaſe to labour, becauſe others loiter: And, if "once they come within Proſpect of Succeſs and Profit, ſome "will be greedy, and others envious; ſome will undertake more "than they can perform, to enlarge their Claims of Advantage; "ſome will perform leſs than they undertake, leſt their Labour "ſhould turn chiefly to the Benefit of others."

Obvious as is the Truth of this important Doctrine, and ſtrictly applicable as theſe Maxims are to the preſent political State of the Colonies, there never has yet been any critical Juncture, in which they could reaſonably have required a more ſerious and conſtant Attention. To be perfectly acquainted with the Nature of our preſent Situation---to ſee all the Difficulties which may occur in the Proſecution of our future Deſigns---to have the Power of diſcerning where our Weakneſs proceeds from our own Ignorance or Miſconduct, and where it ariſes from that natural Imperfection neceſſarily incident to all human Policy, muſt, with greateſt Certainty, furniſh us with the moſt infallible Means of framing and regulating ſuch a Syſtem as may beſt promote our moſt important Purpoſes. The Want of proper Attention has already led us into one capital Error; and the haſty Deſire of correcting that, has hurried us into another ſtill greater. To expreſs our Reſentment againſt that arbitrary and unlimited Power, which the Parliament of Great-Britain had ſo repeatedly uſurped, we precipitately promoted a Meaſure which ſerved indeed to ſhew the *Violence of our Reſentment*, without offering any conſiderable Proof of our *political Prudence*; and when we diſcovered that this ſudden Ebullition of patriotic Warmth would expoſe us to inſupportable Difficulties, we have endeavoured to correct our firſt Miſtake, by a Piece of Conduct as raſh, and altogether as impolitic. Crude and badly digeſted as was the general Agreement not to import, yet, when once formed and offered to the World, with ſuch a Face of Firmneſs and Reſolution as was deſigned to carry Terror to the Hearts of our Enemies, how mean and contemptible muſt we appear in the Eyes of thoſe very Enemies, when a ſcandalous and precipitate Retreat proclaims, that we either wanted Senſe to diſcover the Extent of our own Power, or Spirit ſufficient to inſure a proper Exertion of it. By aſſuming the Appearance of a Fortitude and Magnanimity, which Heaven has not beſtowed upon us, and by boaſting of Abilities, which we could not reaſonably be ſuppoſed to poſſeſs, we have wantonly drawn upon ourſelves the Contempt and Ridicule of the unprejudiced and impartial World, and fooliſhly expoſed ourſelves to every future Attack, which may be meditated by the Enemies of American Liberty.

The Merchants of New-York have, by the aſtoniſhing Inconſiſtency and Duplicity of their Conduct, very juſtly drawn upon themſelves the Cenſure and Reſentment of their offended Neighbours. When conſidered as the Authors of a Defection ſo injurious to the general Cauſe, they ought very reaſonably to expect, from that Public, which they have ſo groſly injured, the warmeſt Expreſſions of Indignation and Contempt.---Their ſelfiſh Attachment to their own particular Intereſt has led them into a Conduct altogether indefenſible; and yet their Pride will not ſuffer them to ſubmit patiently to the Reproaches which they merit. So far from acknowledging the Juſtice of thoſe Cenſures, which have been ſo repeatedly and ſo warmly urged againſt them, they have endeavoured to defend themſelves by Means more injurious to the Intereſt of the Colonies, than that very Conduct, which they are labouring to juſtify. They are ſowing the Seed of Diſcord where the ſtricteſt Unanimity is wanting---they are introducing the Spirit of Diſſention, at a Time when every honeſt---nay---every *artful Endeavour* ſhould be uſed to effect the cloſeſt and firmeſt *political Colluſion*. To exculpate themſelves, they moſt induſtriouſly *hunt* after Occaſions to load their Neighbours with the groſſeſt Abuſe; and, when this Virulence of Abuſe is as violently retorted, they cannot be ſurprized to find, that each Party has been ſo ſucceſsful as to obtain *implicit Credit* at Home; and that the Enemies of America in general will be happy in an Opportunity of acknowledging, that the Inhabitants of Boſton and New-York are altogether deſtitute of that Virtue, to which they have frequently made ſuch *pompous Pretenſions*.

I am a Friend to the *commercial Intereſt* of my Country, and I could wiſh to ſee it flouriſh upon a proper Eſtabliſhment; but I am, by no Means, ſo inattentive to the general Welfare of America, as to regard, with Indifference, the violent *Efforts*, which are made, at this very Hour, to render the united Intereſt of the whole Community ſubſervient to the *partial Purpoſes* of Commerce. Wealth will ever have its due Weight in the political Balance; and that conſiderable Portion of it which is conſtantly circulating through the Hands of the Merchants, muſt neceſſarily give them no ſmall Share of Power and Influance; and, as they were the firſt to feel the Effects of the late impolitic, unconſtitutional Reſtraints upon our Trade, ſo were they, very properly, the firſt to oppoſe this arbitrary Exertion of parliamentary Power. The Mode of Oppoſition, badly as it was calculated to anſwer the Purpoſes of a *general Defence*, has been ſupported by many with a Firmneſs which does Honour to their Character; but, when it is diſcovered, that the united Body of Merchants has neither Strength nor Virtue ſufficient to guard us againſt the moſt dangerous and formidable Attack, that was ever made upon the Liberties of a free People, ſhall we weakly conſider any further Defence as altogether impracticable, and ſhamefully ſurrender the Citadel, becauſe the Outworks have been treacherouſly deſerted? This is a Puſilanimity of Conduct, for which I hope the Inhabitants of this Province will never be deſervedly cenſured----They have yet an Opportunity of convincing their exulting Enemies, that, though the firſt ill-directed Exertion of their political Power did not produce ſuch happy Effects as were fondly expected, they have ſtill left a ſufficient Reſerve to anſwer all the Purpoſes of a virtuous Oppoſition to the Encroachments of miniſterial and parliamentary Deſpotiſm. Let the Powers of Patriotiſm be drawn from their *proper Source*. Let the Landholders, Artificers, and independant Freemen of this Province, take upon themſelves the Defence of thoſe Liberties in which they have the greateſt and moſt ſubſtantial Intereſt; when they muſt now be but too certainly convinced, that thoſe, who, upon the firſt Attack, advanced with the greateſt Alacrity and Readineſs to their Support, want either Virtue or Strength to perform ſo important a Taſk----Let the collective Body of the People in each County, in the cleareſt and moſt explicit Manner, proteſt againſt the Exerciſe of thoſe Powers, which the Parliament of Great-Britain have ſo injuriouſly uſurped, and which have been ſo wantonly abuſed under the Influence of a malevolent and corrupt Adminiſtration. Let us prudently endeavour to regulate our Conduct by ſuch Principles as we can moſt eaſily and certainly maintain---ſuch as have their Foundation in *natural and political Equity*, and will moſt effectually anſwer the Purpoſes of a *ſteady and virtuous Oppoſition*. In a Country where the ſecond Claſs of People forms a Body ſo highly reſpectable, not only upon Account of the very conſiderable Share of Property which they enjoy, but for the extraordinary Degree of uſeful Knowledge which they are univerſally allowed to poſſeſs, it muſt be altogether unneceſſary, and might be thought impertinent, to dictate any *preciſe Mode* of carrying this laudable Deſign into immediate Execution: I ſhall therefore conclude this well-meant Eſſay with offering a few ſuch Hints as may be improved to anſwer the preſent important *Purpoſe*, by ſome of the many ſenſible and judicious Men which every County in this Province can furniſh.

If the Conſumers of European Commodities will ſteadily reſolve not to purchaſe, the Merchants can do us no great Injury by an Importation which cannot be long continued: But, as we are not yet ripe for manufacturing, we cannot very eaſily ſubſiſt without ſome Supplies from our Mother Country; and our Reſolves ſhould therefore be ſo prudently framed as to admit the Importation of ſuch Articles as are moſt immediately neceſſary to our preſent Exiſtence----Our Operations ſhould be more particularly calculated for our own *neceſſary Defence*, than for the Annoyance of our Enemies. This Conduct of Moderation will not only juſtify us to ourſelves, but it will moſt certainly ſecure for us the Approbation of the impartial and unprejudiced World.-----When we boldly proteſt againſt that Power which can impoſe, upon our moſt neceſſary Supplies, the moſt unreaſonable Duties, we muſt as firmly reſolve to purchaſe no Articles which are marked with ſuch *Badges of Slavery*.

To place ourſelves as far as poſſible out of the Reach of parliamentary Power, and, at the ſame Time, ſteadily to promote our own particular Intereſt, let us moſt aſſiduouſly endeavour to introduce the Spirit of Oeconomy, by diſcountenancing altogether the Importation of every Article of Luxury, and by confining our Conſumption to ſuch low-priced Commodities as ought to be particularly enumerated by Men properly acquainted with our Wants. Poſſeſſed of ſuch an immeaſurable Extent of fertile Land as is contained within the Limits of the American Colonies, an Attempt to manufacture even thoſe Articles the moſt neceſſary for our own Conſumption, would have been highly abſurd and impolitic, if the Enemies of Liberty had not rendered it neceſſary *upon a Principle of Self-defence*.-----We ſhould readily have adopted the political Creed of our Patriot Farmer, and moſt heartily have joined with him in wiſhing---that the Colonies might be dependant upon their Mother Country "*as far as one free People can be* "*dependant upon another*;" nor would any real Friend to America have ever dared to ſuggeſt a Thought of INDEPENDANCE, while there was the leaſt Hope of maintaining a CONSTITUTIONAL CONNECTION.

A CITIZEN.

To the PUBLIC.

THE Advertiſement, calling the Freeholders and Inhabitants of this City and County together, at the State-Houſe, the 27th of September, begins with declaring, "that they were juſt-"ly alarmed at the Reſolutions entered into by a Number of the "Dry Goods Importers, on Thurſday, the 20th of the ſame "Month," which reflected Diſhonour on this City and Province. Permit me to enquire, what juſt Cauſe they could have to be alarmed?

The Gentlemen who had heretofore bound themſelves by an *Agreement* under their Hands, had a Meeting, after three Days public Notice, according to the Tenor of ſaid Agreement, and, by a great Majority, determined to alter it. This was not done by the Dry Goods Importers only, as is inſinuated, but by the Subſcribers in general to ſaid Agreement, great Numbers of whom were not Dry Goods Importers. Could their Alarm ariſe from an Apprehenſion, that the Inhabitants of this City and Province ſhould recover their Trade again, after ſuffering it for a long Time to be torn from them, by the neighbouring Provinces, and Strangers, who have daily had Goods ſelling here, both at public and private Sale, at exorbitant Prices? Can it be more agreeable to you to be thus ſupplied with Neceſſaries, than through the Hands of your Friends and Fellow-citizens, who, however miſrepreſented by Malevolence, have greatly, though voluntarily, ſuffered in aſſerting their Rights? I think I know your Candour too well, to heſitate a Moment for an Anſwer.

What Part of the Reſolutions then, is it apprehended, reflects Diſhonour? Is it the Agreement to open the Trade with Great-Britain, except the Articles which are, or may hereafter be ſubject to a Duty? I would beg Leave to obſerve, that other Modes of Oppoſition, from the Colonies, have been tried in vain. This Plan was, from the Beginning, conſidered by great Numbers of judicious ſenſible Men, as the moſt rational and prudent Step that could be taken to oppoſe the Duty Acts. Upon this Baſis, a Union among the Colonies may ſtill be formed, and a ſteady Oppoſition to the offenſive Act given, which I make no Doubt will bring about a Repeal. Surely this cannot be the Cauſe of any juſt Alarm.

Well then, my Friends and Fellow-countrymen, I now come to the Merchants laſt Reſolve. If this can be juſtified to your Satisfaction, I hope the Alarm will prove to be without juſt Foundation.

The Merchants reſolved to alter the Agreement they had entered into among themſelves, without conſulting the other Colonies. Gentlemen, the Merchants had Time and Opportunity to inform their Judgments, and I firmly believe they determined, according to what appeared to them to be right. Who could they properly conſult? The Maſſachuſetts Government, and Town of Boſton, they were well informed, had made large Importations, both contrary to the Spirit and Letter of their Agreement; inſomuch that we have Reaſon to believe, they thereby greatly leſſened the Weight of the Non-importation Scheme, and were inſtrumental in preventing the Repeal of the Tea Act, laſt Seſſions of Parliament. Notwithſtanding this, the Letters and News-papers from that Quarter, ſtrongly recommended to *us* an inviolable Adherence to our Non-importation Agreement. Did this Duplicity of Conduct merit our Confidence or Complaiſance? Even had they ſtood firm to their Agreement, OUR *Situation* and *Circumſtances* might have made it abſolutely neceſſary for *us* to import, though theirs might not make it ſo FOR THEM.

The New-Yorkers had, for ſome Time paſt, given their general Orders for Goods, Duty Articles *excepted*. What could they then expect from *us*, or *we* from *them*?

The Marylanders, under their partial Agreement, have been importing very large Quantities of thoſe Goods, they pretended they could not do without, in order to ſupplant us in our Trade, by ſupplying our City and Province with their Importations; and thus what was done under the Cloak of Patriotiſm, turned out a lucrative Scheme. Can any *Diſhonour* be reflected on this City and Province for not conſulting them?

In ſhort, Virginia, and all the other Colonies, were differently circumſtanced in their Agreements from us, and could not expect us to conſult them, as they did not conſult us in any of the Steps they took, and had never adopted the Plan we had by Example pointed out to them. Wherefore dear-bought Experience taught us, it was high Time to aſſume our Trade again, or it would have been ſo diſperſed into the Hands of Strangers, that it would ſoon have been out of our Power to have retrieved it.

Thus have I endeavoured, in a plain Manner, to account for the Reſolutions of the Merchants at Davenport's, on the 20th of September, and I hope to your Satisfaction. And though ſome *few Men* are fond of arrogating to themſelves a ſuperior Degree of Diſcernment and Penetration, and raſhly condemning their Neighbours for not being of their Sentiments, I make no Doubt but the Merchants late Reſolves, to open their Trade, except Duty Goods, will meet with the Approbation of the greateſt Part of the Inhabitants of this City and Province.

The Dry Goods Merchants conceive, that their adopting the Plan not to import the Articles ſubject to a Duty, after their long and ſevere Conteſt, upon a more general Scheme, ought to be ſtrengthened by the *Importers* of Wine, Melaſſes, Coffee, &c. *who* wholly ſupport the American Revenue, with the Board of Commiſſioners, and the numerous Train of Officers dependant on them. *I am the Public's Friend and humble Servant*,

Philad. Oct. 3, 1770. PHILADELPHUS.

To the PRINTERS.

GENTLEMEN,

SEEING of late ſeveral Extracts of Letters, dated London and elſewhere, containing Reflections on the People of Boſton, for a Duplicity of Conduct, not very conſiſtent with their profeſſed Spirit of Liberty, and finding that Brother Philadelphus has drawn a ſerious Argument in Favour of the Breach of the Non-importation Scheme, from theſe Aſperſions, I beg Leave, by Means of your Paper, to aſk the Authors of ſuch Letters, or Philadelphus, a few Queſtions; in anſwering which, they will much oblige the Public, and their Friend, PENNSYLVANIANUS.

GENTLEMEN,

As you have publicly traduced the People of Boſton by your Hints and Innuendoes, be ſo good as to give the Public ſatisfactory Anſwers to the following Queries.-----

I. Why Caſtle-William is taken from them, if they did aſſiſt and ſtrengthen the Miniſtry by their underhand Dealings?

II. Why, in the whole Conteſt between the Miniſtry and America, the whole Force of the former is bent againſt the Boſtonians?

III. Why their Charter alone is threatened to be taken from them, and an armed Fleet ſent againſt them?

IV. Why the Miniſtry intend to uſe ſuch coercive Meaſures with them, as makes it neceſſary for them to have the Sanction of the Britiſh Parliament to their Proceedings?

V. Whether theſe Things do not prove irrefragably, that the Aſperſions caſt on the Boſtonians are falſe, and unworthy of Credit?

LONDON, *July* 12.

A MORNING Paper ſays, An old Lady of Fortune, lately dead, has left her Man Servant, who lived with her many Years, a conſiderable Legacy, in the following Words: "I leave to Robert -------- 100l. in Gratitude for the faithful Services he has rendered me upwards of 30 Years, the greateſt Part of which Time I have loved him as my Huſband, though I was too proud to make him ſo, or even to let him know it. But as I have now done with the World, and have Nobody to anſwer to but God, I deſire he will mourn for me as his Wife one Year; and I farther bequeath him my Houſe, my Coach and Horſes, my Plate, my Furniture, and all my perſonal Eſtate, whether in Goods or Money, which ſhall remain after my Debts and Legacies aforeſaid are diſcharged." It is ſaid the Bequeſt amounts to upwards of 11,000l.

July 21. Several Plays are to be acted this Summer at Mr. F----'s Theatre which he has lately built at his Country Seat; among the reſt one of Sir Richard Steele's, called The Tender Huſband, or the Accompliſhed Fools, the Part of the Tender Huſband by L--d G------r, and the Accompliſhed Fools, by the D--- of C--------d and L--y G------r.

ADVERTISEMENTS EXTRAORDINARY.

LOST, The REPUTED Chaſtity of a noble Lady.

STOLEN, The *Reputation* of a Duke of high Rank.

FOUND, A Verdict for more Money than can be conveniently raiſed.

WANTED, For the Parties above-mentioned, two Spelling-books, and an Engliſh Grammar.

July 23. *They write from Gibraltar, that the Tuniſian Fleet is ſailed for the Levant, and conſiſted of nine Ships of forty Guns, beſides fifteen others of inferior Force, with a Number of Land Forces on board.*

July 24. It is certain that a great Perſonage expreſſed himſelf with much Bitterneſs, upon being informed of two late patriotic Verdicts, and added, *I am determined I will be* ----------.

July 26. We are aſſured that a certain great Lawyer has left written Inſtructions with a great Perſonage, to direct him and the Miniſtry how to conduct themſelves in ſome Particulars during his Abſence in the Country.

We learn from good Authority, that ſeveral Councils have been lately held on the Subject of raiſing a Fund, ſufficient to carry on a ſpirited War, in caſe this Kingdom ſhould be neceſſitated to hoſtile Proceedings againſt certain continental Powers.

So firm an Opinion do People entertain of an approaching War, that many of our Merchants are taking Meaſures towards the Security of their Properties in our different Weſtern Iſlands.

It is certain, that ſuch prodigious Numbers of our Sailors are now in foreign Service, that, in caſe of a War, we have not ſufficient to man 20 Ships of the Line.

Orders have lately been ſent from the War-office to Ireland, for raiſing all the Regiments on that Eſtabliſhment to their full Complement of Men.

The Expediency of having a ſufficient Number of Sailors at Home to man a Fleet in caſe of Emergency, has been canvaſſed in the Privy Council ſeveral Times; and it is reſolved, it is ſaid, to man ſeveral Ships now in Commiſſion, with their full Complement of Men; to be drafted off to any other Ships on Occaſion.

The Reaſon for putting the Venus Frigate, of which his R. H. the D. of C. was Commander, out of Commiſſion, when the was full manned, victualled, and ready to put to Sea, is now no longer a Myſtery. It was judged improper, at this particular Juncture, to employ a Youth as Commander in Chief at Sea, who could ſo far degrade his Commiſſion, as to detain a whole Fleet, in order to ſend a Ship on Shore with a Letter to a Favourite Lady.

July 28. *We hear that a Great Perſonage has intimated to his Brother, that he muſt either totally refrain from his Viſits to a certain Lady, or his Viſits at C---t.*

A grand Alliance it is ſaid will ſoon be formed to check the Power of the Ruſſians. Their Succeſſes againſt the Turks are viewed with a jealous Eye by the Emperor and Empreſs Queen, the Kings of France and Spain, and other Powers.

The late Union of the Houſes of Auſtria and Bourbon, by the Marriage of the Emperor's Siſter to the Dauphin of France, and the ſtrong Family Compact of France, Spain, Naples, Parma, and perhaps Portugal, make the Roman Catholick Scale in Europe greatly preponderate. Great-Britain is certainly in ſuch a Criſis juſtified in ſupporting the Ruſſians with Vigour, by admitting their Fleets into our Ports, by victualling them, and permitting our Seamen to inſtruct and aſſiſt them, as far as is conſiſtent with our own Intereſt.

When the laſt Letters were received at Smyrna from Conſtantinople, a general Conſternation prevailed over the whole City, on News being received that the Turkiſh Fleet had been beat by the Ruſſians. It was added, that the Grand Signor had retired to Adrianople, for Fear of an Inſurrection.

Aug. 3. *It is ſaid an Expreſs is arrived, with an Account of a general Engagement between the Turkiſh and Ruſſian Armies, which laſted 14 Hours. For the firſt 12 Hours the Victory was doubtful; but at laſt the Turks gave Way, after, as was reported, having loſt* 100,000 *Men.*

BOSTON, *October* 1.

Laſt Wedneſday the General Aſſembly of this Province met at Harvard College in Cambridge; at Ten o' Clock there was a Quorum of the Houſe of Repreſentatives; but the Lieutenant Governor not being in Town, the Weather being rainy, they adjourned till the Afternoon, and then for the ſame Reaſon, further adjourned till the next Morning----On Thurſday a Committee waited on his Honour to acquaint him that the Houſe were ſitting in the Chapel, and were earneſtly deſirous that the General Aſſembly might be removed to its ancient and legal Seat the Town-Houſe in Boſton---Soon after a Meſſage came down from the Lieutenant Governor to acquaint the Houſe that his Honour was in the Chair, and directed their Attendance in the Council

Chamber; whereupon the Speaker and the House went up to the Philosophy Room, where his Honour delivered a Speech to both Houses, and the Representatives returned to the Chapel---The Speech was read, and the Consideration of it referred to a Committee of nine Members, of which the Speaker was Chairman, who the next day reported, that it was for the Interest of the Province *still* to adhere to their former Resolution not to proceed to the public Business. It was then moved and ordered that the Consideration of the Report be postponed till Wednesday next, and that in the mean Time Expresses be sent to call in all the absent Members----On Saturday the House voted to observe Wednesday next as a Day of Prayer, to seek the Direction and Favour of Almighty GOD, and sent the Vote to the Council Board, where it was unanimously concurred---It is certain we have at present a Choice of Difficulties; the Times therefore require the greatest Fortitude as well as Wisdom---The previous Step which the two Houses have resolved to take, viz. to make their humble Application to *Him*, who is the *Father of Light*, and from whom every *good Gift* comes, will therefore certainly be approved of by all excepting those whose Censure is the greatest Applause.

Last Evening we were informed by a melancholy Messenger from Newbury-Port, that Yesterday Morning, about VI o' Clock, at that Place, the Reverend and renowned GEORGE WHITEFIELD, Chaplain to the Right Hon. the Countess of Huntingdon, &c. &c. was, by a sudden Mandate, summoned to the Bosom of his Saviour! He had been preaching in divers Parts of this Province since his Arrival from the Southward, with his usual Diligence and Energy; was now from a Tour to the Province of New-Hampshire, on his Return to this Town, but being seized with a violent Fit of the Asthma, was, in a very short Space, translated from the Labours of this Life, to the Entertainment of a better.------Of this truly pious and very extraordinary Personage, little can be said but what every Friend to vital Christianity, who has sat under his Ministrations, will readily attest: In his publick Performances throughout Europe, and on several different, in most Parts of British America, he has, for a long Course of Years, astonished the World as a Prodigy of Eloquence and Devotion! With what Frequency and Chearfulness did he ascend the Desk, the Language of his Actions being ever, "Wist ye not that I must be about my Master's Business?" With what divine Pathos did he not plead with, and persuade, by the most engaging Incitements, the impenitent Sinner to the Practice of Piety and Virtue! Filled with the Spirit of Grace, he spoke from the Heart; and with a Fervency of Zeal, perhaps unequalled since the Days of the Apostles, ornamented the celestial Animations of the Preacher, with the graceful and most enticing Charms of Rhetoric and Oratory. From the Pulpit he was unrivalled in the Command of an ever crouded and admiring Auditory; nor was he less entertaining and instructive in his private Conversation and Deportment; happy in a remarkable Ease of Address, willing to communicate, studious to edify, and formed to amuse; such, in more retired Life, was the Character whose Departure we lament; and while a peculiar Pleasantry enlivened and rendered his Company agreeable, his Conversation was ever marked with the greatest Objects of his Pursuit, Virtue and Religion! It were to be wished, that the good Impressions of his Ministry may be long retained; and that the rising Generation, like their pious Ancestors, may catch a Spark of that ætherial Flame which burnt with such Lustre, in the Sentiments and Practice of this faithful Servant of the Most High GOD.

NEW-YORK, *October* 8.

On Tuesday last, *The Corporation for the Relief of the Widows and Children of Clergymen in the Communion of the Church of England in America*, met in this City: And on Wednesday a well adapted Discourse, warmly recommending the Charity, was preached in *Trinity Church*, to a very large and respectable Audience, by the Revd. Dr. AUCHMUTY, one of the Members of the Corporation, from 2 *Kings* iv. 1. 2. Upon this Occasion, several Pieces of Cathedral Music, with Extracts from *Handel*'s celebrated Oratorio, THE MESSIAH, were performed, and a very liberal Contribution was collected for the Benefit of this benevolent Institution, which, together with several Benefactions since received from Persons who were prevented, by the Badness of the Weather, from attending at Church, amounted, we hear, to upwards of £. 200. The Corporation dined together, and were favoured with the Company of his Excellency General Gage, Sir William Draper, the Mayor and Recorder of this City, and several other Gentlemen; after which they proceeded to finish the remaining Business of their Meeting. As it is presumed that there are many charitably disposed Persons, who would be desirous to know in what Manner they may convey their Benefactions, we are desired to give Notice, that Donations to this laudable Charity will be thankfully received by Jacob Le Roy, Esq; of this City; the Revd. Dr. Chandler, of Elizabeth-Town; and Francis Hopkinson, Esq; of Philadelphia, the Treasurers; and, in general, by the Clergy and the other Members of the Corporation, in each of the three Provinces.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in the Massachusett's Bay, to his Friend in New-York, dated October 1. 1770.

"*I have just Time to acquaint you of the Death of that faithful and successful Minister of Christ the Revd. Mr.* Whitefield, *who died Yesterday at Newbury, about 40 Miles from Boston: He arrived there the Evening before from Plymouth, in New-Hampshire, in as good Health as usual, and was seized the next Morning about 6 o' Clock with an asthmatic Fit, in which he expired. How happy for himself to be thus instantly translated from Earth to Heaven; and at once delivered from all Manner of Evil, and put into the Possession of all possible Good!*

"*His last Visit has been kindly received by all Ranks of People among us; and his lively evangelical Manner of preaching, met with universal Approbation. His Corpse are sent for to Boston, to be there respectfully interred by his numerous mourning Friends;------and Mr.* Pemberton *has been desired to preach his funeral Sermon.*"

PHILADELPHIA, *October* 11.

On Monday next the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this Province meets here.

Remainder of the ELECTIONS, begun in our last.

Bucks County. Representatives, John Fowlke, Peter Shepherd, John Brown, Kenry Krewson, Joseph Watson, William Rodman, Benjamin Chapman, Joseph Galloway. *Sheriffs*, Joseph Ellicott, John Ross. *Coroners*, James Wallace, George Fell. *Commissioner*, John Wilkinson. *Assessors*, Abraham Stout, John Thomas, Gerardus Wynkoop, Joseph Milnor, Thomas Wilson, Benjamin Kinsey.

Lancaster County. Representatives, Emanuel Carpenter, George Ross, James Wright, Joseph Ferree. *Sheriffs*, Frederick Stone, John Ferree. *Coroners*, Samuel Boyd, Andrew Graff. *Commissioner*, Casper Shaffner, *junior*. *Assessors*, Alexander Martin, Thomas Clark (Drummore) Samuel Bare, Thomas Clark (Hanover) Valentine Breneisen, James Cunningham.

York County. Representatives, Michael Swoop, Thomas Minnshall. *Sheriffs*, George Eichelberger, Charles Lukens. *Coroners*, Michael Hayn, Joseph Adlum.

Cumberland County. Representatives, William Allen, John Montgomery. *Sheriffs*, David Hoge, Ephraim Blaine. *Coroners*, William Denny, Samuel Laird.

Berks County. Representative, Edward Biddle. *Sheriffs*, Jacob Shoemaker, Frederick Weiser. *Coroners*, Samuel Jackson, Peter Brecht.

Northampton County. Representative, William Edmunds. *Sheriffs*, John Orndt, Peter Kechlein. *Coroners*, William Leadlie, Samuel Rhea.

New-Castle County. Representatives, Evan Rice, John Evans, William Armstrong, George Read, Thomas M'Kean, Benjamin Noxon. *Sheriffs*, Thomas Duff, Henry Vanbebber. *Coroners*, Henry Vining, Robert Wallace.

Kent County. Representatives, John Vining, Charles Ridgley, Cæsar Rodney, Vincent Lockerman, William Killen, John Haslett. *Sheriffs*, James Caldwell, Philip Barrett. *Coroners*, John Smithers, Jonathan Sipple.

Sussex County. Representatives, Levin Crapper, Benjamin Burton, Thomas Robinson, Jacob Kollock, John Clowes, Burton Waples. *Sheriffs*, Boaz Manlove, Peter Robinson. *Coroners*, Reese Woolfe, junior, Thomas Carey, junior.

The Beginning of August last departed this Life at Pilesgrove, in West New-Jersey, Mr. MOUNCE KEEN, *aged* 105 *Years, and* 8 *Months. He was born of Swedish Parents, at Chester, in Pennsylvania, and always enjoyed his Health and Understanding well, till within the few last Years of his Life. About three Years before his Death, he rode alone three Miles, and home again.*

Captain Young, from Bristol, on the 31st of August, in Lat. 41: 57, Long. 29: 30, spoke a Ship, Captain William Robinson, from this Port for London; on the 23d of September, in Lat. 38, Long. 62, spoke the Schooner St. George, Captain Ward, from New-York for Cadiz, five Days out; and on the 27th, in Lat. 37: 28, Long. 68: 28, he spoke the Schooner George, Capt. Coon, from Antigua for Newberry, 17 Days out.

Captain Lancaster, from St. Christophers, on the 12th of last Month, in Lat. 20: 53, Long. 62: 56, spoke the Sloop Margaret, Captain Hodge, from St. Christophers for New-York, out two Days, all well.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Industrious Bachelor, J. Smith, Grenades. Brig Carolina, J. Taylor, Lisbon. Ship Chalkley, P. Young, Bristol. Sloop Felis, J. Jackson, and Sloop Rachel, S. Parker, Virginia. Brig Ann & Kitty, J. Webb, Antigua. Sloop Hannah, S. Hinkley, Sloop America, J. Gorham, and Schooner Hannah, E. Bacon, Boston. Brig Peggy, P. Brown, Hull. Brig Sally, T. Pearce, St. Vincent. Brig Jane & Sarah, J. Lancaster, St. Kitts. Sloop Sally, J. Baptist, and Sloop Potowmack, J. Young, Maryland. Snow Resolution, C. Chevalier, Madeira.

OUTWARDS. Sloop Polly, W. Turnell, Piscataqua. Ship Don Carolus, T. Connor, and Brig Lord Hyde, A. Shoemaker, Jamaica. Brig Georgia Packet, J. Sonder, Georgia. Ship Nesbitt, J. Green, St. Eustatia. Sloop Barbados, J. Barry, and Brig Rachel, L. Simmons, Barbados. Schooner Relief, T. Moore, Antigua. Ship George, S. Martin, Barcelona. Brig Betsy, R. Inkson, Surrinam. Sloop Molly, V. Wightman, R. Island. Sloop Hannah, S. Hinckley, Boston. Sloop Ann, J. Robinson, Halifax. Snow Amelia, G. Villeneuffve, and Brig Queen of the May, A. May, Lisbon.

CLEARED. Schooner Amelia, W. Ivory, Virginia. Brig Sally, J. Brown, St. Eustatia. Brig Nancy, J. Ashmead, and Schooner Unity, W. Carlisle, Barbados. Ship Great Duke Leopold, J. Williams, Maryland. Ship Esther, J. Guitton, Cork. Brig Charming Peggy, G. Conyngham, Antigua. Brig Ann, J. Aitkin, Halifax. Brig James, T. White, jun. St. Croix.

Saturday next will be published, and sold by HALL & SELLERS, *at the New Printing-Office, in Market-street, Price* Six Pence,

THE LAWS passed by the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this Province, during their last Session.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

WAS stolen, on the 8th of this instant October, out of the pasture of the subscriber, living in Philadelphia, a HORSE, of a chestnut coloured sorrel, about 16 hands and a half high, sorrel mane and tail, marked D, on the off side, has been lately trimmed about his fore top, trots very fast, and paces but little, shod all round, and is about 7 years old. Whoever secures the above horse, so that the owner may have him again, and the thief, or thieves, that they may be brought to justice, shall have the above reward, or Three Pounds for the horse alone, and reasonable charges, paid by

¶ DAVID DESHLER.

A GENTEEL Eight Day CHAMBER CLOCK, almost new, which Chimes the Quarters, to be sold, by EDWARD DUFFIELD, at the Corner of Arch and Second-streets.

N. B. Wanted in two Weeks, a sober industrious man, who understands driving a Team, and taking Care of Horses. Enquire of said *Duffield*.

ISAAC HAZLEHURST has for sale,

At his store, in Water-street, the 5th door above Market-street, and next door to Mr. Isaac Wikoff's,

A LARGE and neat assortment of yard wide Irish linens, from 3*s* 8 to 6*s* 8 per yard, broad and narrow silk knee garters, cotton velvets, &c. which he will sell cheap for cash, or a short credit. *Philad. Oct.* 9, 1770. *Tbc.* 6 w.

LOST, supposed to be taken by mistake, on Thursday, the 27th of September last, out of the house of William Wells, at the Old Ferry, in Water-street, between Market and Arch-streets, two small BOXES, one mahogany, covered with paper, locked and corded; the other pine, and cover nailed on, directed to Mr. Thomas Cooper, at his plantation, near Mount-Holly; under the direction was wrote S. Gale. Whoever took the said boxes, are desired to return them forthwith to the above Ferry-house, the owner being in great want of them.

N. B. The contents can be but of little if any service to any person but the owner. §

STRAYED away, on the 6th of October instant, from a pasture near Philadelphia, a white MARE, she has neither brand nor ear-mark, has a saddle spot on the near side, her mane is cut, as likewise the hairs of her feet, she was newly shod all round, and paces. Whoever takes up the said mare, and brings her to John Strahm, in Philadelphia, or to Conrad Radnauer, in Tulpenhocken, shall have Ten Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by JOHN STRAHM, or CONRAD RADNAUER. §

THE partnership of MEASE *and* MILLER *being expired, and* James Mease *intending immediately for England, all those indebted to them, are requested to pay their respective balances to* William Miller; *and all having demands against said partnership, are requested to bring in the same, that they may be settled and paid.----They have still a few dry goods remaining on hand, at their store, in Front-street, which they will sell exceeding low for cash, in order to settle the company accounts.*

Office for ensuring Houses from Loss by Fire.

WHEREAS, by the 13th article of the deed of settlement, it is agreed, that "in case any member or members of this society, shall assign or transfer his, her, or their policies, such assignment or transfer shall be brought to the office to be entered, within four weeks next after such assignment or transfer; and on default thereof, the benefit of ensurance shall be lost. Provided nevertheless, that such assignment or transfer may be admitted to be entered after the expiration of the said four weeks, if the directors shall allow of the same, and not otherwise; and, in that case, the benefit of ensurance shall not be lost."

And whereas many policies have been assigned without regard being paid to the above article, whereby difficulties have arisen concerning the property of the premiums or depositemonies, when policies have expired: The directors therefore request such persons who have made purchases of houses, whereon insurance has been made, and who have not complied with the said article, that they will bring their policies to the office, within six weeks from the date hereof, that they may be entered, and thereby prevent a forfeiture, which after this notice they may expect will be exacted.

October 2, 1770. *By Order of the Directors,*

Tbc. 3 m. MATTHEW CLARKSON, Clerk.

WANTS EMPLOY,

A PERSON acquainted with working mines, blowing of rocks, digging of wells, or any work of that kind, and can be well recommended for his skill, industry, and sobriety. Enquire at the Sign of the GEORGE, the corner of Second and Arch-streets, Philadelphia. ¶

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN, on Saturday night, the 6th of this instant October, from the subscriber, living in Plymouth township, Philadelphia county, a likely bay GELDING, 8 years old, 14 hands and 1 inch high, a small star in his forehead, one hind foot white, paces, trots, and canters, has a remarkable way of shaking his head, and pointing his ears, when rode. Any person or persons that will apprehend the thief, so that he may be brought to justice, and secures the horse, so that the owner may have him again, shall be entitled to the above reward, or Three Pounds for the thief, and Forty Shillings for the horse, paid by JOSEPH FITZWATER. ¶

Philadelphia, October 9, 1770.

RICHARD HUMPHREYS, TAYLOR,

In Sixth-street, between Market and Arch-streets,

GIVES this public notice, that he proposes to purchase, and sell for cash, any kind of cloths, stuffs, &c. linen, cotton, or woollen, of American manufacture; or to sell the same for the makers (if more agreeable) on low commissions. He hopes that all who offer such goods to him for sale, will warrant them good in kind, and affix such prices on them, as may reserve to themselves a moderate profit, and encourage the purchasers to promote the industry and wealth of the colonies, by wearing and recommending such manufactures. ¶

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, living at Pine Forge, in Berks county, Pennsylvania, on Monday, the 1st of this instant October, a Negroe man, called *Wetheridge*, but generally calls himself *Jacob*, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, middling slender, very black, and much marked with the small-pox, about 23 or 24 years of age, walks remarkably straight and quick, and speaks good English, has been brought up to cooking and waiting in a gentleman's family, which business he understands very well, as a gentleman in Philadelphia, from whom he was lately bought, brought him up to that business only; had on, and took with him, 1 fine white shirt, 2 ozenbrigs ditto, an old pair of ozenbrigs trowsers, old leather breeches, one red and white striped linen jacket, one white linen ditto, with sleeves, 2 brown cloth ditto, without sleeves, lined with shaloon, a snuff-coloured broadcloth coat, almost new, with yellow metal buttons, a coarse brown great coat, with white metal buttons, good strong shoes, with brass buckles, a half-worn beaver hat, which he generally wears cocked; he likewise took with him, a very old silver watch, without a chrystal, silver faced, the hour and minute hands both brass, the maker's name *Moore, London*, number forgot, and on the outside of the inner case is badly engraved I I, and some figures. Whoever takes up said Negroe, and secures him in any goal, and gives notice thereof to the subscriber, shall have the above reward, paid by THOMAS MAY. ¶

Just opened, (imported from England 12 months since, and lately taken out of the committees store)

A QUANTITY of superfine, fine, middling, and coarse broadcloths, blue, scarlet, and cloth coloured 6, 7, and 8-qr. wide napt cloaking, forest cloths, kersey duffils, Bath and beaver coating, spotted swanskin and ermine, with a large assortment of buttons and scarf twist, 8-qr. mottled rugs and rose blankets, German ozenbrigs, and sundry other articles, which are to be sold on reasonable terms, for ready money, by JOHN KAIGHN, at his store in Second-street, between Market-street and the Church. Also to be sold, Burlington pork, and shad, by the barrel. ¶

At the late Union Library, next house to St. Paul's church, in Philadelphia, just published, and to be sold by R. BELL, *a short narrative of the massacre in Boston, perpetrated by a party of soldiers, under the command of Captain Preston (now in goal at Boston) of the 29th regiment; with some observations on the state of things prior to that catastrophe, with affidavits confirming it, attested before seven justices of the peace.---Physicians and surgeons may be supplied with a catalogue of old physical and surgical authors, to be sold at the prices marked in said catalogue.---Latin masters and scholars, may also receive a catalogue of second hand Greek and Latin classicks.----Also brown holland umbrella's----scale board or scabboard for sugar-bakers, cutlers, bookbinders and printers.----This day is also published, at said Union Library, in Third-street, The history of Belisarius, the heroic and humane Roman general---Likewise the adventures of a black coat, containing a series of remarkable occurrences, and entertaining incidents, as related by itself.* ¶

WAS committed to the Work-house of Philadelphia, as a runaway, September 14, 1770, a little man, he says his name is Thomas Jones, and came in with Captain M'Dougall, to the Ferry Branch of Patapsco, in Maryland, and was sold to John Dobbs, not far from that place; he is about 5 feet high, bow-legged, limps in his walk, and has red hair, tied behind. His master is desired to come or send for him, or he will be let out, by JAMES WHITEHEAD, keeper of the Work-house, in six weeks from this 10th day of October, 1770. §

ALL persons indebted to Nickolas Bernard, and Martin Jugiez, in company, Carvers, at the corner of Third-street and Chestnut-street, by bill, bond, or book-debts, &c. are desired to pay their respective debts, in one month after the date hereof, as they intend going to Europe. And all persons who have any demands against said company, are desired to bring in their accounts, to be adjusted and paid by said Bernard and Jugiez. And their stock in trade, consisting of looking glasses, plaister of Paris figures, paper-machee ornaments for ceilings, and the King's arms, elegantly carved, suitable for any of his Majesty's courts, or any other public place. Also the noted and well accustomed Tavern, in Chester, kept by the Widow *Withy*, will be sold very low, for ready cash, by said company. ¶

Philadelphia, October 8, 1770.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away yesterday morning, from the subscribers mills, on Pennypack, an Irish servant lad, named HUGH BAKER, a forward, hearty, active fellow, about 19 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high, has a tolerable good countenance, rather pale in the face, and when spoke to is apt to move his head to and fro, as well as to keep his body and feet in motion, walks clumsily; he can write and cast up invoices and accounts, wears remarkable long brown hair, frequently tied behind, but may perhaps cut it off, to prevent his being apprehended; had on, and took with him, a half-worn beaver hat, two white shirts, one new, the other somewhat worn, two pair trowsers, one of bed-ticken, the other of striped cotton, two jackets, one linsey, without sleeves, the other a new lapelled serge, lined with white, and has sleeves, a pair of good buckskin breeches, half-worn milled stockings, and a pair of half-worn shoes, with brass or yellow metal buckles in them. He went off in a large oak battoe, pitched bottom, with a mast painted red, and sprit sail; she was branded on the inside of her stern with these letters R L or Lewis. He was seen in this city yesterday morning, and it is supposed he will either endeavour to get on board the man of war's tender, or some outward bound vessel, or make off for New-York. This fellow ran away in May last, was taken up at Charlestown, in Maryland, brought up to New-Castle, and there confined in goal for some days. Whoever secures the said servant in any of his Majesty's goals, so that the subscribers may have him again, shall be entitled to the above reward, besides reasonable charges, from ROBERT LEWIS, junior, or ROBERT and ELLIS LEWIS.

N. B. All masters of vessels are desired not to carry him off. A reward of Ten Shillings will be given for taking up the Battoe, if brought to this city, or Pennypack mills.

Just published, and to be sold by HENRY MILLER, *in Second-street,*

THE VOTES of the Honourable House of Representatives of the Province of PENNSYLVANIA, for the current Year. ‖

LONDON, *June* 5, 1770.

THE AMERICAN BALSAM,

After the ſtudy and labour of many years, found out and prepared by Doctor HILL, Phyſician in LONDON: Member of the Imperial Academy of GERMANY. And ſold by Mr. *William Young*, at his place in Kingſeſs, near the Lower Ferry, on Schuylkill, Philadelphia, and no other perſon, except thoſe he ſhall appoint: Price 3/9 a bottle; or, by the dozen, at the rate of 3/3 a bottle. J. HILL.

THIS is an improvement upon all former Balſams; poſſeſſing their virtues in a higher degree; and freed from their defects.

It is a rich, comforting, nouriſhing, and healing Medicine. It ſtrengthens the ſtomach; opens all obſtructions whatſoever; and is certain (even beyond a thought) in the cure of the *rheumatiſm, gravel, cholic, jaundice*, and all kinds of *weakneſſes*. It is alſo an excellent medicine in the *hypochondriacal diſeaſe*; it gives great relief in *head-achs*; and in *coughs* and *conſumptions* it has no ſuperior; even the *hooping cough* in children will be conquered by this medicine.

It is alſo the beſt and readieſt cure in the world for *catarrhs, ſore throats*, and *aſthmas*; it cures *hectics*, and *waſting* of the *fleſh*; and is excellent for all perſons who have *lax fibres*. It ſtrengthens the brain; aſſiſts the memory; and is good againſt *barrenneſs*. It is at all times a ſovereign cure for lowneſs of ſpirits. The mind itſelf is naturally chearful, eaſy, and happy; free it from bodily diſorders, and it will always feel and enjoy itſelf. This will be done in all caſes by this cordial medicine; as it recruits and reſtores that mild and friendly balſam to the blood, upon which alone true health depends. The injuries of that moſt eſſential part of the vital fluid generally take their firſt riſe from colds; which this medicine remedies, if taken on the occaſion: Every one therefore ſhould have it at hand; for it is much better to prevent diſeaſes than to cure them.

The doſe is 40, 50, or 60 drops, in a tea-cup of water; at night, going to bed, and at 12 at noon. They need not fear relief from this, who have tried other things without ſucceſs.

This balſam is prepared from ſome new American plants, ſent to England by that ingenious gentleman Mr. *William Young*, of Pennſylvania, Botaniſt to their Majeſties the King and Queen of Great-Britain: And by great numbers of cures has been proved to be ſo noble a medicine for its purpoſe, as probably was never heretofore prepared ſince the creation of the world: By its proper uſe, as directed in the bills, it will infallibly cure the above-mentioned diſeaſes, which the American inhabitants are in particular often afflicted with, from the too frequent and ſudden change of the weather from hot to cold. As this medicine is prepared from the American plants, no wonder it muſt have the beſt effect in that country; as it is moſt natural to the conſtitution of the people.

In the year 1763, Mr. *William Young*, junior, brought over to England the beſt collection of American plants ever received there, with their names and places, in a manner that ſhewed him born with a genius for Botany. The King and Queen directed Dr. Hill to improve that genius, by right inſtructions, and honoured him with a penſion. Amongſt the plants brought by this gentleman, were thoſe of which this ineſtimable balſam is prepared, which Dr. Hill now raiſes in his own garden. The ſecret of the preparation he has entruſted to no perſon in the world; but, in gratitude to the young gentleman, has appointed his father, Mr. *William Young*, ſenior, of Kingſeſs, near Philadelphia, the only capital vender of them in all America, appointing whom he pleaſes under him.

*** I, the ſubſcriber, hereby give notice, that I have appointed, in Philadelphia, *Footman & Joyes*, *Bayard & Jackſon*, and *William Sitgreaves*, to ſell the above balſam for me, at their ſtores or vendue houſes, either by private or public ſale, as they may think the moſt convenient for the people. Dr. Hill has wrapt the bottles in bills, how the medicine muſt be uſed, of which the above advertiſement is a copy; and he has ſignified to me in a letter, that the price mentioned in the bills was meant ſterling money; but, as he is a great friend to his fellow ſubjects in America, and to do good to all mankind, is more to him than great profits for preparing his medicines, conſidering that thoſe who buy ſaid balſam by the quantity to ſell again, ſhould have good encouragement, and a reaſonable profit allowed; and that the poor may be able to buy them, as well as the rich, he has ordered me to ſell them for the price mentioned in the bills, in Pennſylvania money; and that the ſhop-keepers, and others, in Philadelphia, who buy to ſell again, might have about a Shilling profit on each bottle; and maſters of veſſels, who may intend to carry them to other parts of America, ſhop-keepers, and others, who live far in the country, or other provinces, who may have greater expences, may there ſell ſaid balſam, for the price mentioned in the bills, for the value in ſterling money. And as Dr. Hill is very well known, and all his former medicines are in very high eſteem in almoſt all the world, no doubt this excellent balſam will ſell very quickly.

Kingſeſs, Oct. 1, 1770. WILLIAM YOUNG, ſenior.

Buckingham, Bucks County, September 15, 1770.

RUN away from my Employ, a certain John Truſdel, by Trade a Weaver, born in Ireland, about 24 Years of Age, 5 Feet 8 or 9 Inches high, has ſhort black Hair, a ſmart Look, and lofty Carriage; had on when he went away, a brown Coat, with Mohair Buttons, a brown Jacket, the Fore Parts Engliſh Plains, with blue Lincey Backs, half-worn Buckſkin Breeches, with a ſmall Piece in the Crotch, two Shirts, one or both fine, a Stock with a Buckle, white ribbed Thread Stockings, much broke in the Feet, half-worn Calf-ſkin Shoes, with Pinchbeck Buckles, and a half-worn Caſtor Hat; has a Scar on his Left Cheek; writes a good Hand; he had a Silver Watch, with a China Face, much out of Order; he alſo had two Half Johannes's, and 6 or 7 Pounds in other Money, Part thereof ſtolen; has a Clearance from Captain Cheevers, and a Certificate from the Preſbyterian Church; he has been near two Years in the Country, and was in Maryland and Cheſter County Part of laſt Winter. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid Truſdel (who is ſuſpected of ſtealing) ſhall have Forty Shillings Reward, when brought to Conviction, paid by MATTHEW KELLEY.

N. B. The Public are cautioned from taking an Aſſignment of a Note of Hand for £ 11 17 1, paſſed by me to ſaid Truſdel about the 10th of July laſt, as no Part thereof will be paid, until the Conditions on which ſaid Note was given are complied with by ſaid Truſdel. † MATTHEW KELLEY.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN, or ſtrayed away, from Thomas Clemſon's, near the Gap Tavern, in Pequea, on the 1ſt of October inſtant, a cheſtnut coloured MARE, about 14 hands high, 8 years old, natural pacer, a ſorrel buſhy mane and ſwitch tail, ſuckled a colt, broad hoofs, no ſhoes, neither brand nor ear-mark. Whoever takes up ſaid mare and thief, and ſecures the thief in any goal, and the mare, ſo that the owner may have her again, ſhall have the above reward, or Thirty Shillings for the mare only, and if out of the province Three Pounds, paid by the ſaid *Thomas Clemſon*, or *William Moode*, Cloathier, near the ſign of the Plow, in Eaſt Fallowfield townſhip. ‖

DISTRAINED, as a treſpaſſer, by the ſubſcriber, on Monday, the 3d of September laſt, a dark coloured bay MARE, natural trotter, about 13 hands high, 8 years old, branded on the near ſhoulder thus E, though not very plain. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay damage and coſt, and take her away, by OLIVER BROWN, *living in Cumberland townſhip, York county.* ¶

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living oppoſite to Philadelphia, in the Jerſeys, on the 23d of September laſt, a luſty likely NEGROE man, named WILL, of the blackeſt caſt, about 30 years of age; had on, when he went away, a darkiſh coloured grey homeſpun jacket, without ſleeves or lining, with pewter buttons, tow ſhirt and trowſers, and a pair of new ſhoes; it is ſuppoſed he is lurking about Philadelphia. Whoever takes up ſaid Negroe, and delivers him to the maſter of the work-houſe, or ſecures him in any goal, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by DANIEL COOPER.

N. B. His dreſs is uncertain, as he has been ſeen ſince he went away, in a white ſhirt, a red lapelled jacket, black knit breeches, &c. ¶

TO be ſold by way of public vendue, on the 6th day of November next, on the premiſes, a valuable plantation, ſituate in Charleſtown townſhip, Cheſter county, containing 150 acres, or thereabouts, of excellent good land for wheat or other grain, 60 acres of upland cleared, ſome meadow made, and 15 acres more may be made at a ſmall expence of the very beſt kind, and the remainder extremely well timbered, and the whole remarkably well watered by many ſtreams and ſprings, that never fail in the drieſt ſeaſons; there is alſo erected thereon a good new ſtone houſe, two ſtories high, two rooms on each floor, with a fire place in each room, and a cellar underneath, with ſundry other valuable out-houſes. The purchaſer may have a conſiderable quantity of wheat and rye in the ground with the premiſes; the above premiſes lie contiguous to ſundry merchant mills, and places of worſhip of ſeveral denominations. The conditions of ſale, which will be made eaſy, will be made known on the day of ſale, by SAMUEL HARVEY.

N. B. The ſubſcriber carries on the fulling and dreſſing cloth in all its branches, and wants immediately an Apprentice who has about 5 years to ſerve. §

Reading Goal, October 2, 1770.

ON the 15th day of September laſt, was committed to my cuſtody, a certain William M'Dougall, *as he calls himſelf, and ſays he is a ſervant to Johannes Gleen, near Salſborough town, in Maryland, about 5 miles from George-Town. This is therefore to give notice to ſaid Johannes Gleen, to come and pay his ſaid ſervant's charges and coſt, and take him away, otherwiſe he will be ſold out for his fees, in ſix weeks from the date hereof, by* ¶ GEORGE NAGEL, *Goaler.*

STOLEN out of the paſture of Joſeph James, living in Weſtown, Cheſter county, on the night of the 4th of this inſtant October, a large bay HORSE, 15 hands high, or better, a ſtar in his forehead, a ſhort mane and tail, is trimmed for the collar, a natural pacer, and ſhod all round. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe, and ſecures him, ſo that the owner may have him again, ſhall have Four Dollars reward, and reaſonable charges; and if the thief be taken, and brought to juſtice, FIVE POUNDS reward for both, paid by me

† JOSEPH JAMES.

Elizabeth Town, Eaſt New-Jerſey, October 4, 1770.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the ſubſcriber, in Elizabeth Town, Eaſt New-Jerſey, laſt night, a brown horſe, about 14 hands and an half high, has a ſtar in his forehead, is well and and ſtrong made, has a brand on one thigh, but ſcarcely viſible, about 9 or 10 years old, both trots and paces, but neither well. Likewiſe a ſtrawberry roan horſe, 3 years old laſt graſs, about 14 hands high, has a ſtar in his forehead ſomething like a half moon, natural to a trot. Whoever takes up the ſaid horſes, and returns them to the ſubſcriber, or gives notice where they are, ſhall receive a reward of Twenty Shillings, if taken in the province, or Forty Shillings, if taken out of the province, and all reaſonable charges paid; if ſtolen, and the thief be ſtopped with them, ſo as to be brought to juſtice, double the above reward will be paid by § JOHN HALSTED.

To be LETT for a Term of YEARS,

ANDOVER FURNACE, ſituate in the County of Suſſex, in Weſt New-Jerſey, on a Branch of Paqueſt River, together with an elegant Stone Dwelling-houſe, Stables, Smith's Shop, Spring-houſe, and a Number of Outhouſes for Workmen; a large Coal-houſe, in which there is at leaſt 7 Week's Stock of Coals for the next Blaſt; alſo 5000 Acres of well timbered Land to accommodate the Furnace, on which are erected, a Saw-mill, and an excellent Griſt-mill, which has a great Deal of Country Cuſtom. Scarcely a Mile from the Furnace is an inexhauſtible Body of Ore, which may be raiſed at the eaſy Expence of 2*s.* per Ton, and makes Iron of a ſuperior Quality to any other in America, particularly for the Manufacture of Steel. There is a large Farm on the ſaid Tract, on which about 60 Acres of Winter Grain is now growing, about 70 Acres of extraordinary good Meadow has been already made, and is now in good Engliſh Graſs, and as much more may be cleared at a ſmall Expence, it being already drained. The whole is under good Fence, and the Woodland adjoining affords excellent Range for a large Stock. Two Horſe Teams, and 3 Ox Ditto, will be rented with the above Premiſes, if the Perſon leaſing chuſes it. For the Terms, apply to Mr. ARCHIBALD STEWART, who lives at the ſaid Furnace, or to Meſſieurs ALLEN and TURNER, in Philadelphia.

To be LETT alſo, a large FORGE, in excellent Order, with 4 Fires, and 2 Hammers, in the County of Suſſex, ſituate on Muſconecung River, about 7 Miles from Andover Furnace, and 35 Miles diſtant from Brunſwick and Elizabeth-town Landings. Five Thouſand Acres of well-timbered Land, Part lying in the County of Suſſex, and Part in the County of Morris, very convenient to the Forge, will be rented with it; alſo a Griſt-mill, Saw-mill, commodious Houſes for a Manager and Forgemen, and 70 Tons of Pig-metal on the Bank, with more than a Sufficiency of Coal to work it up; likewiſe a good Farm, with about 50 Acres of Winter Grain in the Ground, and 25 Acres of Meadow in Engliſh Graſs, and a Number of Teams, and every Neceſſary for carying on the Buſineſs of the Forge and Farm. The Owners have ſix Negroe Slaves to hire out or ſell, who are good Forgemen, and underſtand the making and drawing of Iron well. Proviſions of all Sorts may be laid in very cheap both at the Furnace and Forge, fat Cattle, in the Fall, being never higher than 2*d.* per Pound, Beef, Hide and Tallow. For Terms, apply as above directed.

N. B. ALLEN and TURNER will alſo lett, for a Term of Years, their SLITTING-MILL and FORGE, with, or without, a FURNACE, together with all the Implements and Conveniencies neceſſary for carrying on the IRON-BUSINESS; being the noted Union Iron-work, in Hunterdon County, in Weſt-Jerſey, about 30 Miles nearer Philadelphia than Andover Iron-work, and within that Diſtance from Brunſwick, and equally convenient for the Philadelphia and New-York Markets.

For LONDONDERRY,

The Brig SALLY,

JOHN THOMPSON, Maſter,

HAS good Accommodations for PASSENGERS, and will be clear to ſail by the 15th Inſtant. For PASSAGE, apply to ſaid MASTER on board, at the South-ſide of Market-ſtreet Wharf, or to WILLIAM & ANDREW CALDWELL.

ON Monday, the 15th of October inſtant, will be opened an EVENING SCHOOL, in Cedar-ſtreet, between Front and Water-ſtreets, where will be taught Writing, Arithmetic, Navigation, and other uſeful Branches of the Mathematics, by DAVID ELLISON. ‡

JOHN EGAN, TAYLOR,

HAVING rented the houſe in Arch-ſtreet, where Mr. Joſeph Holliday lived, three Doors below Third-ſtreet, takes this method to inform the Public, and his former Cuſtomers in particular, that he being greatly encouraged by many gentlemen of the firſt rank in the city, purpoſes carrying on his buſineſs now in the moſt extenſive manner in its ſeveral branches, to ſuit both gentlemen and ladies; and as he has hitherto had the pleaſure to give ſatisfaction to his employers, doubts not of his ſtill being able to do it, without putting them to the trouble of trying on their clothes, he being known to be a proficient in cutting out, and hopes for a continuance of their kind favours. Thoſe who pleaſe to entruſt him with their buſineſs, may depend on being ſerved in every reſpect to the utmoſt of his power to give ſatisfaction, and will be waited upon on the ſhorteſt notice, by their humble ſervant, JOHN EGAN. ¶

THE Contributors belonging to the *Society for promoting Learning amongſt the Baptiſt Churches*, are requeſted to attend a *general Meeting* of *Contributors* ONLY, to be held, by Appointment of a Board of Truſtees, at their Treaſurer's Houſe, on Monday, the 15th of October next, at 9 o'Clock in the Morning. ¶ *September* 20, 1770.

To ALL, whom it may CONCERN.

WHEREAS the ſubſcriber, JOHN HUTCHIN, late of Mansfield, in the county of Burlington, by loſſes in trade, and other misfortunes, was under the neceſſity of calling his creditors together, and making an aſſignment of his eſtate to certain truſtees, for the benefit of all his creditors, which has been done with juſtice and truth: Notwithſtanding, ſome of his creditors have threatened, and others have commenced actions againſt him, which can terminate in no advantage to them, but utter ruin to the ſubſcriber, and his numerous family, as he has no property, but what he has aſſigned and held liable to his truſtees, for the uſes aforeſaid; therefore he is under the diſagreeable neceſſity of applying to the Governor, Council, and General Aſſembly of New-Jerſey, at their ſeſſion, now ſitting at Perth-Amboy, for a law to exempt his perſon from confinement; nevertheleſs holding himſelf liable to the payment of his juſt debts, whenever in his power, which he ſhall induſtriouſly endeavour for. ¶

Burlington, Sept. 20, 1770. JOHN HUTCHIN.

For BRISTOL,

The Brig HARMONY,

THOMAS RODGERS, Maſter,

CEDAR built, and a prime Sailer, having one Half of her Cargoe ready to go on board, and is expected to ſail in twenty Days. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to the ſaid Maſter, at the London Coffee-Houſe, or to STOCKER & WHARTON.

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber,

A VALUABLE Tract of Land in Loudoun County, about five Miles from Leeſburg, on the main Road that leads from Pennſylvania to Carolina, containing 429 Acres, whereon is a good Dwelling-houſe, 18 by 26, two Rooms, a Stone Chimney, with a Fire-place, in each Room, and a Cellar the Bigneſs of the Houſe, walled with Stone; a good Kitchen, with a Stone Chimney, and Oven through the Back; a Meat-houſe, Dairy, Corn-houſe, and Negroe Quarter; an extraordinary good Barn, 54 by 24, with a Threſhing-floor 24 Feet ſquare; there are about 100 Acres of Land cleared, all freſh and good, 8 Acres of Meadow made, and convenient Places for making much more. Alſo a Lot in Leeſburg, with a Brick Houſe, two Stories high, and all Conveniences for keeping a Tavern, in the moſt public Part of the Town, with about 8 Acres of Meadow adjoining the Town, all which is watered by a very conſtant Stream running through it, already ditched. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may know the Terms, by applying to the Subſcriber, living on the ſaid Lot in Leeſburg. Time will be given for Payment. I have alſo for Sale about 1500 Acres of unimproved Land, on very reaſonable Terms. § 3 M. CRAVEN PEYTON.

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER,

A VALUABLE plantation and tract of land, ſituate in Lebanon, in the county of Hunterdon, in Weſt-Jerſey; containing 615 acres; there is a good griſt-mill and ſaw-mill erected thereon; the griſt-mill is large, and well built; has two pair of ſtones; the boulting reels, and hoiſtings, go by water; there is a good frame dwelling-houſe, with four rooms on the lower floor; it is a convenient place for a ſtore, being a good wheat country, and thick ſettled; there is a large barn and hay-houſe, a large quantity of good watered meadow, and more may be made at a ſmall expence, upwards of 100 acres of cleared plow land, and a young orchard on the premiſes. The ſaid tract of land may be divided into two plantations, and leave a ſufficient quantity of land and meadow to accommodate the mill; it will be ſold in parts, or all together, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers. Any perſon or perſons inclining to purchaſe the whole, or any part thereof, by applying to the ſubſcriber, living in Bucks county, near the Falls Ferry; or to David M'Kenny, on the premiſes, may be informed reſpecting the title, and terms of ſale. MAHLON KIRKBRIDE. ‖ 6 W.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in the townſhip of Deptford, in the county of Glouceſter, in the Jerſeys, on the 16th of Auguſt, 1770, an Engliſh ſervant man, named EDWARD CLEMONS, *about 23 years of age, 5 feet 4 inches high, middle ſtature, a good deal knock-kneed, ſandy complexion, ſtraight hair, four look, and calls himſelf a pin-maker by trade; had on, when he went away, an oxenbrigs ſhirt, tow trowſers, new felt hat, brown coat, with horn buttons, a white flannel jacket, and new ſhoes; as he has lately run away twice, once he was put in Cheſter goal, next he got to Burlington county, he had a horſe lock on his left leg, under his trowſers, tied up to the calf of his leg, but may have got it off. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by* JAMES HINCHMAN.

For SALE.

A Very valuable Plantation, pleaſantly ſituated in the Township of Hopewell, in Cumberland County, about 9 Miles to the Weſtward of Carliſle, on Conodogwainet Creek, including the noted Big Spring, which riſes at a little Diſtance from, and runs through ſaid Lands; the Tract contains about 400 Acres, one Fourth of which is extraordinary Bottom, and the Remainder good Wheat Land; there are, on the Premiſes, 20 or 30 Acres of cleared Land, a tolerable Houſe, with a Mill-ſeat, inferior to none in the Province. For Terms apply to EDWARD SHIPPEN, Eſq; at Lancaſter, JAMES WILSON, Eſq; at Carliſle, SAMUEL MIFFLIN, Eſq; or JOHN COX, junior, in Philadelphia. 3m.

SIX DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away, from the Subſcriber, living in the City of Philadelphia, an Iriſh Servant Man, named *Owen Rodgers*, aged 35 Years, about 5 Feet 7 Inches high, has ſhort black Hair, with a Spot of white Hair on the Forepart of his Head, of a dark Complexion, has a flat Noſe, and ſeveral Scars on his Head, and one on his Side; had on, when he went away, a half worn ſtriped linſey woolſey Jacket, made Sailor Faſhion, an old fine Shirt, a Pair of ſtriped Trowſers, old Shoes, and Copper Buckles, without a Hat. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid Servant, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

¶ GEORGE M'DOWELL.

N. B. *All Maſters of Veſſels are forbid to carry him off at their Peril.*

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

October 18, 1770. NUMB. 2182.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

By Captain WOOLSEY, *from Dublin, we have the following Advices, viz.*

GENOA, July 7.

WE have received Letters here, which aſſert, that the Execution, lately ſaid to have been at Liſbon, was all Fiction. It is however true, that a Conſpiracy has been diſcovered, in Conſequence of which his Majeſty has demanded Succours from the King of Spain, which have been accordingly granted, who form a Chain round the Frontiers of Portugal, while the Portugueſe guard their Ports, in order to prevent any of the Conſpirators from eſcaping.

Letters from Marſeilles adviſe, that the French Fleet no ſooner arrived before Tunis, than the Bey ſubmitted to every Thing which the French demanded of him, and had ordered his Corſairs to be immediately diſarmed. The Daniſh Squadron has left Gibraltar, in order to go againſt the Algerines.

Trieſte, July 7. General Count Orlow, being adviſed that the Army of the Seraſquier, who commanded in the Morea, was every Day increaſing, and finding he could not have any Reliance either on the Mainotes or the Greeks of that Province, and having farther received Advice that the Turkiſh Fleet had ſailed for Tenedos, he abandoned the Morea, and embarked his Troops on board the Fleet, in order to meet that of the Turks. The Ruſſians, before they abandoned Navarino, laid a Train in order to blow up the Turks on their Entry into that Fortreſs; but by ſome Miſtake it had a contrary Effect, blew up before the Time intended, and deſtroyed great Numbers of Mainotes and Greek Inhabitants. After this Event, the Seraſquier advanced towards Maina, to puniſh the Inhabitants for their Revolt. The Dulcignotes have alſo teſtified their Zeal for the Grand Signor, having landed a conſiderable Force at Miſolonghi, cut the Inhabitants in Pieces, and reduced their chief Town to Aſhes; they alſo ſet Fire to the Veſſels in the Harbour, which were all deſtroyed.

Ancona, July 9. Letters from Corfu adviſe, that the Ruſſians have abandoned Navarino, the only ſtrong Place they had left in the Morea. They add, that the Turks who had advanced within ſome Diſtance of the Town, ſeeing Part of the Fortifications blown up, immediately repaired thither to ſecure the reſt; and finding that the Ruſſians left behind them three Pieces of Cannon, they diſcharged them ſeveral Times againſt the Ruſſian Ships, and that the Admiral's Ship was much damaged by this Means. Theſe Letters confirm, that the Ruſſians have ſunk two Turkiſh Ships, belonging to Jaffier Bey of Napoli di Romania.

Legborn, July 13. They write from Baſtia, that the Corſican Mountaineers have lately committed ſome freſh Exceſſes. They plundered the Houſe of a Nobleman named Gavini, at Campile, in the Pieve of Caſſicconi, and then murdered that Nobleman and his Nephew. The Count de Marbœuf, upon being informed of this Affair, ordered the Garriſon of Baſtia to march againſt them, and has taken ſuch Meaſures for apprehending them, that it will be next to impoſſible for them to eſcape.

Copenhagen, July 23. This Day the Ruſſian Fleet, from Cronſtadt and Revel, to the Number of 18 or 20 Ships, arrived in our Road.

Dantzick, July 20. The following are the principal Demands made by his Majeſty the King of Pruſſia on this City: 1. That we ſhall ſettle and pay, without Delay, all the Demands made by the Subjects of the King of Pruſſia on this City or the Burghers. 2. That the Pruſſians ſhall have Liberty to enliſt Recruits, agreeable to the Treaty of Whelaver. 3. The City ſhall not ſuffer any Pruſſian Deſerters to continue there. 4. That the Money conſigned to the Pruſſian Reſident in Dantzick ſhall not be liable to Inſpection. And 5. That the Inhabitants ſhall comport themſelves in ſuch Manner as not to give any Cauſe of Complaint hereafter to his Majeſty. On conforming to the above, and paying the Sum of 75000 Ducats, at three Payments, we are to have Liberty to depute two Counſellors to wait on his Majeſty, in order to put an End to this Matter, which has given us great Uneaſineſs.

Legborn, July 5. A Veſſel arrived here from Mytylene, fell in, the 7th of laſt Month, with the Turkiſh Squadron, conſiſting of 23 Sail, off the Coaſt of Sira, going to the Iſle of Banchio; and 10 or 12 hours after he met 13 Ruſſian Men of War, who were going in Purſuit of them.

LONDON, *Auguſt* 6.

On Saturday laſt his Majeſty ſent a Gentleman to Mr. Akerman, Keeper of Newgate, who paid the Sum of 100l. which was levied by the Houſe of Lords on Mr. Edmunds (late Publiſher of the Middleſex Journal, in which was inſerted the Lords Proteſt) The Dues to the Black Rod are ordered not to be paid. An Inſtance of Sovereign Clemency in ſuch a Caſe, is not to be paralleled.

The Ruſſians being driven entirely from the Morea, and having collected all their Strength on board their Fleet, ſeem to put all to the Hazard of a Naval Engagement. If they ſhould even conquer the Turks, their Fleet muſt be greatly ſhattered, and they will not ſoon be able to repair it; whilſt the Turks, who are at home, may ſoon repair their Damages; if, on the contrary, the Ruſſians ſhould be worſted, moſt of the Powers in the Mediterranean would, doubtleſs, no longer continue neuter, but take that Opportunity to put a final Period to the Ruſſian Naval Power in the Mediterranean.

Auguſt 7. They write from Port Mahon, that the Emperor of Morocco had ſent a Fleet of ſeven Ships againſt the Spaniſh Port of Ceuta, in Africa; and that an Army of near 40,000 Moors were to attack it on the Land Side at the ſame Time.

The above Fortreſs originally belonged to the Prince of Africa; it is ſituated on the Coaſt of Barbary, at the Extremity of a very fine Harbour, almoſt oppoſite to Gibraltar. It was taken from the Moors in 1415, by the Portugueſe, and then afterwards given to the Spaniards, who now poſſeſs it. The Africans attacked it vigorouſly in 1697, but were obliged to raiſe the Siege; it is however to be apprehended, that the enterprizing Genius of the preſent King of Morocco will enable him to wreſt it from the Spaniſh Crown.

Authentic Letters from Gibraltar mention, that an Engliſh Sloop of War had put into that Port, having Orders from the Miniſtry to prevent all Subjects of Great-Britain, in the Mediterranean, from entering on board the Ruſſian Fleet.

From the above Intelligence, which we have on the beſt Authority, it ſeems reaſonable to ſuppoſe Adminiſtration has taken this Step, in Conſequence of knowing the Nation is on the Eve of a War, and that it is neceſſary to keep our Seamen for the public Defence.

The Report of a Conciliation of Parties is entirely falſe and groundleſs; and we are aſſured no Union will ever take Place between the preſent contending Parties, the Gentlemen in Oppoſition have frequently declared, that they never will come into Power again, unleſs every Man who has attached himſelf to the preſent Adminiſtration, be diſmiſſed from his Employment.

Lord N----- has received a certain Aſſurance of the Poſſeſſion of all his Honours and Emoluments---till the 10th of November next at leaſt.

All the Intereſt of ſeveral Gentlemen of the Navy has been exerted to get appointed to the Jamaica Station, to which Capt. Elliot is nominated, through the Interceſſion and ſtrong Recommendation of Lord North.

Several Flag-officers, we hear, are not a little diſpleaſed at the above Appointment.

Diſpatches which were received a few Days ſince from Copenhagen inform us, that his Daniſh Majeſty is now actually preparing to take up Arms againſt the Court of France.

It is certain there is now, in Chatham Dock-yard only, Stores of every Kind ſufficient to equip 40 capital Ships of the Line.

We are aſſured a great Lawyer talked very confidently to an exalted Perſonage, of his Reſolution to retire before the Approach of Winter, having laboured ſufficiently long in the Service of his Country.

It is alſo ſaid, that an Eye has been caſt of late among the Gentlemen of the Robe, for a Succeſſor ſufficiently qualified to fill up the Vacancy, if a certain Reſignation ſhould take Place.

Some extraordinary Demands for ſuppoſed Claims, and a Reſtitution of certain Loſſes, we are told, will certainly be made on ſome foreign Powers by the Britiſh Court, in a very ſhort Time.

It is ſaid, that if the 10,000 l. Damages lately given to a noble Lord, be not paid before the 10th of November, the Sheriffs of Middleſex will enter a fine Houſe in Pall-Mall, and diſpoſe of the Goods by public Auction.

Extract of a Letter from Lenberg, in Poland, dated July 12.

"Col. Schutze, in the Service of the Confederates, was detached lately from Konitczki, by the famous Pulaſki, with 300 Huſſars, and 60 Polanders, towards the Mountains in this Neighbourhood. He arrived at 2 o' Clock in the Morning of the 7th inſtant, in the Suburb named Cracow, and ſurpriſed M. Traubenberg, a Colonel in the Service of the Ruſſians, who lodged there, and before whoſe Houſe there was only a ſmall Guard of 3 Carabineers, one of whom was immediately ſhot. Col. Traubenberg eſcaped precipitately from his Bed through the Garden, and happily took Refuge in this Town.

"When the Confederates entered his Chamber, they found his Spouſe there, very big with Child, who had got out of Bed, was then in her Shift, and endeavouring to eſcape as well as her Huſband; one of the Barbarians immediately ſtruck her on the Head with his Sabre, another diſcharged his Muſket into her Breaſt, and a third run his Sabre through the Body of this unfortunate Lady, who had fallen to the Ground, bathed in her Blood. She died the Moment after, while the inhuman Murderers ſtole her Huſband's Money, conſiſting of 700 Roubles, and 400 Ducats.

"They then endeavoured to force the Gate of Cracow, and afterwards that of Halize, but were repulſed at both, and retired at 7 o'Clock in the Morning to Nawary, a League and a Half from hence. Colonel Traubenberg purſued them with 50 Carabineers, and 60 Infantry, and attacked them at Nawary. The Confederates retreated towards Puſtomyly, and took Refuge in a Wood, after having had 70 Men killed. The Loſs of the Ruſſians was inconſiderable."

According to private Advices from Liſbon we learn, that the Public in general are extremely alarmed at the Line of Circumvallation, which is now formed round Portugal by the Spaniſh Troops, and ſome incendiary Papers have been dropped in the Streets of the Capital, inſinuating a Deſign was hatching to ſell the Kingdom to the Catholick King.

It is confidently ſaid, an Order, ſimilar to that of Commodore Gambier, has been tranſmitted to General Gage, Commander in Chief of the American Land Forces, who is to act in Concert with the Commodore, if Occaſion require.

Aug. 8. *In laſt Night's Gazette a Reward of* 1000 *l. clear of all Deductions, is offered by the Admiralty, to any Perſon as ſhall, within* 3 *Months, diſcover any of the Perſons concerned in ſetting Fire to the Store-houſes and Buildings in the Dock-yard at Portſmouth; and his Majeſty promiſes his Pardon to any of the ſaid Offenders (except the Perſon who actually ſet the Premiſes on Fire) who ſhall diſcover any one or more of his other Accomplices in the ſaid Offence, ſo that he or they may be apprehended and proſecuted to conviction.*

A Letter received from Portſmouth Yeſterday mentions, that many threatening Letters have been found in and about that Place, and that the Inhabitants are in the greateſt Fear. It likewiſe mentions, that nothing material has appeared againſt thoſe People who have been taken up on Suſpicion.

Aug. 9. Letters from the Sound ſay, that the third Ruſſian Squadron, fitted out at Cronſtadt, paſſed there, with a fair Wind, for the Humber, where it is to take in whatever Things it may ſtand in Need of, and then proceed to the Mediterranean. A great Number of regular Troops are embarked on board this Squadron.

Extract of a Letter from Goſport, Auguſt 3.

"Sunday Morning early paſſed through this Town from his Lodge at Cranborne, his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland. He croſſed the Water to the Dock-yard, to take a View of the ſad Effects of the Fire; and returned about Noon to Cranborne.---It is certainly a Fact, that the Dorſetſhire was ordered to compleat her Number of Men (viz. 500) and to ſail immediately for the Streights. She is to be joined at Spithead by the Auguſta, from Chatham; and the Edgar, at Plymouth. The Reaſon aſſigned for their ſudden Departure, is owing to a Fleet of French Ships having juſt ſailed for the Streights, it is imagined, to annoy the Ruſſians."

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We are informed, that a Commercial Treaty is concluded between the King of Sardinia and the Empreſs of Ruſſia.

We hear from Hamburgh, that three Dutch Tranſports, of 600 Tons each, are now in the Elbe, lading with Naval Stores for Breſt, Rochfort, and Toulon.

We hear, that Orders have been tranſmitted to General Gage, to act in Concert with Commodore Gambier, in carrying into Execution certain coercive Meaſures of Government, with reſpect to the Inhabitants of the Town of Boſton.

We are informed, that ſeveral Veſſels, from 100 to 500 Tons, are on the Stocks at Colberg, Koningſburgh, and other Towns of Ducal Pruſſia, ſubject to the Court of Berlin, that Prince's great Aim being to become a Maritime Power.

Letters from Liſbon mention, that Count La Lippe, Generaliſſimo of the Portugueſe Land Forces, had been ſent for to Court, on urgent Buſineſs, and was daily expected there from Germany.

Extract of a Letter from Palma, in the Iſland of, Majorca, July 8.

"By a French Veſſel, this Moment arrived from Algier, we are informed, that four Daniſh Ships of the Line arrived there the firſt of this Month, and continued in the Road all that Day, waiting for 2 Frigates, 2 Bomb-ketches, and 4 Tranſports, which joined them the Day following. On the 3d they entered the Bay, where they caſt Anchor, and hoiſted the white Flag. Upon this, the Dey ſent the French Conſul, with the Captain of the Port, to know the Intention of that Squadron; and the Anſwer they received from the Commandant was, "That the King of Denmark, his Maſter, demanded Peace with the Algerines, on the Conditions contained in a Packet, which he delivered to them; the firſt Article of which was, To reſtore all the Daniſh Slaves, with the three Daniſh Prizes lately taken, and to pay all Expences of this Armament." This Packet having been delivered to the Dey, he ordered all the Artillery to be immediately tranſported to the Lantern; and in the Night, between the 4th and 5th, the Algerines began to throw Bombs at the Daniſh Ships, but they all burſt in the Air, without doing any Damage to the Ships; and the bad Quality of the Powder with which their Artillery were ſerved, prevented its having any Effect. The Daniſh Ships, in Return, began to play their Artillery, but without Bullets. On the 5th, however, the Daniſh Bomb-ketches drew up on the Side of Ponent, and the four Ships formed a Line to ſupport them. The Algerines ſent ſome Gallies and Galliots, with a View to ſurprize and deſtroy the Bomb-ketches; but the Situation of the Ships prevented the Project's taking Effect. In the Night between the 6th and 7th, the Bomb-ketches began to play; at which Time the French Ship, which brings this News, put to Sea; and the next Day, at the Diſtance of ten Leagues, heard the continual Report of Artillery."

By Advices from Madrid we are informed, that the Court had given Orders for a ſtrict Guard to be kept upon the King's Magazines and Dock-yards at Ferrol, Cadiz, and Carthagena.

Orders are now given for more Ships of War to inveſt the Town of Boſton, and for more Regiments, who are to reſume their old Quarters in it.

They write from Peterſburgh, that the Court has received ſome favourable Accounts from Count Tottleben, who having been joined by the Legion, compoſed of 8 or 10,000 Men, which was raiſed at Aſtracan, had marched againſt the Turks, who attempted to penetrate into Georgia, and had beat two Baſhaws, after which he purſued them as far as Erzerum: That the Empreſs of Ruſſia was extremely pleaſed with the good Behaviour of General Tottleben, and had accordingly ſent an Expreſs to him, with ſome further Inſtructions, as well as to confirm her Approbation of his Conduct; ſo that what has been lately publiſhed, as if the Turks had beaten a Prince of Georgia, who had joined his Troops to the Ruſſians, ſeems to be falſe.

It is certain Mr. Alderman Townſend will be Lord Mayor of this City the enſuing Year.

His Grace the Duke of Grafton has publicly declared his Reſolution, that he will not meddle, in any Manner whatever, with public Affairs, during the Receſs of Parliament.

It is aſſerted with the utmoſt Confidence, that Sir Edward Hawke will immediately retire with the moſt honourable Diſtinctions of Royal Favour.

It has alſo been reſolved on in C------, to have all Affairs relating to Party and public Complaints, diſpatched in the Beginning of the Seſſion, in order that no civil Diſſentions at Home may interrupt any Meaſure againſt a Rupture with a foreign Power, which is certainly expected.

We are informed the French Ambaſſador has intimated to the Miniſtry, his Maſter's Deſire of the Mediation of our Court, in the Diſpute between him and the King of Denmark, which has been refuſed.

It is certain, that the Bey of Tunis, and other States of Barbary, have offered to join the Moors, againſt the Spaniards.

An immediate War is ſaid to be the earneſt Deſire of ſome Perſons late at the Head of national Affairs, as the only Means of retarding a particular Enquiry into ſome moſt infamous Tranſactions of a domeſtic Nature.

It is ſaid, that the Conduct and Moderation of the Chief Magiſtrate of a certain great City is ſo agreeable to the Court, that it has been taken particular Notice of by a certain Great Perſonage.

Aug. 10. Letters from the Levant mention an Engagement between the Ruſſian and Turkiſh Fleets, the former of which conſiſted of 14, the latter of 12 Ships, and that the former had deſtroyed two Turkiſh Ships; but no other Particulars are mentioned.

We hear the Cauſe of the Duke of Portland's Appearance at Court Yeſterday, was his Grace's being ſent for by his Majeſty, in order to offer him ſome high Employment in the Adminiſtration.

Brandywine Hundred, October 12, 1770.

TO BE SOLD,

On Friday, the 26th inſtant, at 10 *o' clock in the forenoon, by publick vendue, at the dwelling-houſe of* GEORGE BRATTEN, *in Brandywine Hundred, New-Caſtle county,*

THE plantation whereon the ſaid Bratten now dwells, containing about 140 *acres of land,* 12 *acres whereof are meadow ground; there are, on the ſaid tract, a very good orchard, with about* 400 *apple trees, a good log-houſe,* 2 *ſtories high, adjoining to which is a good ſtone building,* 30 *by* 16 *feet in the clear, with two good fire-places; alſo a barn, ſtable, draw-well, &c.*

And, at the ſame time, will be ſold by the ſaid Bratten, one other tract of land, containing about 86 *acres, ſituate in ſaid Hundred, bounded by lands of James Bratten, and James Huſton,* 9 *acres whereof are good ſwamp meadow. The above tracts are well watered, and in good repair. Likewiſe, will be ſold, houſhold furniture, ſundry cows, horſes, ſheep, hogs, and young oxen.*

Any perſon deſirous of purchaſing one or both of the ſaid tracts, before the day of ſale, may view the premiſes, by applying to ſaid GEORGE BRATTEN, *who will make an indiſputable title for the ſame. If the weather ſhould prove bad on the day of ſale, the vendue will be deferred till the next day.* ¶

WANTED immediately,

A DISCREET ſober WOMAN, as a Houſe-keeper in the Country, about 25 Miles from Philadelphia. Enquire of RANDLE MITCHELL, in Water-ſtreet, near Walnut-ſtreet.

FLAX-SEED

Is taken in, by HUGH HARTSHORNE,

At Briſtol, at the Philadelphia Price.

[*For more new Advertiſements, ſee the Fourth Page.*]

Peterſburgh, July 12. The Letters that are daily received here in great Numbers, unanimouſly confirm the Defeat of the Princes Repnin and Proſorowſki: They alſo mention, that General Romanzow, who had advanced ten Miles on the other Side of Choczim, to ſuccour them, having heard of their Defeat, had retired to the Nieſter, and ſent all the heavy Baggage on the other Side of that River. The laſt Advices add to this News, that the General, ſeeing himſelf threatened by 70,000 of the Enemy, who were encamped on the Pruth, about eight Leagues from him, paſſed the Nieſter after ſome Skirmiſhes; and they add, that his Rear ſuffered much by the Ottoman Horſe. We are impatient for the Particulars of theſe unforeſeen Events; as alſo for the State of General Panin's Army, which is repreſented as ſurrounded by Tartars, who almoſt ruin him by Fatigue, and intercepting his Proviſions; for the reſt they ſay, that the Grand Viſir, after paſſing the Danube, ordered the Bridge of Iſaktcha, and that of Boats, which he had built at Gurgelow, to be broken down, and then declared to his Troops, that they muſt conquer or die on this Side of that River.

Warſaw, July 23. According to our laſt Advices from the Frontiers of Turkey, the Ruſſian Army had retired a little back, and is poſted advantageouſly to face the numerous Troops of the Turks. It was not through any Fear of the latter that the Ruſſians have abandoned Moldavia, but only on Account of the epidemical Diſtemper, which hath begun to prevail there. It is ſaid this Diſtemper hath alſo broke out at Laſlaw, in Volhinia, at Bar, and in the Neighbourhood of Kaminiec.

All we know of Gen. Panin's Army is, that it hath advanced towards Bender. M. Zaremba, Regimentary of the Confederacy, who was ſituated near Petrikau with 4000 Men, hath quitted that Diſtrict upon the Approach of Col. Drewitz, and diſperſed his Troops.

July 25. Gen. Count de Romanzow is advanced to the Danube without meeting with the leaſt Obſtruction in his March; a Body of Turks, who paſſed that River, retired upon his Approach to a little Neck of Land between the Pruth and the Danube. It is given out here, that the Turks have ſet Fire to Bender, and left it; and that they are gone towards Oczakow; but this News wants Confirmation. However, it is certain, that the Tartars have been three Times repulſed, with great Loſs, by General Panin.

Copenhagen, July 28. The famous old Man of the North, Chriſtian Jacob Drakenberg, lately died at Aarhuus, in the 146th Year of his Age. He was born at Stavanger, in Norway, in the Year 1624, and lived ſingle until the Age of 113 Years, when he married a Widow of 60 Years of Age. During the latter Part of his Life he was frequently viſited by Perſons of the higheſt Rank, who were curious to ſee and converſe with him. It is ſaid, that there is a Print of this old Man in England, curiouſly engraved.

From the Frontiers of Poland, July 27. *The army of General Romanzow has reached the banks of the Danube without any loſs; and the body of troops which the Grand Viſir had detached to watch their motions, is retired to the point of land, which is formed by the junction of the Pruth and the Danube. General Panin, who is before Bender, has three times repulſed the Tartars, who had attacked his Troops.*

Genoa, July 15. *We hear from Corſica, that the Count de Marbœuf has convened the General Aſſembly, to know what it is that the people of the iſland requeſt. It is ſaid their demands are, "That France may have the ſupreme domaine of the kingdom of Corſica; but that the government ſhall be republican: That the public employments, churches and benefices, ſhall be at the diſpoſal of the Corſicans: That the people ſhall have a ſpeaker, to deliver whatever they may have to lay before the King: That all the public acts ſhall be written in the Italian Language: And that the Corſican people ſhall retain the privilege of ſalt and the mint."*

Naples, July 17. *We learn from Malta, that the 24th ult. five Ruſſian ſhips paſſed by that iſland, ſteering for the iſland of Minorca. Some give out they have on board 2000 Greeks, who are deſirous to ſettle on that iſland; but others ſay, that the above ſhips have been ſeparated from the Ruſſian fleet, on account of their having a contagious ſickneſs on board.*

LONDON, August 11.

They write from Berlin, that his Pruſſian Majeſty has ordered a curious Monument to be erected to perpetuate the Memory of the late Field Marſhal Count Schwerin, who was killed at the Battle of Prague, in the Year 1757, when he charged the Enemy at the Head of his Regiment, with the Colours in his Hand.

The Plan of Operations ſaid to be laid down by the Turks in the preſent Campaign againſt the Ruſſians, we are informed, is, that their Infantry, in which they are inferior to the Ruſſians, ſhall be kept, for the moſt Part, in and about their ſtrong Places, while their Cavalry, in which they are more numerous, are to keep the Field, and to fall upon the Enemy as Opportunity may offer.

Letters from Germany bring a Confirmation of the great Application made by the Houſe of Auſtria to put its Military not only in a reſpectable, but even a formidable Situation. It is ſaid, that it conſiſts in the whole of above 100,000 Troops, thoroughly well trained, diſciplined and provided.

Letters by the French and Dutch Mails mention prodigious Storms in ſeveral Parts of Germany, which had done great Damage; and that at Plombiers, in Lorraine, great Numbers were killed in a Tempeſt, among whom were twenty Stangers, who came there for the Benefit of the Baths.

Letters from Paris ſay, the Court of Verſailles has lately made ſome Demands of a very extraordinary Nature upon the Republic of Genoa, which has occaſioned the holding ſeveral Councils.

We are aſſured, notwithſtanding the late Diſaſter at Portſmouth, that this Nation could, within two Months, fit out 90 Sail of the Line.

The Terms, it is ſaid, Lord M------d is to retire on, are theſe: His Lordſhip is to have a Penſion of 3000l. per Annum, with a Proviſo of his Attendance at Council, and private Levees.

From Conſtantinople we learn, that the Grand Signor in a Fit of Rage ſtruck off the Viſir's Head, with his own Hand, in the Midſt of the Divan, for giving him ſome wholeſome Advice, which not agreeing with the Maxims of his Sublime Highneſs, he took this Method of acquainting the World, that he was not to be contradicted, even in Matters of the greateſt Importance. The continual Scene of Confuſion on all Sides has ſo exaſperated his Mightineſs, that it is no longer ſafe or prudent to venture into his Preſence, ſo that the Office of Viſir at preſent is looked upon as not very eligible, eſpecially by thoſe who would like to ſleep in a whole Skin.

The Report of a certain Council having declared, that one of the American Colonies had forfeited their Charter, is totally void of Foundation.

It is now more poſitively aſſerted than ever, that Lord Camden will be appointed Lord Chancellor next Week.

Yeſterday a Council was ſummoned to meet this Day, at St. James's, when, it is ſaid, the Motions of our Enemies will be taken into Conſideration, and what Part Britain is likely to take in any Troubles that may commence, in order to put her into a proper Situation.

If it will afford any Satisfaction to the Dubious, we can aſſure them, that a noble Duke, not long ſince in high Office (on a Talk and Aſſertion of our being at the Eve of a War) has wagered 1000 Guineas to 500, that we ſhall have no Rupture with any Power between this and Chriſtmas 1771.

A Squadron of five Frigates, with two Tenders, is now getting ready at Chatham, to cruize about the French and Spaniſh Ports, to watch their Motions. The Command will be given to an able Sea Officer.

They write from Paris, that Meſſengers with Diſpatches are daily paſſing and repaſſing from the Court of Vienna to that of Verſailles; but that the Subject of theſe Diſpatches was kept a profound Secret.

It is reported, that at a Board of Admiralty, held a few Days ago, the immediately calling Home of Engliſh Seamen, at the different foreign Ports, was the Subject under Conſideration.

We learn from very good Authority, that a Great Perſon has lately expreſſed the moſt earneſt Deſire of having the unhappy Differences, between Great-Britain and America, terminated in a Manner equally ſatisfactory to both Parties, and with all the Expedition the Nature of the Buſineſs will allow.

The Guards at Plymouth are doubled, and other Precautions taken, on Account of ſome malicious Attempts lately made to ſet Fire to that Place.

Auguſt 13. A Correſpondent enumerating the great Advantages this Nation derives from the Eaſt-India Company, ſays, it compenſates more than three Times for any Loſſes we may ſuſtain from a Stagnation in our American Trade; for, in the firſt Place, the India Company makes the Government (for their excluſive Privileges) a free Gift of four hundred thouſand Pounds per Annum, and they pay in Duties twelve hundred thouſand Pounds a Year more, without the Government's being at Six-pence Expence in collecting it. They export and conſume yearly at leaſt three hundred thouſand Pounds Worth of our Manufactures. They export Eaſt-India Goods, beſides what they run into France, to the Amount of at leaſt five hundred thouſand Pounds a Year clear Profit to this Country; and they have returned from India to England, in the Space of ten Years, upwards of two Millions in private Fortunes, acquired by their Officers and Servants; not to mention, that in their thirty Ships, they keep conſtantly employed three thouſand Seamen, an ineſtimable Treaſure to our Navy, and ſuch a Nurſery as no other European Nation can boaſt of.

An Account of the Money and Cargoe on board the Spaniſh Flota, which arrived the 16th of May laſt at the Sound of Tortuga, under the Command of the Marquis de Caſſa Tilly, from Vera Cruz, and is expected to arrive at Cadiz the Beginning of this Month.

	Hard Dollars,	Q.
Silver in Coin - - -	13,652,666	7
Gold in Ditto - - - -	281,028	0
Wrought Silver - - - -	2,154	2
Ditto Gold - - - -	53,525	5
	13,989,374	6
Merchandize of various Kinds -	1,780,594	1
Beſides more Gold and Silver in Coin, Wrought Plate, and other Effects, to the Amount of - - -	1,870,982	0
Hard Dollars	17,640,950	7

Valuing the Dollars at 4s. 6d. each, it amounts to 3,969,214l. Sterling.

It is poſitively aſſerted, that the King of Pruſſia has determined to take Part with the Ruſſians, in caſe the Houſe of Auſtria ſhould in any Manner oppoſe the Operations of the Court of Peterſburgh, in the preſent War with the Turks.

The Harveſt, which was thought to have been late, has, within theſe few Days, advanced in a ſurprizing Manner. The Wheat, which before the late Thunder would not have been fit to cut in leſs than a Fortnight, has ripened ſo faſt, that ſome have already begun to cut in Kent, and more will follow the Example in a few Days.

Auguſt 14. *They write from Copenhagen, that a Fleet is fitting out at Elſineur, ſuppoſed to be intended againſt ſome of the French Settlements, as War is expected ſoon to be declared, the Daniſh Ambaſſador having left the French Court.*

It may be a Satisfaction to the Public to be informed, after all the exaggerated Accounts of the Loſſes to the Government by the Fire at Portſmouth Dock-yard, the whole Value of the Stores will not amount to more than 50,000l. The greateſt Part of the Buildings conſumed were deſtined to be pulled down in Two Years Time, and the Materials would have been diſpoſed of for Fire-wood.

Extract of a Letter from Venice, July 27.

"We learn Admiral Elphinſton has ſunk the Ship of Zaffier Bey, who made his Eſcape in a ſmall Boat; he took ſeveral others, and diſperſed the reſt, moſt of them diſmaſted, and otherwiſe greatly damaged. The Grand Signor has ſent Orders to the Cappiggy to ſtrike off the Commander's Head."

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, Auguſt 7.

"A new Loan is negociating here of Two Millions for the Empreſs of Ruſſia, for which her Imperial Majeſty offers to mortgage the Duties upon Goods ſent in and out of Peterſburgh, which is looked upon as an ample Security. It is alſo aſſured, that the Duke of Saxe Hildbourghauſen is endeavouring to raiſe 800,000 Florins in this Country, upon the Revenues of his Dutchy, in which he is likely to ſucceed.

"Accounts from Peterſburgh of good Authority adviſe, that a Coolneſs has lately been obſerved between the Empreſs and the Senate of Ruſſia, which latter begins to aſſume more Authority than heretofore; a Conduct by no Means pleaſing to the Empreſs, though ſhe is too politic to expreſs her Diſſatisfaction at preſent. However, if any Thing of this Kind ſhould happen, it muſt prove very detrimental to our public Affairs.

"Letters from Dantzick adviſe, that the Magiſtracy of that City had applied to the Empreſs of Ruſſia, in order to obtain her good Offices with the King of Pruſſia, not only for effecting an Accommodation between them, but likewiſe a Mitigation of the Sum demanded by his Pruſſian Majeſty. The former Part might probably meet with Succeſs, but there are very ſmall Hopes of obtaining any Abatement of the Demand in Money; his Pruſſian Majeſty being peremptory in Affairs of that Sort. Beſides, the Deputation which the Dantzickers ſent to Berlin upon this Errand, found all Overtures for an Abatement were treated with Contempt, although in every other Reſpect the Deputies were received, and treated with the greateſt Politeneſs."

Yeſterday Morning a Mail Cart, of a new Conſtruction, was brought to the General Poſt Office, in Lombard-ſtreet. It is contrived in ſuch a Manner as to prevent the Mail being robbed or carried off for the future; and will be immediately made Uſe of.

The following Liſt of a new Adminiſtration is handed about at the Weſt End of the Town:

Lord Camden, Lord Chancellor.

Marquis of Rockingham, Firſt Lord of the Treaſury.

Earl of Chatham, Secretary of State for the Southern Department, with a full Scope of Government.

Earl of Shelburne, Secretary of State for the Northern Department.

Mr. Dowdeſwell, to be Firſt Lord of Trade and Plantations.

And, Earl of Hillſborough to continue as Secretary of State for North-America.

Other Accounts ſay, the Dreams of an approaching Coalition of Parties are now entirely vaniſhed.

Sir Edward Hawke came to Town this Day from his Seat at Sudbury, to be preſent at a Board of Admiralty, which is to be held To-morrow.

Lord Dunmore was expected to ſail as this Day from Portſmouth, for his Government at New-York.

Extract of a Letter from Paris, Auguſt 3.

"We begin already to feel the Effects of the Means made Uſe of by the Abbe Terray to raiſe Money. His violent Meaſures have made ſuch an Impreſſion, that without mentioning Foreigners, which we muſt no longer think of, there is no Credit to be found within this Kingdom, ſo as to raiſe the neceſſary Sums for the Exigences of the Court. In ſhort, there is ſuch a general Want of Confidence in Money Affairs, that the Abbe Terray muſt ſubmit to make Uſe of much milder Methods before he will be able to reſtore Public Credit. It is ſaid that the Duke de Choiſeul laughs in his Sleeve at the Embarraſſment of the Comptroller General.

"The Parliament has it ſtill under Conſideration to take effectual Meaſures to put a Stop to the Diſturbances which have lately happened on Account of the high Price of Corn.

"The Princeſs of Monaco is ſuing the Prince her Huſband for a Separation of Perſon and Eſtate; and on this Account ſhe has retired into a Convent.

"The Accounts which we have juſt received of the Devaſtation occaſioned by the Earthquake at St. Domingo, are dreadful, and the Conſequences will prove very ſevere to many here."

Some very diſagreeable News has lately been received from the Eaſt-Indies. Sommero, the Renegade General, who a few Years ago murdered a great Number of Engliſh Priſoners in cold Blood, and who has remained unheard of a conſiderable Time, has at length emerged from his Obſcurity, and is now at the Head of 90,000 Men, committing Acts of Hoſtility on one of the Nabobs in Alliance with us, near Madraſs. This Circumſtance we have from the beſt Authority.

An Evening Paper ſays, there are Letters in Town which poſitively affirm, that after the Daniſh Fleet had deſtroyed the Batteries of the Algerines upon the Mole, a Flag of Truce was hung out, and that Matters were likely to come to an Accommodation, by the Mediation of the French Conſul. It is alſo ſaid, that two of the Daniſh Ships were very much damaged by the Shells of the Enemy.

Letters from Poland mention the unhappy Situation of the Inhabitants of Moldavia, who are butchered by the Turks, or made Priſoners, on Pretence of their being Rebels, and revolting to the Ruſſians. The Truth is, the poor People having no Means of Reſiſtance when the Ruſſians entered their Country, paſſively ſubmitted, and put themſelves under the Protection of the Enemy. Now the Turks have entered their Country, they would again return to their Duty, but they refuſe their Obedience, becauſe they ſay it is forced, and have hung up a Number of the Men, and carried off the likelieſt of their Women and Children into Captivity.

They write from Liſbon, that the Court had juſt received the diſagreeable Advice of an Earthquake having done immenſe Damage in the Brazils.

It is an alarming Truth, that the Portugal Gold, which uſed to circulate in this Country, is now transferred to the Colonies, and that the Trade for Corn, which uſed to ſupply England with the Coin of that Country, is now wholly carried on by the Americans. It is ſaid they have exported, within theſe two years, Wheat, Flour, and Indian Corn, from three Provinces only, to the Amount of ſeveral Hundred Thouſand Pounds; and that many of the Merchants of that Country are ſo rich, as to have Thouſands of Pounds in the Hands of their Correſpondents in London, by which they make Eight or Ten per Cent. in Bills of Exchange.

It is certain, that Overtures have been made to reſtore the Seals to Lord C-----n, and to compliment Lord Ch-----m with a conſiderable Poſt in the Adm---------n: But as this has been judged a Fineſſe only to divide the Leaders of Oppoſition, the Propoſition, it is ſaid, has been rejected.

It is now beyond all Doubt, that a new Lord Chancellor muſt be appointed before the Meeting of the Parliament; for, if Lord Mansfield retires, the Chair in the Upper Houſe will be vacant, and muſt be filled up.

Lord Mansfield's retiring from the public Buſineſs is now talked of, by thoſe who pretend to be in the Secret, with the moſt confident Authority.

Several Conferences have been lately held, among the principal Perſons in Adminiſtration, concerning the State of the Irish Funds; and, we are aſſured, this will be the Subject of Conſideration at the Beginning of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

By recent Advices from Liſbon, we are informed, that the French Intereſt at that Court is now greatly upon the Decline.

A Letter juſt received from Toulon informs us, that Orders are come there from the Court of Verſailles, for the Conſtruction of fifteen Xebecks, with all poſſible Expedition; and that the greateſt Encouragement is given to Shipwrights, &c. at all the Ports belonging to the Monarchy of France.

Auguſt 15. It is ſaid that Lord Rochford will ſpeedily reſign, and that General Conway will ſucceed him in his Office, pro Tempore.

The King of Pruſſia, beſides the Demand of 90,000l. of the Inhabitants of Dantzick, as a Fine for Diſreſpect ſhown him by the Magiſtrates, has ordered that all thoſe born in Pruſſia, or of Pruſſian Extraction, now reſiding at that Place, be delivered to him. Several of their Magiſtrates, and principal Merchants and Burgeſſes, are originally from Pruſſia, ſo that this laſt Demand frightens the Town much more than the former.

The Right Hon. the Earl of Chatham has again been ſent for, and, it is imagined, he will be at Court To-morrow.

By the Packet which arrived this Day from New-York, there is Advice, that the Inhabitants of that Province had agreed to import all Goods as uſual from England, except Tea; and it is expected their Example will ſoon be followed by the other Provinces, ſo that the Manufacturers in England, that have been ſome Time at a Stand, on Account of the Non-importation Aſſociations of the Colonies, will now have the Encouragement of a free Exportation, which is expected to be as briſk as ever was known for the Seaſon of the Year.

Auguſt 16. The King of Pruſſia (whoſe genius the world is well acquainted with) has declared in Foro Publico, that he will, when opportunity ſerves, ſtrike a ſtroke that ſhall confound all Europe, and, in conſequence, place himſelf on the imperial throne of Ruſſia, a plan from whence he will give laws to the whole world.

Private letters from Paris aſſure us, that the Duke de Choiſeul has ſome great deſigns now on the Carpet, which will ſhortly be made public.

Authentic accounts are received of the ill treatment of ſome Britiſh veſſels in the Mediterranean, by one of the powers of Barbary.

The propoſals of ſome French agents for negociating a loan at Hamburgh, have been lately rejected by the Dutch, and treated with the utmoſt contempt. To ſo low a pitch is French Credit now reduced by the wiſe management of the arbitrary Abbey Terray.

It is aſſerted, that the warlike preparations of the powers of Europe, from ſuſpicion, jealouſy, or ambition, will certainly terminate in a confederacy of two parties of thoſe whoſe intereſt and views may coincide, and a general War may ſoon be expected. Our miniſtry apprehend this, and are determined to be in a ſituation to meet it.

Letters in town ſay, that tranſactions of a very important nature, are now carrying on in a neighbouring kingdom.

They write from Gibraltar, that a Mooriſh admiral is now cruiſing in the Mediterranean with 12 ſail of ſtout Corſairs.

Orders have been given for ſhipping off a number of men and ſtores for Gibraltar, in conſequence of ſome advices lately received.

By an expreſs, which arrived by way of Germany, and through Holland, late on Tueſday evening, certain and authentic advices are brought of a moſt ſignal and total victory of the Ruſſians over the principal army of the Turks, which happened on the 15th of July.

DUBLIN, August 21.

The preſent State of EUROPE.

Ruſſians, fighting. *Turks*, running away. *Germans*, drinking. *Dutch*, getting Money. *Italians*, praying. *French*, bowing and deceiving. *Scotch*, getting Places. *Iriſh*, grumbling. *Engliſh*, doing nothing at all.

A Correſpondent obſerves, that there are upwards of 200 Sail of Ships which come at leaſt ſix Times annually to this City, from five Ports in Cumberland, which, allowing each Ship to be only 120 Tons Burthen, and eſtimating the Coals at 18s. per Ton at a Medium, amounts to 129,600l. Sterling (exclusive of what goes to Scotland on the like Account) almoſt the Whole of which goes out of the Kingdom in Specie; to which add the vaſt Sums in Penſions to Non-Reſidenters, and for Payment of Regiments Abroad, and above all, to Abſentees, &c. as, ſince the Prorogation of Parliament, a greater Number of monied Men, and their Families, than uſual, have gone out of the Kingdom. What muſt poor Ireland at length come to! It need not be wondered at that we are kept poor, when ſuch Sums are continually draining from us.

Thurſday laſt were entered at the Cuſtom-houſe, from Philadelphia, 740 Barrels of Wheat, and 625 Hundred Weight of Flour.

ANNAPOLIS, October 11.

At a Meeting of the Merchants of Baltimore-Town, held at

Mr. Little's the 5th of October, 1770, Mr. John Smith was unanimously chosen Chairman.

On Motion, the Question was put, Whether an Advertisement be published in the Gazette, requesting a Meeting of a General Committee at Annapolis the 25th Instant, to judge of the Expediency of continuing the Association, under the particular Circumstance of the Philadelphia Merchants breaking theirs; and that if such a Meeting cannot be brought about, that in that Case the Merchants of this Town will look upon the Association dissolved, and go into a general Importation, excepting Tea, and other dutiable Goods?

Resolved in the Affirmative.

Signed by Order of the Meeting,

JOHN SMITH, Chairman.

In Consequence of the above Resolution, a Committee of Four will be appointed to attend at Annapolis the 25th instant, to meet such as may be sent from the other Counties.

BOSTON, *October* 8.

Since our last we are favoured with a few Particulars of the Death and Funeral of the late Rev. and pious Mr. WHITEFIELD, which we doubt not will be acceptable to our Readers.

On the Morning he died, viz. the 31st of last Month (having preached the preceding Day in the open Field at Exeter, by Reason of the Meeting House not containing Half the People that came to hear him) he arose from his Bed about 3 o' Clock, and as his constant Manner was, immediately addressed himself to Heaven, in a pathetic and devout Prayer, Mr. Smith his Companion being the only Person then present; after this, resting a while on his Bed, between 4 and 5 he arose a second Time, complained of his Asthma, found himself much straitened for Breath, opened the Windows, walked several Times across the Chamber, in great Distress, passed into the Entry, opening a Window there, but could get no Relief; said to Mr. Smith, I am going, and being led by that Gentleman to a Chair, without a Struggle fell asleep in Jesus!----

The News of this melancholy Event being brought to this Town, a respectable Number of Gentlemen set out for Newbury Port, with a View of bringing his Corpse here for Interment, knowing it to be Mr. Whitefield's Desire, in case he should die at or near Boston, to be buried among his Friends there, insomuch as to request the Favour of a particular Tomb: But to the Surprize of these Gentlemen, upon Application for the Body to the Rev. Mr. Parsons, at whose House he died, they were entirely defeated of their intended Compliance of Mr. Whitefield's Desire; Mr. Parsons absolutely refusing to permit the Corpse being buried but from his own House, and before his own Pulpit.

The Committee finding no Arguments would prevail on Mr. Parsons, and being informed that if they removed the Corpse they must do it by an Officer, and in the Way of the Law, thought proper, after attending the Funeral, to return; and that celebrated and ever memorable Personage, the Rev. Mr. GEORGE WHITEFIELD, now lies buried in the Meeting-House at Newbury Port, of which the Rev. Mr. Parsons is Pastor; within the Bounds of New-England, and next to Boston, in one of the most capital Towns in the Province of Massachusetts-Bay.

It is remarkable, that the Day preceding Mr. Whitefield's Death, upon going out to preach, he expressed himself desirous, God willing, that he might finish his Work with that Day.

Funeral Sermons were preached Yesterday in many Churches in this Town, on Account of the Death of the Rev. Mr. Whitefield.

We hear from Portsmouth, in New-Hampshire, that last Tuesday all the Bells in the Town were tolled from Eleven o' Clock, till near Sun-set, at three different Times, on the mournful Occasion of Mr. Whitefield *being interred at Newbury Port.*

Yesterday a Child was baptized at the Old South Church in this Town, by the Name of GEORGE WHITEFIELD.

NEW-YORK, *October* 15.

Saturday Night the Ship Franklin, Capt. Byvanck, arrived here from Gibraltar, in 50 Days. Mr. John Grant, who some Time ago sailed from Jamaica, in a Schooner for Pensacola, came Passenger in the Ship, and acquaints us, that some Months since, he was cast away near the Spanish Main, and lost his Vessel and Cargo, was there seized by the Spaniards, and, with his Crew, ordered to Campeachy, and from thence to the Havannah, but was soon after sent to Old Spain in the same Frigate that carried home General O'Reily, and from whom he received great Kindness, and by his Interest, was set at Liberty soon after his Arrival at Cadiz. From Cadiz Mr. Grant went to Gibraltar, where he was informed by the Dutch Consul, two Days before he sailed, that the Danish Fleet had left Algiers, and was put into Mahon, in order to repair some Damage the Ships had received in their Attack on that Place, but that a second Attempt would be made as soon as Succours arrived, which the Consul was endeavouring to procure with all possible Expedition; that Admiral Elphinston was also put into Mahon, having been roughly handled by some Turkish Men of War; that it was said there had been a general Engagement between the Turks and Russians, and that both Armies retreated in good Order; and that it was imagined the Pope would declare in Favour of the Turks, which gave great Uneasiness to the Clergy both in Spain and France.

Saturday Evening last, was married, Sir William Draper, Knight of the Bath, to the amiable Miss Susanna De Lancey, Daughter of the Hon. Oliver De Lancey, Esq; a young Lady endowed with all the Accomplishments necessary to render the Marriage State happy.

PHILADELPHIA, *October* 18.

Monday last the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this Province met here, when JOSEPH GALLOWAY, Esq; was chosen Speaker; and CHARLES MOORE, Esq; Clerk of the House. BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, Esq; is appointed sole Agent for this Province at the Court of Great-Britain, for the ensuing Year.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in Princetown, to his Friend in Philadelphia.

"In the last Week's Paper you have an Account of the Commencement annually held here, and although you are already acquainted with the Particulars, yet I cannot help adding, that the Grandeur and Decorum with which the whole was conducted, reflects Honour on the Seminary from which they graduated.---That truly noble and patriotic Spirit which inflames the Breasts of those who are real Lovers of their Country, seems already implanted in theirs.----I have the Pleasure to inform you, their united Efforts to appear in Cloth manufactured in *America*, succeeded to their Wish---May I not then say with the young Gentleman, that the gayest Butterfly in all the Assembly, in all its borrowed Plumes, did not appear more brilliant than his Classmates, who were that Day honoured with their Attendance.---What too sanguine Hopes can we then have of those Gentlemen, and such Principles so early instilled in them?"

Monday last the Snow New Molly, Captain Kerlin, arrived here from Falmouth, which Place he left the 8th of August, in Company with the Brig Commodore Hood, Captain Cummings, for Boston, and parted with him the Night after they sailed. On the 19th ult. in Lat. 36, Long. 53: 16, spoke a Brig from North-Carolina for Cadiz, 15 Days out; 30th, in Lat. 36: 32, Long. 65: 52, spoke a Sloop from New-York for St. Christophers, 4 Days out; the same Day he spoke a Ship from Maryland for Glasgow, 6 Days out; and on the 5th Instant, in Lat. 36: 56, Long. 68: 10, he spoke a Ship from Virginia for Glasgow, out 4 Days.

Captain Montgomery, from Lisbon, on the 8th Instant, in Lat. 33: 27, Long. 71: 33, spoke a Schooner from Turks Island for Boston, 10 Days out; and the next Day he spoke a Brig from St. Eustatia for Rhode-Island, out 9 Days.

Captain Young, from Providence, on the 7th Instant, in Lat. 32: 30, Long. 53, spoke the Brig Joseph, from New-York for Augustine, all well.

Captain Allison, from Jamaica, on the 26th ult. in Lat. 23: 26, spoke the Sloop Vestall, Captain Logan, from the Bay of Honduras for Holland, who informed him, that Captain Robinson, in a Ship of this Port, was to sail about the 25th of September.

Captain Sibbald, from Jamaica, on the 6th Instant, about 50 Leagues from Cape-Henry, spoke a Sloop, Captain Richardson, from Virginia for St. Lucia, 3 Days out.

Captain Somerville, from London, on the 3d Instant, in Lat. 31, Long. 64: 30, spoke a Brig from Virginia for Antigua, out 10 Days.

Captain Woolsey, from Dublin, on the 10th of September, in Lat. 43: 30, Long. 36, spoke the Ship Rainbow, Captain Harbeson, from Jamaica for London, 6 Weeks out; 27th, in Lat. 37: 20, Long. 56, spoke a Sloop, Captain Holmes, from Boston for Surrinam, 10 Days out; on the 4th Instant, in Lat. 37, Long. 68: 30, spoke the Snow Prosper, Captain Thomson, from Jamaica for Bristol, out 24 Days; 5th, in Lat. 37, Long. 68: 40, spoke the Brig Polly, Captain Harriot, from New-York for Dominica, 3 Days out; and on the 7th, in Lat. 37: 20, Long. 69: 50, he spoke the Ship London Packet, Captain Cook, from this Port for London, out 3 Days, all well.

Captain Covell, from Bristol, on the 1st Instant, in Lat. 37: 30, Long. 60: 30, spoke a Ship, Captain Howe, from Glasgow for Virginia, out 6 Weeks.

Captain Cowan, from New-Castle, on the 30th of last Month, in Lat. 32, Long. 61: 30, spoke the Brig Constant Friends, Capt. Flyn, from this Port for the Grenades, 12 Days out, all well.

Captain Heyman, arrived at New-York, in 8 Weeks from St. Ubes, informs, that the Captains Castle and Bulkeley, for this Place, were to sail a few Days after him.

On Monday last sailed from Chester the Ship Britannia, Nathaniel Falconer, Master, with whom went Passengers Messieurs James Mease, William White, Thomas Hopkinson, and Richard Dimsdale;---also Jacob Rush, and Phineas Bond, Esquires, and Miss Ann Pearson, of this City, together with several others.

ARRIVALS.

From Philadelphia. Captains Waide, Hubbs, Winter and Duncan, at Jamaica.

Last Thursday the Races began on the Center Course, in this City, when three Horses started for the Jockey Club Purse of One Hundred Pounds, which was won by

James De Lancey, Esqr's bay Horse Lath,	1	1
The Hon. Horatio Sharpe, Esqr's grey Mare Britannia,	2	dr.
Dr. Tidmarsh's grey Horse Northumberland, fell lame in running.		

On Friday a Sweepstakes Purse for four Years old Colts and Fillies, should have been run for between Lord Stirling, Samuel Galloway, Esq; and James De Lancey, Esq; but the two former not sending their Stock as agreed on, Mr. De Lancey's Filley Angelica cantered over the Course alone to win it.

The same Day the City Purse of Fifty Pounds, Weight Eight Stone, was run for, and won by

James De Lancey, Esq's bay Filley Angelica,	1	4	1
Mr. Hiltzheimer's bay Colt Regulus,	5	1	2
Mr. Metcalf's black Colt Steady,	3	2	3
The Hon. Horatio Sharpe, Esqr's Chesnut Filley, Creeping Cate,	4	3	4
Mr. M'Daniel's Filley Blackbird,	2		
Mr. Boyd's grey Colt Belt.	dis.		

*** The Members of the *American Philosophical Society* are requested to be punctual in attending their Meeting, at their Hall near Christ-Church, To-morrow Evening, at 6 o'Clock precisely.

*** A large Quantity of WRITING-PAPER, to be sold by *D. Hall*, at the *New Printing-Office*, in *Market-street*.

☞ READY MONEY, for any Quantity of this Country-made WRITING PAPER, from *David Hall*, at the *New Printing-Office*, in *Market-street*, or *William Sellers*, in *Arch-street*.

PRICE CURRENT *of the following Goods in* Philadelphia.

Flour 15s. 9d. Wheat 6s. Indian Corn 4s. 6d. Ship Bread 15s. Middling Ditto 29s. White Ditto 60s. Pipe Staves 10l. Barrel Ditto 4l. Hogshead Ditto 7l. Red Oak Ditto 4l. Beef 2l. 10s. Pork 3l. 15s. West-India Rum 2s. 11d. New-England Ditto 2s. 2d. Pennsylvania Ditto 2s. 2d. Madeira Wine 40 to 60l. Muscovado Sugar 50s. to 56s. Melasses 22d. Pennsylvania Loaf Sugar 1s. Pitch 12s. Tar 12s. Turpentine 14s. Tobacco 25s. to 40s. Rice 16s. Lisbon Salt 21d. Bohea Tea 6s. Hemp 6d. Cotton 16d. Bar Iron 23l. Pig Iron 8l. Mustard-seed 27s. a Bushel. Flax-seed 5s.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Hope, A. Donaldson, Schooner Nancy, A. Mills, and Schooner Speedwell, W. Rowand, N. Carolina. Brig Cornelia, B. Peel, Oporto. Schooner Polly, N. Jackson, Turks Island. Brig Charming Nancy, R. Bethell, St. Kitts. Sloop Rainbow, C. Church, and Sloop Bellisle, R. Everson, Boston. Schooner Sally, J. Waterman, Schooner Phœnix, J. Beard, and Schooner Rose Noble, J. Bunker, Nantucket. Ship Hercules, G. Woolsey, Dublin. Ship Friendship, W. M'Culloch, and Brig St. George, C. Stewart, Madeira. Sloop Abigail, J. Kilburne, R. Island. Ship Orange Bay, N. Somerville, London. Ship Fame, J. Cowan, New-Castle, on Tyne. Sloop Polly, J. Young, N. Providence. Snow New Molly, W. Kerlin, Falmouth. Schooner Polly, J. Sibbald, and Brig Sally, B. A. Allison, Jamaica. Brig Pallas, J. Montgomery, Lisbon. Ship Elizabeth & Mary, S. Covell, Bristol. Ship Rose, W. Dysart, New-Castle, on Delaware.

OUTWARDS. *Brig Polly, S. Young, and Ship Orange Bay, N. Somerville, Jamaica. Sloop America, J. Gorham, and Sloop Rainbow, C. Church, Boston. Ship Lark, C. Biddle, Hispaniola. Sloop Mees, H. Zeelhurst, S. Carolina. Sloop Sally, J. Savage, Dominica. Brig Ann & Kitty, J. Webb, Antigua. Sloop Potowmack, J. Young, Maryland. Sloop Charlotte, J. Lyle, New-York. Brig Jane & Sarah, J. Lancaster, Barbados.*

CLEARED. *Sloop Dispatch, H. Hoskins, and Schooner Ruby, J. Backhouse, N. Carolina. Schooner Relief, T. Moore, Antigua. Sloop Molly, V. Wightman, R. Island. Sloop Rachel, S. Parker, Virginia. Brig Georgia Packet, W. Nicholls, Georgia. Snow Amelia, G. Villeneuve, Lisbon. Sloop Sally, J. Baptist, Maryland. Sloop Molly, W. Wasdell, Jamaica. Ship Britannia, N. Falconer, London. Schooner Barbados, J. Barry, Barbados. Brig Prince of Wales, T. Moore, S. Carolina. Sloop Polly, W. Furnell, Portsmouth. Sloop Hannah, S. Hinckley, Boston.*

Just published, and sold by HALL & SELLERS, *at the New Printing-Office, in Market-street, Price* Six Pence,

THE LAWS passed by the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this Province, during their last Session.

A GENERAL MEETING of the *Contributors for promoting the Culture of Silk in Pennsylvania*, is to be held at the Church School-house, in Second-street, on Thursday, the first of November next, at Two o'Clock in the Afternoon, to elect twelve Managers, and a Treasurer, for the ensuing Year, agreeable to Law.

IRISH LINEN, Sheeting and Ozenbrigs, to be sold by THOMAS and GEORGE MIFFLIN, at their Store, the Corner of Front and Chestnut-streets.

NEW-CASTLE COAL, suitable for private Families, Smiths, or Sugar-Bakers, just imported in the Ship Fame, Captain John Cowan, lying at Arch-street Wharff, to be sold by JOSEPH WHARTON, junior.

To be SOLD, by Public Vendue, by the Subscriber, at the London Coffee-house, on Thursday, the 18th Instant (if not sold before at private Sale) at 5 o' Clock in the Evening,

A NEAT three Story Brick Dwelling-house and Lot of Ground, 18 Feet Front, and 101 Feet in Depth, in Third-street, opposite St. Paul's Church, now rented by Mrs. Willing, at £ 52 per Annum, together with a convenient Stair-case or Piazza 11 Feet long, Kitchen 17 and an Half, and Wash-house 15 and a Half. The whole of the Buildings are insured for £ 500, and clear of Groundrent; also the Privilege of a three Feet Alley. Also, a commodious three Story Brick Dwelling-house and Kitchen, in Chestnut-street, opposite the Three Tun Tavern, 20 Feet front, and 51 Feet deep, with the Privilege of a five Feet Alley, now in the Tenure of Mrs. Sage, subject to a Groundrent of £ 18 18 0 per Annum. For Particulars enquire of

JAMES BLACK, *near the new Play-house.*

N. B. *All Persons, indebted to said* James Black, *are desired to make speedy Payment, to prevent Trouble.* § 1 W.

THE Partnership of WHITE and CALDWELL being expired; all those who are indebted to them, and those who have Demands against them, are requested to call upon *Samuel Caldwell* as soon as may be, in order to settle their Accompts. *October* 16, 1770. ¶

To the PUBLIC.

CHRISTIAN LEHMAN,

Who for many years followed conveyanting at Germantown, maketh known,

THAT he is now moved to Philadelphia, and lives at present in Race-street, next door to the north-west corner of Third-street, where he continues to follow the said business of conveyancing, drawing deeds, wills, mortgages, &c. &c. translating Dutch into English, or English into Dutch; if any person having money to put out on interest pleases to employ him, he will procure them undoubted security for the same, and assist such as will borrow, with his endeavours, provided their security is good and sufficient.

CHRISTIAN LEHMAN.

N. B. Said Christian Lehman also continues to keep his nursery at Germantown, of the best and rarest varieties of plumb, apricot, cherry, pear, and nut trees, &c. &c. for sale as usual; apply to him, at his house in Philadelphia aforesaid. †

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

LOST, supposed to be taken away by mistake, or stolen, out of the house of William Wells, at the Old Ferry, in Water-street, between Market and Arch-streets, on Thursday, the 27th of September last, two small BOXES, the one mahogany, locked, and hasped in two places, with brass hooks and staples, covered with paper, and corded; containing a new improved Theodolite, with two spirit levels, an arc and telescope, with cross hairs (one of the spirit levels is fixed on the top of the telescope, the other in the box which contains the needle) two sights to be used without the telescope, maker's name Benjamin Cole, a circular protractor, a common case of plotting instruments, the case fish-skin, the maker's name wrote on the semi-circular protractor Linnell, London; two box plotting scales, the one two inches, the other six inches long, and Gordon's traverse tables: The other pine, with the cover nailed on, containing an hour-pole chain, a shirt and neckcloth marked S. G. two handkerchiefs, and two pair of stockings, directed for Mr. Thomas Cooper, at his plantation, near Mount-Holly, and under the direction was wrote S. Gale. Whoever will bring them to the said Ferry-house, shall receive the above reward, and no questions asked. If any of the above be offered for sale, stop them and the party, and give notice as above. If they are not returned within forty days of the date hereof, whoever shall then have them in their possession, or shall have had them in their possession, at any time after the said 27th of September, shall be prosecuted as felons, as the law directs, and TEN POUNDS reward given to any person who shall discover the offender or offenders, so as he or they may be lawfully convicted thereof. S. GALE.

N. B. I have the legs, therefore the above can be of but little service to any other person. *October* 17, 1770.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, living at the Baltimore Iron-works, in Maryland, about the middle of last June, an English convict servant man, named RICHARD PARKS, he is a lusty well-set fellow, of a fair complexion, has red hair, and a wooden leg, he came from towards the north of England, where he spent most of his time about Iron-works, and is by trade a Basket-maker, at which he is very useful. He went away in company with one JOHN ROBESON, a small elderly man, who came in the country with PARKS, he is by trade a Butcher, and followed that business in Baltimore-Town, for about twelve months. I expect they are still together, and about some Iron-works. PARKS is a very drunken fellow. Whoever takes up and secures the said servant, so that his master may have him again, shall have the above reward, paid by

October 12, 1770. JOHN WELSH.

If the runaway above mentioned should be taken up by this advertisement, the taker-up is desired to acquaint Mr. JOHN WELLS, of Philadelphia, as soon as possible. ¶ 5 W.

For BELFAST,

The Ship FRIENDSHIP,

WILLIAM M'CULLOCH,

Master;

She is a good Ship, prime Sailer, and has good Accommodations for Passengers, has Part of her Cargoe engaged, and will sail with the first Flaxseed Vessels. For Freight or Passage, apply to JAMES STUART, GEORGE KENEDY, or said Master on board, at Mr. Mifflin's Wharff. Tbc.

Philadelphia, October 16, 1770.

FOR BRISTOL,

The Ship *CHALKLEY*,

EXPECTED to sail in about three weeks; she hath red cedar frame, is well fitted, with excellent accommodations for passengers, and esteemed as good a ship as any belonging to the port. For freight or passage, apply to JAMES and DRINKER, at their store in Water-street, above Arch-street.

THE subscriber having furnished himself with a more commodious house, will sell by way of public vendue, on Saturday, the 20th Day of October next, at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, at the London Coffee-house (if not sold before at private sale) his present dwelling-house in Market-street, nearly opposite the Indian Queen. It is 25 feet in front, and 38 feet in depth, three stories high, with good back buildings; all well finished, and in good repair, and hath the privilege of a commodious alley into Fourth-street; there is a pump of excellent Water in the yard.

At the same time and place will be sold by the subscriber (if not sold before at private sale) a lot of ground, on the east side of Fourth-street, near the corner of that and Market-street, 23 feet 4 inches in front, and 65 feet, or thereabouts, in depth, on which stands the present Land-office, a new brick building. There are on the back part of the last mentioned lot a good stable, and a brick building, which may serve for a work shop, and at a small expence may be converted into a dwelling-house. The purchaser may enter upon the premises immediately after the sale. One third of the purchase money at least must be paid down, and good security, if required, given for the residue, with interest.

JAMES TILGHMAN.

N. B. There is on the Market-street Lot a Groundrent of 20 £, and on the Fourth-street Lot a Groundrent of £ 8 12 8, per Annum.

SEVEN POUNDS Reward.

WAS stolen, on the 8th of this instant October, out of the pasture of the subscriber, living in Philadelphia, a chestnut coloured sorrel large heavy HORSE, about 16 hands and a half high, with a sorrel mane and tail, much mixed with grey hair, is marked D, on the off side, has been lately trimmed about his fore-top, trots very fast, paces but little, shod all round, and is about 7 years old. Whoever will secure the said horse, so that the owner may have him again, and the thief, or thieves, so that he or they may be brought to justice, shall have the above reward, or Five Pounds for the horse, and Forty Shillings for the thief or thieves, and reasonable charges, paid by ¶ DAVID DESHLER.

ALL Persons indebted to Frederick Otto, of the Town of Christiana Bridge, in Newcastle County, Practitioner of Physick, by Bond, Bill, Note, Book-debt, or otherwise, are desired (to prevent Trouble) to pay their respective Debts unto the Subscriber, before the first Day of November next, who is impowered to receive the same. And also all Persons indebted to the Subscriber, by Bond, Bill, Note, Book Account, or otherwise, above three Months, are requested to make immediate Payment (to enable him to settle his Accounts with his Creditors) otherwise he will be under the disagreeable Necessity of putting them into an Attorney's Hands to recover.

ROBERT MACK. †

WILLIAM MARTIN, UPHOLDER,
(Who ſerved his apprenticeſhip to Mr. Palmer, of London)
HAS opened ſhop in Front-ſtreet, next door to the City Vendue, where he intends ſelling all ſorts of chairs, ſofas, couches and deception beds, and every thing in the Upholder's way; he hangs paper, and has ſome handſome patterns. It being his commencement in buſineſs, hopes for encouragement from the gentry, and public in general, which he will endeavour to merit by the ſtricteſt punctuality, and the moſt moderate rates; and as to the neweſt faſhions, both elegant and plain, hopes to give general ſatisfaction.

N. B. He does buſineſs conſiderably under the uſual prices of this city, for ready money. A neat drapery bed, of furniture check, to be diſpoſed of. ¶

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER,
At the Sign of the Hand-ſaw, in Second-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets,

WOOL-COMBS compleat, cotton, wool, tow cards, and ſcriblers, a general aſſortment of iron and braſs wire, a general aſſortment of ſhot, bar lead and powder, ſlates, ground red wood, madder and verdigreaſe, allom, copperas, flour and roll brimſtone, ſaltpetre and camphire, with a large aſſortment of ironmongery, cutlery, and ſadlery. Likewiſe a few kegs of butter, &c. &c. &c. [4 w.] JONATHAN ZANE.

JUST PUBLISHED, and to be SOLD, by JOHN DUNLAP, *in Market-ſtreet,* ROBERT BELL, *at the late Union Library, in Third-ſtreet, and* JOSEPH CRUKSHANK, *oppoſite the Workhouſe, in Third-ſtreet,*

THE HISTORY of BELISARIUS, the heroick and humane Roman General; A Man who poſſeſſed the moſt immoveable Fidelity, and practiſed the moſt diſintereſted Patriotiſm, in the Court of a weak Emperor, ſurrounded by a Junto of as corrupt and abandoned Miniſters, as ever enſlaved and diſgraced Humanity, whoſe Malice and Envy remained unſatiated, till by Miſrepreſentation and Perjury they accompliſhed the Downfal of this greateſt and moſt excellent of all human Beings, in whoſe amiable and exalted Character every Virtue exiſts, that is admirable or deſirable, in the *Sage Lawgiver, Brave Hero, Noble Patriot, Profound Politician, Exploring Philoſopher, Sober Citizen, Induſtrious Farmer, Honeſt Lawyer,* or in the *moſt humble and moſt perfect Divine.*-----A new Tranſlation from the *French* of M. MARMONTEL, Member of the Royal Academy.

RANDLE MITCHELL being determined to leave this Province for Ireland next Month, muſt again requeſt all Perſons, indebted to him, to be ſpeedy in ſettling and paying off their Accounts, and hopes no Perſon will lay him under the diſagreeable Neceſſity of putting their Bonds or Accounts into an Attorney's Hands. All Perſons, who have any Accounts againſt him, are deſired to bring them in by the firſt Week in November, when they ſhall be ſettled and paid. He has to ſell, his Negroe Man DUBLIN, a good Houſe Servant, and can work in a Sugar-houſe, having been in one for upwards of two Years; alſo, ſome of the beſt Burlington Pork, Gunpowder and Lead. tbc6w.

To the PUBLIC.

THE SUBSCRIBER propoſes opening a DAY-SCHOOL, on Monday, the 12th of next Month, in Second-ſtreet, between Spruce and Walnut-ſtreets, where may be taught *Reading*, and *Writing*; alſo, *Arithmetic, Geometry, Algebra*, and *Fluxions*; with their Application to *all* the moſt uſeful Branches of the *Mathematics*.----As he ſhall make it his conſtant Endeavour, by the faithful Diſcharge of his Duty, both reſpecting the *Education* and *Morals* of thoſe committed to his Care--*to merit*, ſo he hopes to *meet with* Encouragement from the Public.----And leſt it ſhould be ſuſpected (he being only a Stranger in this City) that he propoſes more than he is able to perform (which, to be ſure, is but too often the Caſe with Perſons in his Way) he is willing to ſubmit to the Examination of any Gentleman, of Candour, who may have Inclination to ſatisfy himſelf, or others, in this Point. ROBERT PATTERSON.

*** He propoſes, alſo, teaching an EVENING-SCHOOL, in the above Place, in Partnerſhip with Mr. *Power*. †

WAS found in Frankford, on the 4th of October inſtant, a PURSE, containing a ſmall Sum of Money. Whoever has loſt the ſame, by applying to THOMAS SKILLMAN, in Frankford, may have it again.

All Perſons, indebted to the Subſcriber, by Bond, Note, or Book-debt, are requeſted to pay the ſame within one Month from this Date, or they may expect Trouble, without further Notice; and all, that have any Demands againſt him, are deſired to bring their Accounts, that they may be ſettled.

¶ THOMAS SKILLMAN.

THIS is to give notice, That one EDWARD GODFREY, advertiſed in the *Pennſylvania Gazette*, No. 2180, for ſtealing a watch, and other things, from NICHOLAS FAIRLAMB, of Middletown townſhip, Cheſter county, is apprehended, and confeſſes the crime, and is now in Burlington goal, in New-Jerſey; the ſaid FAIRLAMB is deſired to come and pay the reward, and charges, and he may have his watch, by applying to THOMAS FENIMORE, near Burlington aforeſaid. ¶

No. XLV, three doors on the left hand, leading from Second-ſtreet, in Pewter-platter-alley, between Market-ſtreet and Arch-ſtreet,

THIS is to acquaint all lovers of liberty and generous dealing, that WILLIAM EVANS, *taylor and habit-maker, from London and Paris, commences maſter at the above number, to make gentlemens clothes, ladies mecklenburgs, and all ſorts of riding dreſſes, in the genteeleſt taſte, on reaſonable terms. Thoſe ladies and gentlemen that will pleaſe to favour him with their commands, he flatters himſelf they will not be diſappointed in their expectations. He never tires gentlemen with that unneceſſary trouble of trying on clothes, having obtained the genuine method of cuting with as good an air as in London; the common complaints of being confined carefully avoided.* ‖

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE,
On Monday, the 5th day of November next, by the ſubſcriber,

A PUBLIC-HOUSE (or Tavern) now in the tenure of John Dowdney, ſituate in Middletown townſhip, in Bucks county, at a place commonly known by the name of the Four Lanes End, the ſaid houſe is large and ſpacious, having four rooms on the lower floor, with an entry thro' the ſame, five rooms on the ſecond floor, and two large garrets in the loft, a garden adjoining the houſe, with a pump at the garden door, a ſtable, and a ſmall lot, at the end of the garden, with about 15 or 18 acres of valuable land to accommodate the tavern; the houſe lies in a populous part of the country, where a great number of people reſort upon buſineſs, and the roads leading through it are much uſed by travellers; added to all the above conveniencies, there are a great many wealthy farmers living in the neighbourhood, of whom all kinds of proviſions may be got as readily as from a market. The conditions will be made known at the day of ſale, which will be eaſy to the purchaſer. ‖

Attleborough, October 10, 1770. GILBERT HICKS.

STOLEN from the Subſcriber, living in Manheim Townſhip, Lancaſter County, on the 31ſt of September laſt, out of a Paſture, a light bay MARE, with a large Star in her Forehead, has 3 white Feet, branded E. L, is about 14 Hands high, and about 8 Years old, paces and trots. Whoever takes up the ſaid Mare, and brings her to the Subſcriber, ſhall have FORTY SHILLINGS *Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by* BENJAMIN LANDIS. §

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in Heidelberg townſhip, Northampton county, about the middle of laſt May, two MARES, one a light grey, with a large bell, no brand; the other black, with a ſmall bell, branded H. F. The owners are deſired to come, prove their property, pay charges, and take them away.

‡ JOHN HARTMAN, *living in Lowhill townſhip.*

CHOICE old Barbados ſpirit, Barbados and Grenada rum, Muſcovado ſugar, Madeira wine, cocoa, coffee, Iriſh beef, and a few boxes ſpermaceti candles, to be ſold by GEORGE MEADE, and Company, at their ſtore, beyond the Drawbridge. *T.b.c. 2 M.*

TO BE LETT,

THE plantation, whereon the ſubſcriber dwells, in the Northern Liberties, about 3 miles from the city of Philadelphia, containing upwards of 200 acres of land, with a good dwelling-houſe, barn, horſe ſtables, cow ſtables, corn cribs, and granary, cart-houſe, ſmoke-houſe, and milk-houſe thereon; there are likewiſe on ſaid place, two good bearing orchards, of the beſt grafted fruit, ſuch as, pippins, houſe apples, Spitſinburghs, wandevers, &c. (which orchards are capable of affording a great deal of cyder) a great variety of pears, peaches, plumbs, and ſome apricots, and early cherry trees, all which are of the beſt ſort, and bear plentifully in their ſeaſon; the land is kind, and produces tolerable crops every year; upon 30 acres of which, has been laid on about 18 months paſt, upwards of 1000 buſhels of lime; there is meadow enough to produce hay for 20 head of cattle, and a large range of paſture land. Any perſon inclinable to rent the ſaid plantation, may have it upon a reaſonable leaſe, and 2 or 3 Negroe men, that have been bred to farming, hired therewith, one of ſaid Negroes ſhall be warranted to be an excellent hand at the plow, and not inferior (in that particular branch of farming work) to any perſon whatever. For any further information, and terms, apply to the ſubſcriber, on the premiſes, REYNOLD KEEN.

N. B. The ſaid plantation may be entered on any time between this and the firſt of March next. The ſtock of cows and horſes thereon, will alſo be lett with the premiſes. October 8, 1770.

RUN away laſt night from the ſubſcriber, living near the Head of Elk, in Cæcil county, Maryland, a ſervant man, named PETER HUGHES; had on, when he went away, a blue coat, red waiſtcoat, black breeches, black ſtockings, new ſhoes, with large braſs buckles; lately from Ireland, and ſpeaks pretty good Engliſh. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Thirty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by *October 2, 1770.* ANDREW FRAZER. §

RUN away, on the 10th of October inſtant, from the ſubſcriber, living at Deer Creek, in Baltimore county, an Engliſh convict ſervant man, named Daniel Dunn, about 5 feet 7 inches high, about 35 years of age, has light hair, a grey beard, more grey on the left ſide of his chin than the right, ſpeaks on the weſt country dialect, and is a nailer by trade; had on, and took with him, a good felt hat, black ſilk handkerchief, dark grey cloth coat, with a velvet cape, a jacket, with dark grey fore-parts, the hind parts blue damaſk, another dark grey jacket, with light grey ſleeves, two ozenbrigs ſhirts, and one ten hundred linen ditto, two pair of leather breeches, a pair of trowſers, 2 pair of ribbed ſtockings, one pair dark grey, they other light, and half-worn ſhoes, with ſteel buckles. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall have, if taken in the county, Forty Shillings, and if out of the county, Three Pounds reward (including what the law allows) paid by — JOHN FORWOOD.

N. B. It is ſuppoſed he went away in company with one Thomas M'Cann, a ſervant belonging to John Harris, Eſq; of the ſame place. ‡

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

WAS STOLEN, the 5th of this inſtant October, in the night, from the tenter bars of the ſubſcriber, living in Middletown, Bucks county, about 13 yards of woollen cloth, near 3 quarters of a yard wide, of a dark London brown colour; as it was not finiſhed dreſſing, it is very likely it may be taken to ſome Fuller to be ſheared and preſſed; or ſhould it be offered to any Taylor to make up in the order it was in when taken away, they are deſired to ſecure it. Whoever apprehends ſaid thief or thieves, ſo that he or they may be brought to juſtice, and the owner receive his property again, ſhall have the above reward, or Three Pounds for the cloth only, paid by

† THOMAS JENKS, junior.

STOLEN from the ſubſcriber, living in Warwick townſhip, Lancaſter county, the 2d day of this inſtant October, a bay GELDING, about 2 years old, between 14 and 15 hands high, has a ſtar on his forehead, paces all, ſhod before, no brand or any other mark, with a ſaddle, black leather ſaddle-bags, and bridle. Whoever takes up the thief and horſe, and brings to the ſubſcriber, or ſecures them, ſo that he may have them, ſhall receive for the thief and horſe, Three Pounds, and for the horſe only, Two Pounds, and reaſonable charges, paid by

‡ WILLIAM MICHAEL.

THESE are to notify the public, that the ſubſcriber purpoſes to attend at Iſrael Jacobs, innholder at the ſign of the White Horſe, in Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia, on the 24th of this inſtant October, in order to grind and ſet fullers ſhears. He is the only one perſon that has learnt the buſineſs of ſhearmaking and grinding of John Griffyth, deceaſed; and will be obliged to ſuch as will favour him with their cuſtom, who ſhall have their work done with the greateſt care and diſpatch, by

JOHN GRIFFYTH, junior.

N. B. There is likewiſe to be ſold at the ſame time and place, a parcel of fullers ſhears, proved by fullers. ‖

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, of Weſt Fallowfield townſhip, Cheſter county, a Mulattoe boy, named *Jack*, about 17 years of age, well ſet; had on, and took with him, when he went away, a light coloured jacket, new caſtor hat, ſhoes and buckles, ſundry ſhirts, two of them check, the others white linen, ſeveral pair of ſtockings, linen and woollen, two pair ditto not fellows, one pair ſilver buckles, Sterling ſtamp, weight 58 penny-weight, one ſilk handkercheief, and many other things not mentioned; he alſo took with him a black horſe, middle ſized, with a ſmall ſtar in his forehead, and paces. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by DORINTON BOYLE. §

September 30, 1770.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Coneſtogoe townſhip, Lancaſter county, an Iriſh ſervant man [*his name forgot*] 28 or 30 years of age, is 5 feet 2 or 3 inches high, has black hair, cut quite ſhort on his head, a very ill look, black mark on his right cheek, and is very impudent in denying any thing; he had on, when he went away, a dark-brown jacket, old leather breeches, with a new patch on the flap, an old hat ſlit on one ſide, blue and white ſtockings, old ſhoes, newly ſoaled, with 3 nails in one of the heels, and braſs buckles. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and brings him to his maſter, or ſecures him in Lancaſter goal, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me JOHN JACOB MUKLE. ‖

TO BE SOLD,

A THREE ſtory brick HOUSE, on the weſt ſide of Second-ſtreet, between Race and Vine-ſtreets, containing in breadth 18 feet, with a 4 feet alley, and in depth 150 feet, with ſeveral back buildings thereon. Alſo one other lot of ground, fronting on Key's-alley, containing in breadth 34 feet, and in depth 50 feet, with a 10 feet alley. Any perſon or perſons inclinable to purchaſe the ſame, may know the terms, by applying to the ſubſcriber living on the ſame.

‡ HANNAH RAWLINSON.

Philadelphia, October 7, 1770.

STRAYED or STOLEN, laſt night, out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, a likely black MARE, about 15 hands high, has a ſmall blaze in her face, ſome ſaddle ſpots, and a ſmall lump on her back, with a remarkable dent in the near ſide of her neck, occaſioned by a cut, a ſwitch tail, one hind foot white, ſhod all round, and is a natural pacer. Whoever takes up ſaid mare, and brings her to the ſubſcriber, living at the ſign of the Coneſtogoe Waggon, ſhall receive Twenty Shillings reward, and for both thief and mare Thirty Shillings.

Alſo ſtrayed from ſaid paſture, on the 27th of September laſt, a black horſe, about 15 hands high, branded on the near ſhoulder I, and on the near thigh L, one hind foot white, ſhod before, and is a pacer. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe, and brings him to me, or to Zebulon Heſton, in Bucks county, ſhall receive Ten Shillings reward. MARY JENKINS. ¶

Manor of Moreland townſhip, Philadelphia county, Oct. 8, 1770.

WHEREAS George Owen, late of the townſhip and county aforeſaid, cabinet maker, hath abſconded from his uſual place of abode, not leaving ſufficient effects to ſatisfy his creditors their juſt demands againſt him, and an attachment being iſſued, agreeable to an act of aſſembly in that caſe made and provided, and return thereof made to the court of common pleas at Philadelphia, the 9th day of September paſt, the ſaid court did thereupon appoint us the ſubſcribers to audit, ſettle and make diſtribution of the ſaid George Owen's effects, or the money ariſing from the ſale thereof, amongſt his ſeveral creditors, in order to which we do hereby give notice, that on the 12th day of November next, will be expoſed to public ſale, at the houſe of Jacob Comly, in the townſhip aforeſaid, a variety of joiners work, part of which is finiſhed off, and part not, a quantity of walnut, maple, pine and cedar boards, a good horſe, a variety of joiners tools, and other things needleſs to particulariſe; the conditions will be made known on the day of ſale, by *Alexander Edwards, Evan Thomas, Thomas Auſtin.*

N. B. The creditors of the ſaid George Owen, are requeſted to bring in their accounts on the day next after the day of ſale, at the place above mentioned. ¶

October 8, 1770.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

WAS ſtolen, laſt night, out of the houſe of the ſubſcriber, a valuable ſilver watch, with a ſilver face, maker's name William Mercer, Liverpool, on the face, and on the inſide, with a chryſtal guard over the ballance wheel, if not broke; no number nor regulating dial, a ſnug ſteel chain, with many links at the end of the chain, two keys, one ſteel, the other braſs; alſo ſix ſilver tea-ſpoons, marked M S; they were ſtolen by one Darby Connelle, a well-ſet, likely, freſh coloured, full faced native Iriſhman, about 23 or 24 years of age, remarkable for the brogue on his tongue, about 5 feet 7 inches high, ſays he is a millwright or carpenter, his dreſs not wholly known, but is ſuppoſed to be light coloured, with boots, had a midling likely black or brown creature, with ſaddle and ſaddle-bags, all ſuppoſed to be ſtolen, and may have ſome companions with him. Whoever takes up ſaid fellow, and ſecures him, ſo that I may bring him to juſtice, and that I may get my goods, ſhall have the above reward, or for the watch Forty Shillings, and the fellow, Three Pounds, paid by RICHARD JACOBS, at the ſign of the Hat, on Lancaſter road.

N. B. All watchmakers, and others, are deſired, if offered to ſale, to detain them, and ſend me word, or give notice thereof in this paper. §

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN away, this morning, from the ſubſcriber, living in Birmingham townſhip, Cheſter county, an Iriſh ſervant man, named THOMAS WILKISON, but lately committed to Cheſter goal, and then went by the name of GEORGE ADAMS, about 22 years of age, of a fair complexion, wears his hair tied, and ſtoops a little in his walking; had on, when he went away, a green jacket, made ſailor faſhion, an under ſtriped linſey ditto, hemp and tow ſhirt and trowſers, double ſoaled ſhoes, and an old felt hat; and it is ſuppoſed he will endeavour to go to ſea; therefore, all maſters of veſſels are forbid to take him off, at their peril. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

October 10, 1770. WILLIAM KERLIN. ¶

To be SOLD, by the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes,

A VALUABLE plantation, lying in Weſt Whiteland townſhip, Cheſter county, on the road leading from Lancaſter to Cheſter, about 25 miles from Philadelphia, containing 237 acres of good land, more or leſs, with the uſual allowance for roads, 20 acres of good meadow made, and part of it well watered, with a never failing ſtream, and more may be made. There are about 150 acres cleared, and the woodland well timbered, a good young bearing orchard, a good dwelling-houſe and kitchen, ſpring-houſe, barn, ſtables, and other out-houſes thereon. The whole in good repair. The title indiſputable. The terms of ſale will be made eaſy for the purchaſer, by

§ LAWRENCE RICE.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the ſubſcriber, living in London-grove, Cheſter county, a large ſorrel MARE, 8 years old, about 15 hands high, a ſtreak of white down her face, a ſmall matter of white on both her hind feet, and a ſpot of white near the top of her ſhoulder, which hath been done by the rubbing of the collar, a ſhort ſwitch tail, thin ſhort mane, of a ſorreliſh colour; ſhe hath neither brand nor ear-mark, paces and trots, and is a heavy going dulliſh hackney. Whoever takes up the ſaid mare, and brings her to the owner, and the thief to any of his Majeſty's goals, to be proſecuted, ſhall have the above reward; if the mare without the thief, Thirty Shillings, and reaſonable charges, paid by me

October 1, 1770. MOSES FRAIZER. ‖

RUN away, on Monday night, the 9th of laſt July, from Gueſt's tavern, about 13 miles from Baltimore, 3 convict ſervant men, viz. *Edward Holder*, about 6 feet high, of a dark complexion, and dark brown curled hair, about 40 years of age; had on, a brown great coat, check ſhirt, and a pair of dirty trowſers; took with him 2 ſmall bags, containing check ſhirts, green ſailor's jackets, 1 white ſwanſkin ditto, bound with black, and alſo a brown cut wig with him. *Henry Dew*, about 5 feet 6 inches, of a black complexion and black hair, about 30 years of age; had on, a waiſtcoat, without ſleeves, a pair of drawers, and took with him a leather bag, containing 1 pair of black ſilk breeches, ſome ſhirts, and a brown cut wig. *John Blackall*, 6 feet high, of a light complexion, brown hair, about 26 years of age; had on a white flannel waiſtcoat, and leather breeches; had 1 ſmall white bag, containing white ſhirts, &c. The above 3 ſervants arrived at Baltimore in the Friendſhip, Captain Parker, from London; they were all born in England, and *Holder* has been in the country before, as a convict. If taken and ſecured in any goal, Twenty Shillings for each will be paid, and all reaſonable charges, by Mr. RICHARD FOOTMAN, of Philadelphia. ¶

CAME to the plantation of DAVID MALIN, in Upper Providence, Cheſter county, on the 1ſt day of September laſt, an old brindle COW. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. ¶

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October 25, 1770. NUMB. 2183.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

By the HONOURABLE
JOHN PENN, Eſquire,
Lieutenant-Governor and Commander in Chief of the Province of *Pennſylvania*, and Counties of *New-Caſtle, Kent* and *Suſſex*, on *Delaware*,

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS Information hath been made to me that, in the Night of the Fourteenth Day of *July* laſt, a certain *Iſaac Meyer* was grievouſly and mortally wounded by ſome Perſon unknown, who wilfully and maliciouſly ſhot him in the Neck, while he was ſitting in the Houſe of *Henry Buch*, in *Heidelberg* Townſhip, in the County of *Lancaſter*, of which mortal Wound the ſaid *Meyer* died on the Day following. AND WHEREAS it is of the greateſt Importance to the Safety and Well-being of His Majeſty's liege Subjects, that the Authors of ſuch inhuman and atrocious Crimes ſhould be detected, and brought to condign and exemplary Puniſhment: AND WHEREAS all Endeavours, hitherto uſed, for diſcovering the Author and Perpetrator, or Perpetrators, of the above-mentioned villainous Murder, have proved ineffectual; I HAVE thought fit, by and with the Advice of the Council, to iſſue this my Proclamation, hereby ſtrictly enjoining and requiring all Judges, Juſtices, Sheriffs, Conſtables, and other Officers, as well as all other His Majeſty's Subjects, within this Province, to make diligent Search and Enquiry after the Author, Perpetrator and Perpetrators of the ſaid Murder; AND, as an Encouragement for the diſcovering and bringing the Offender, or Offenders, to Juſtice, I DO hereby promiſe the public Reward of ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, to be paid to any Perſon, or Perſons, who ſhall diſcover, apprehend and ſecure him, or them, ſo that he, or they, be proſecuted to Conviction, according to due Courſe of Law.

GIVEN *under my Hand, and the Great Seal of the ſaid Province, at* Philadelphia, *the Firſt Day of* October, *in the Tenth Year of his Majeſty's Reign, and in the Year of our Lord One Thouſand Seven Hundred and Seventy.*

JOHN PENN.

By His Honour's Command,
JOSEPH SHIPPEN, jun. Secretary.

GOD Save the KING.

By the HONOURABLE
JOHN PENN, Eſquire,
Lieutenant-Governor and Commander in Chief of the Province of *Pennſylvania*, and Counties of *New-Caſtle, Kent*, and *Suſſex*, on *Delaware*,

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it appears, by the Depoſition of John Philip De Haas, Eſq; one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the County of *Lancaſter*, that a certain LAZARUS STEWART, who, among others, ſtands charged with the Crime of Arſon, was, on the 15th Day of laſt Month, legally apprehended for the ſame, in Virtue of a Warrant iſſued for that Purpoſe by one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of this Province: AND WHEREAS the ſaid *Stewart*, in Defiance of all Law and Authority, did, on the ſame Day, with the Aſſiſtance of a Number of lawleſs People who joined him, reſcue himſelf from the Cuſtody of the Conſtable, who arreſted him, and not only beat the Conſtable with great Severity, but abuſed and threatened the ſaid De Haas, in the Execution of his Office, as a Juſtice of the Peace, in the moſt inſolent Manner: AND WHEREAS it is highly expedient for the Preſervation of the public Peace, and enforcing a due Execution of the Laws, that the ſaid *Lazarus Stewart* ſhould be brought to Juſtice, as well for the Crime for which he was arreſted, as for the daring Inſult and Contempt he has ſhewn to the Authority of Government; I HAVE therefore, by and with the Advice of Council, thought fit to iſſue this Proclamation, hereby ſtrictly charging and commanding all Judges, Juſtices, Sheriffs, Conſtables, and other Officers, as well as all other His Majeſty's Subjects, within this Government, to make diligent Search and Enquiry after the ſaid *Lazarus Stewart*, and to uſe all lawful Means for apprehending, ſecuring and bringing him to Juſtice; AND, as an Encouragement for that Purpoſe, I DO hereby promiſe and engage, that the public Reward of FIFTY POUNDS ſhall be paid to any Perſon or Perſons, who ſhall apprehend and ſecure the ſaid *Lazarus Stewart*, in one of the public Goals of this Province, ſo that he may be brought to his Trial, and proceeded againſt according to Law.

GIVEN *under my Hand, and the Great Seal of the ſaid Province, at* Philadelphia, *the Third Day of* October, *in the Tenth Year of his Majeſty's Reign, and in the Year of our Lord One Thouſand Seven Hundred and Seventy.*

JOHN PENN.

By His Honour's Command,
JOSEPH SHIPPEN, jun. Secretary.

GOD Save the KING.

The Ninth of the Tenth Month, 1770.

Please to give the following a Place in your Paper, and by ſo doing you will oblige your conſtant Readers the Farmers.

Friends HALL and SELLERS,

IT is obſerved in your laſt Week's Paper, that there is now conſtructed by *John Clayton*, the Model of a ſimple, tho' curious Machine, for the ſeparating Wheat and other Grain from the Straw, of his own inventing, and when performed, &c. will enable the Farmer to threſh his Wheat at very little Trouble or Coſt, as to put it in Stack, &c. and craves of the Legiſlative Bodies of Government, to give the Inventor proper Encouragement to erect one in the ſeveral Provinces.

Now theſe are to inform that Part of the Public, that is not already informed, that they, by taking a Ride to the Plantation of *Iſaac Thomas*, of *Williſtown*, in *Cheſter* County, may have the Pleaſure to ſee one in its full Extent, and may be ſeen at Work, if the Weather is dry, and the Wheat not all threſhed, which the ſaid *Iſaac Thomas* both invented and built for his own Uſe; it is not only conſtructed, but this is the ſixth yearly Crop now threſhing ſince it was built; the Public may be deſirous to know ſomething of its Performance; by applying to the Owner, they may have a full Account; but this far, at preſent, it anſwers the End effectually; one Hand hath threſhed two Dozen Wheat Sheaves in leſs than ſix Minutes, at its common Rate of going; the Public may caſt up its Day's Work at Leiſure; but one Hand cannot keep it in Work, there muſt be more, on Account of bringing the Sheaves, and taking the Straw away, to keep it at the above Rate, giving Allowance for unavoidable Standing. It makes fine ſoft Straw for the Cattle, they like it much better. It is a very diverting Sight when going, and many, from ſeveral Counties, come to ſee it, and the Intelligence of it is ſpread very wide. But where hath *John Clayton* been theſe five or ſix Years, that he ſhould hear nothing of this? If he had juſt come from *England* or *Ireland*, he might have ſome Excuſe, altho' he might have heard of it there; for there hath been a Deſcription of it taken, and carried to *Ireland*, to threſh Oats ſeveral Years paſt. Now all Farmers and others are deſired to take Notice of the Manner, in which *John Clayton* hath craved Encouragement of the Legiſlative Bodies of Government to the Inventor of this curious Machine, and, without Diſpute, *Iſaac Thomas* is the Man, who hath compleated it in a more extenſive Manner than *Clayton* is capable of, as appears by his Conſtructions already hinted: So the Government is excuſed from this Bounty to *John Clayton*, and himſelf from the Honour of inventing this curious Machine.

N. B. As the threſhing of the Farmer's Grain is yearly a laborious Taſk, and, above all other common Buſineſs, is abhorred by Jobbers, ſo it is found difficult, as well as coſtly, to get it done in the deſired Time; but it is turned to a pleaſant Employment, with great Diſpatch, by *Iſaac Thomas*, who is willing to communicate his Experience, and Directions thereon, to the Public, if deſired, in a future Paper.

Meſſieurs HALL and SELLERS,

Pleaſe to put what follows in your next Paper, and you will oblige a Number of your Readers.

Salem County, Weſtern Diviſion of New-Jerſey, Oct. 8, 1770.

AS there has been lately a Diviſion from the Townſhip of *Piles-Grove*, and a new Townſhip chartered; and as there are various Monuments erected to the everlaſting Remembrance of the Name of that truly noble and venerable Patriot, Mr. PITT; out of a grateful Senſe---we, the Freeholders and other Inhabitants of the new patented Townſhip, did apply to Government for the Name, as well as the Patent, which Government, in its benign Goodneſs, did admit, and think we cannot immortalize that noble and venerable Patriot's Name, nor tranſmit it to Futurity better, than to apply it to the Townſhip; therefore the new Townſhip is called PITT's-GROVE, in Commemoration of that great and noble Friend of American Liberty, Sir WILLIAM PITT, now Earl of CHATHAM.

By Captain DAVIS, *arrived at* BOSTON *from* LONDON, *we have the following* ADVICES, *viz.*

LONDON, *Auguſt* 17.

ACCOUNTS *of two important Victories gained lately by the* RUSSIANS *over the* TURKS, *by Sea and Land.*

THE Ruſſians were ſo lucky as to make good their Way into the Archipelago much ſooner than was expected, as the uſual Courſe of the Winds could not be depended on to carry them ſooner than September. They were not, however, far advanced into the Sea, when, on the 15th of July, being 19 Ships, commanded by Admiral Elphinſton, they fell in with the Turkiſh Fleet, conſiſting of 23 Ships, commanded by Zaffier Bey. They engaged each other with the Appearance of great Ardour on both Sides, and after an obſtinate Engagement, the Turks were obliged to yield the Victory; and thoſe of their Veſſels, which remained in a Condition to effect it, ſaved themſelves by Flight. It is ſuppoſed the Turkiſh Admiral, Zaffier Bey, was very near being taken, as the Veſſel ſunk, in which he was preſumed to be, and the Commander was ſeen to get out of her, with great Difficulty, into a Boat.

The Loſs of the Turks, in the above-mentioned Engagement, is 3 Ships taken by the Ruſſians, 2 ſunk, and ſeveral others ſo diſabled, in Appearance, as to be in great Danger of foundering before they could reach any Port; the reſt were diſperſed, moſt of them in a ſhattered Condition. The Ruſſians, on their Part, received very inconſiderable Damage. The Ruſſian Fleet will not, at preſent, endeavour to force its Paſſage to Conſtantinople, on Account of the Plague being in that City and Neighbourhood; but while it waits a more favourable Seaſon, it will find important Work, in deſtroying the Remainder of the Turkiſh Marine in thoſe Seas, in taking the principal Iſlands in the Archipelago, and in cutting off Supplies of Proviſions from Conſtantinople.

The Ruſſians had entirely evacuated the Morea, before their Fleet paſſed up the Archipelago, having Occaſion for all their Forces aboard, and having anſwered their intended Purpoſe, landed Part of them, for making an embarraſſing Diverſion to the Arms of the Grand Signor.

Extract of a Letter of Count Romanzoff's, dated July the 19th, from the Enemy's Camp upon the Pruth, on the other Side of the River Larga.

"At the Defeat of the Enemy on the 18th of June, upon the Eminences leading towards Bender, our Army purſued and came up with them on the 15th of July, when the Turks had fortified their Army upon a very ſteep Mountain on the other Side of the River Larga. The Enemy poured down upon us his beſt Cavalry, to the Amount of 20,000 Men, which however were repulſed with very great Loſs.

"As I had Intelligence that the Turkiſh Army, conſiſting of 80,000 Men, was commanded by Caplan Hiry, Kan of the Crimea, who had under him three of the moſt eminent Baſhaws, I reſolved to come to a deciſive Engagement with him; which began on the 15th of July, and ended in a moſt compleat Victory on our Side; for as ſoon as our Men had gained the Summit of the Mountain, they drove the Enemy out of their Entrenchments ſucceſſively, till they fled in the utmoſt Confuſion, and abandoned to us their whole extenſive Camp, and an immenſe Quantity of all Sorts of Ammunition and Proviſions, together with 30 Pieces of fine Braſs Cannon, and a great Number of Colours.

"As the Purſuit of the Enemy by our Troops engroſſes all my Time at preſent, I am not able to ſend you the Particulars of this glorious Action, as to the Number of the Slain, Priſoners, and Trophies, &c. till the next Opportunity."

The following Account is brought by the Letters from Leghorn: 'The Progreſs of the Ruſſian Arms in the Morea, aſto-'niſhes all that hear of it.----The Empreſs of Ruſſia is already 'become Miſtreſs of the greateſt Part of the Peloponneſus, and 'of ſeveral Ports, and with a Handful of her Troops, joined by 'ſome Thouſand Greeks, ſhe is giving Law to a Power which 'has hitherto been conſidered as one of the moſt reſpectable in 'Europe.'

LONDON, Auguſt 9.

Commodore Palliſer Yeſterday kiſſed his Majeſty's Hand on being appointed Comptroller of the Navy, in the Room of George Cockburne, Eſq; deceaſed.

A Great Perſonage has intimated, that he will make it an Object of Parliamentary Conſideration, to enact, or enforce, ſome ſumptuary Laws for ſuppreſſing the immoderate Luxury of the Times, which he apprehends will be the Ruin of this Nation. Should ſuch a Law take Place, Perſons of a certain Condition only will be permitted to travel abroad to ape the French Manners and Geſtures, and that with certain Limitations.

The Situation of the Boſtonians is not alarming---if they are ſurrounded by Fleets and Armies, they have only to live quietly, receive all the Money that circulates, and accumulate Fortunes.

We are told it has been determined to let the Affairs of America remain in their preſent Situation (a Regiment having been previouſly diſperſed in the Environs of Boſton) till the Meeting of Parliament, and then to have concluſive and effectual Meaſures determined on with all poſſible Expedition.

It is ſaid, as an Encouragement to the Weſt-India Planters for not entering into the Views of the American refractory Colonies, that an additional Duty will be laid next Seſſions on foreign Brandies, in order to increaſe the Value and Conſumption of Rum.

A celebrated Engraver has juſt finiſhed a Print of a Great Perſonage leaning on the Lock of a Door on the Outſide at St. Alban's, in the Character of a *Fool*, with the following Label from his Mouth, "*I'll take my Bible* Oath, *I was not on the Inſide.*" The Lady is diſcovered in a Swoon on the Bed, the Room picturesquely deſcribed. In ſhort, the whole forms a very exact Picture of a late much celebrated Amour.

Auguſt 14. The Affairs of America grow every Day more and more embarraſſing. The Union among the Colonies is very alarming. Force attempted againſt one Colony will be reſented as Force aimed againſt the whole; and as the People are growing rich, they in Proportion grow ſturdy.

The long Reſidence of General Paoli in England, induces many People to think that his Excellency will enter into the military Service of this Kingdom.

We are told, that one ſingle Caſket of Diamonds, the Property of a Civil Officer in the Eaſt-India Company's Service, has lately been ſent Home, valued at 70,000l.

Letters in Town, brought by a Ship, which arrived laſt Friday at Hull, from Peterſburgh, give an Account, that the Ruſſians are in high Spirits; that People flock from all Parts of the Country, to inliſt under the Banner of the Empreſs, and that many Gentlemen of ſmall Fortunes enter as Volunteers; that they have ſeveral more Men of War almoſt ready to put to Sea; and that, by next Spring, they will have a very powerful Fleet, great Encouragement being given to Ship-Carpenters, eſpecially the Engliſh.

Arthur Forreſt, Eſq; late Commander in Chief in the Weſt-Indies, and who died a few Weeks ago at Jamaica, has, by his Will, left to his Lady 600l. per Annum, and (if ſhe ſurvive five Years) then the additional Sum of 200l. per Annum. He has alſo left her, during Life, his fine Seat at Benfield, in Berkſhire, and the Uſe of all his Plate and Jewels. To his eldeſt Son, Arthur, he has bequeathed all his real Eſtates in Jamaica, worth 7000l. per Annum, Sterling; and to his other Son, Thomas, all his real Eſtates in New-York and the Jerſeys, on the Continent of North-America, which are of a conſiderable Value.

Aug. 15. It is certain, that the Heads of the Bloomſbury Gang, and the C-----n-houſe Junto, have recently made ſome Overtures to the Grenvillian Congreſs, in Buckinghamſhire, which, as yet, have not produced any Effect.

The Leaders of the Minority ſtill continue to hold frequent Meetings at each others Houſes, particularly at Stowe.

We hear that his G---- the D--- of P------ has declined the Offer lately made him by a Great Perſonage.

The Report of returning the Seals into the Hands of Lord Camden, gives great Pleaſure to the Public:-----The generous Engliſh love to ſee the Worthy and the Honeſt rewarded.

It is poſitively aſſerted, that there is no Intention, at preſent, to appoint a Lord Chancellor, but that the Seals will continue to be held by Commiſſion, at leaſt till the Meeting of Parliament.

Let thoſe who talk of coercive Meaſures being taken with the Americans, remember that they already conſiſt of more than Three Millions of People, and, according to the Laws of Population, will, in rather leſs than 20 Years, equal the Number of his Majeſty's Britiſh Subjects.

A private Letter, on Monday, from France, gives a moſt melancholy Relation of the Miſeries which the Provinces of that Kingdom now ſuffer from the great Scarcity of Corn. Barley Bread is about four Sous (about 3d.) a Pound in Normandy, the moſt fruitful Province of France. This Famine has occaſioned ſuch Riots in many Places, that great Numbers of the unhappy People have been killed; particularly at Cherbourg, where are 900 Communicants, 600 Perſons were killed; at Rouen 600; at Valogne 500; the Riots have been ſtill worſe in Auvergne. The King has no Campaign this Year, on Account of the Scarcity.

A Gentleman, lately arrived from France, gives a moſt deplorable Account of the Wretchedneſs of that Country; he ſays, that they have neither Money nor Trade, and the People are now ſo deſperate, as to ſay publicly in the Coffee-houſes, that their King is a Bankrupt. He obſerves, that notwithſtanding the Grievances we complain of, our Situation would be deemed a Paradiſe by them.

Aug. 16. It is ſaid, the indefatigable Dr. Muſgrave has lately diſcovered ſome Things of great Conſequence to the Nation; but being ill rewarded for his laſt Intelligence, he is determined to keep this laſt Secret to himſelf.

A private Letter from Amſterdam, mentions, that 100 Tons of Tea were actually ſhipped, on board a Dutch Veſſel, the latter End of laſt Month, for St. Euſtatia, in order to be diſpoſed of to the North-American Veſſels, which are continually paſſing that Way.

Auguſt 17. It is ſaid that a Great Perſonage has particularly requeſted a very able Lawyer not to reſign if his Health will permit his Continuance in Office, with which he has complied.

The Earl of Hillſborough's Viſit to Ireland (under the Maſk of viſiting his ſeveral Eſtates) is only to have a Conference with the Lord Lieutenant, and to relate, by Word of Mouth, many Things, which could not be done by Letter, as well from their tedious mixed Matter, as that it will be more ſecret.

Orders are iſſued for taking a Survey of the Forts and Harbours belonging to our ſeveral Iſlands in America.

The Navy of England was never upon ſo reſpectable a Footing as at preſent, nor in ſo thorough a Repair; for as faſt as one Ship comes out of the Dock from refitting, another goes in.

Very extenſive Commiſſions are now executing in the City, for Goods, which bear no Duty in America, to be ſhipped for New-York, Boſton, and Philadelphia.

[*For new Advertiſements, ſee the fourth Page.*]

LONDON, *August* 5.

A GREATER Curse cannot befal a Nation, than to have a Sett of Miniſters whoſe Heads are bad, and whoſe Hearts are corrupt. Knaves, who have ſtrong Abilities, will ſometimes act wiſely and prudently, for their own Sakes. Wretches made out of Knave and Fool, will never be capable of acting for their own Honour, or the Intereſt of the Community they are hired to ſerve.

When a Miniſtry is determined to carry a Point, though never ſo contrary to the Intereſt of the Nation, all Things muſt give Way to promote this favourite Scheme. What is the Honour of a Britiſh Flag, compared to the Credit of humbling the proud Spirit of a free People? The Loſs of our Trade to America is not to be weighed in the Balance with the Advantages which are gotten by robbing a People of their Right to chuſe their own Members!

Auguſt 6. *It was ſaid on Monday Night, with the greateſt Confidence, and Bets were laid on it, that the leading Men in the Boſton Committee, would pay a Viſit to the Britiſh Capital in leſs than three Months.*

A late Ambaſſador, from a very powerful Northern Potentate, at the Britiſh Court, as ſoon as he went Home, ſhot two of the Servants, who accompanied him, without any Ceremony or Trial whatever, for which he has never ſince been called to any Account. For it ſeems there is no Law, in his arbitrary Country, againſt great Men killing their Vaſſals and menial Servants, whenever they chuſe to be offended with them. One of the above unfortunate Servants is ſaid to be an Engliſhman.

Auguſt 10. *Certain Agents of France are at preſent very buſy here in ſecretly enliſting Recruits, for the Iriſh Brigades, in the Service of the King of France, and meet with great Succeſs in the Environs of Wapping, &c.*

One of the oldeſt Men in England is Fleetwood Sheppard, Eſq; the Friend of the celebrated Matthew Prior, who is now living at his Seat in Kent, aged 122.

We are informed certain miniſterial Agents, with their Pockets well lined, are preparing to ſet out, on Buſineſs of Importance, for New-York and Boſton.

Three Weſt-India Ladies, Siſters, who lately took Lodgings, for their Health, at Kenſington Gravel-Pits, all died within three Days; one on Thurſday, the Second on Saturday, and the Third on Sunday laſt, and laſt Night they were all buried at Kenſington Church.

Aug. 11. We are credibly informed, that the Damage done by the late Fire, at Portſmouth, cannot be repaired in leſs than ſix Years.

Aug. 13. Conſiderable Odds were, on Friday Night, laid, at the Smyrna, that War, between England and France, would be declared before Chriſtmas next.

"If the American Affairs are ever to be adjuſted (ſays a Correſpondent) no Time ſhould be loſt, as every Day of Delay is a prodigious Loſs, both to the Mother Country and the Colonies."

We hear that the Affairs of the Colonies will be the Object of the Attention of a great Body, at their firſt Meeting, which is fixed for the 10th of November, and ſome of the leading Men of Boſton, Salem, Marblehead, New-York, &c. are expected here ſhortly, on that Account.

By the Company's Ships, juſt arrived from India, are come home, ſome of the richeſt Individuals that ever landed on Engliſh Ground; one Gentleman particularly, Mr. Sykes, we are confidently aſſured, has amaſſed the amazing Sum of One Million Sterling.

Aug. 14. We hear an Aſſociation of the principal Merchants concerned in the Trade to North-America, will ſoon be formed in London, in order to concert Meaſures for humbling the mighty Men of the Colonies, who, conſidered as a Body, cannot poſſibly exiſt in a commercial State, without Credit from England.

We hear a Bill is preparing to be brought into Parliament the enſuing Seſſions, for granting a further Sum of Money towards re-eſtabliſhing the Britiſh Trades on the Coaſts of Africa and Guinea; which are at preſent almoſt entirely engroſſed by the Dutch, French, and Danes.

Aug. 17. A Letter received on Wedneſday Night from Portſmou h aſſures us, that ſome of the Perſons who were apprehended there for the late Fire, have made an important Diſcovery relating to that myſterious Tranſaction.

It is ſaid that ſeveral Circumſtances, tending to a Diſcovery of the Cauſe of the late Fire, have been found out there by the Commiſſioners.

Extract of a Letter from Leghorn.

"Several private Letters received here, confirm the following Account: That the whole Kingdom of Egypt has withdrawn itſelf from the Dominion of the Porte; that ſeveral Provinces in Aſia have ſet up the Standard of Rebellion; and that his Highneſs is ſo exaſperated with the Jews in the Morea, that he has cauſed all thoſe who reſided at Conſtantinople to be put to the Sword."

The Grand Signor is now at Adrianople, where he keeps a conſtant Guard of 30,000 Men round the Seraglio, and admits none but the Council and foreign Miniſters to ſee him, who are obliged to paſs through a Lane of Guards.

By Captain M'ILVAINE, *from Cork, we have the following Advices, viz.*

HAGUE, Auguſt 10.

THE Day before Yeſterday Prince Charles of Sweden dined with the Abbe du Prat, the French Agent at the Hague, in Company with the Field-Marſhal, which furniſhes Matter for various Conjectures. In the Evening his Royal Highneſs went to Loo, from whence he will go to Aix La Chapelle, and from thence to Paris.

Conſtantinople, July 3. Laſt Thurſday a Ship arrived, which landed ſome Arabs, who would have forced into the Houſe of the Pruſſian Ambaſſador, if he had not had a Guard ſent to protect him from Inſult. The next Day an Officer was ſent from Conſtantinople, to oblige the Ship to depart. The foreign Ambaſſadors are truly in a critical Situation, for if they ſtay in the Capital, their Lives are in Danger from the Plague; to avoid which, they retire to their Country Houſes, where they continually run the Danger of being murdered by a lawleſs Soldiery.

On the 27th of laſt Month a Fire happened, which burnt upwards of 200 Houſes.

Cadiz, July 10. Letters from the Coaſt of Barbary adviſe, that the King of Morocco has puniſhed with the Baſtinado two of his Corſairs, who inſulted three French Ships; and has ordered the greateſt Reſpect to be paid to the French Flag, on Pain of ſevere Puniſhment to whoever diſobeys thoſe Orders.

Paris, July 10. We have juſt received Information by divers Ships which have ſucceſſively arrived from India, that the famous Hider Ali Kan hath broken the Treaty concluded ſome Time ago between him and the Engliſh; that availing himſelf of an Interval of Peace, which the Europeans had afforded him, that General had attacked the Marattas with all his Troops, and had gained ſuch Advantages over them, that they had been conſtrained to ſue for Peace; that then reſuming his former Sentiments of Hatred againſt his antient Enemies, he was preparing to make War againſt them with his whole Forces, now conſiderably augmented by his late Conqueſts.

We are farther informed, that the Engliſh, on the Coaſt of Coromandel, behave towards the French in a Manner a little tyrannical.

LONDON, *Auguſt* 18.

By a new Regulation which has taken Place within theſe ſix Weeks, no Engliſhman travelling in France, can go from one Part of that Kingdom to the other without a double Paſſport, ſigned by the French King, and his Miniſter, the Duke de Choiſeul, the Engliſh Ambaſſador, or Mr. Walpole, his Secretary. No Earneſt for a Carriage can be taken till this Viaticum is produced. This Prohibition extends to all Foreigners travelling in France. A few more ſuch Obſtructions to the Pleaſures of a free People, which are indeed ſo many Badges of Slavery, will, it is hoped, make our fine Gentlemen and Ladies leſs inclined to waſte ſo much of their Time and Money in their polite Country.

We are aſſured, that the following is one of the Reſolutions agreed upon at a late Meeting at Stowe, that no one Member of the Minority ſhall accept any Place whatever, which may be offered to him, without the Advice and Concurrence of the whole Corps.

The late Hopes of a Coalition between the Inns and the Outs are founded, we are told, upon the Offers made by the Party that command the T------y, to bring off ſome of the Leaders.---But if a Coalition ſhould take Place, what Æra would be more remarkable than that where two Parties of ſuch oppoſite Principles ſhould compoſe a Miniſtry?----And what will become of poor England, if both ſhould conſpire againſt her Liberties?

It is ſaid, the Hon. James Grenville, Eſq; was appointed one of the joint Vice Treaſurers of Ireland, but he refuſed the Offer.

Laſt Wedneſday Evening a Woman made Oath, before Sir Robert Ladbroke, to a Man's ſetting Fire to Portſmouth Dock-yard; ſhe had been at the Admiralty-Office, and was directed to a Magiſtrate to make Affidavit of the Truth of her Aſſertion. A Warrant was granted for apprehending him.

A Lieutenant beat up Yeſterday for Seamen, and Bills were ſtuck up at Change, Wapping, and other Parts; and the grand Place of Rendezvous is appointed at St. Catherine's, Tower-hill.

A Gentleman, who reſides at Deptford, had, about twelve Months ago, ſome Sheep, not larger than well grown Spaniels, brought from the Bay of Biſcay; ſince which Time one of the Ewes has brought forth two; and as the Air of the Place ſeems to agree with them, he hopes he ſhall, in Time, be Maſter of a Flock: The Wool is incomparably fine.

A Letter from Peterſburgh ſays, "It is reported here that the Empreſs has, with the Concurrence and Advice of her whole Court, refuſed to liſten to the many Overtures for Peace, made not only by the Grand Signor, but the Ambaſſadors of ſome foreign Powers, being firmly reſolved to drive the Turks entirely out of Europe, and even to ſecure the Empire the Poſſeſſion of ſome valuable Iſlands in the Levant."

They write from the Hague, that a private Treaty is on the Tapis between the States General, and the Empreſs of Ruſſia, in which the trading Subjects of the Republick will reap no inconſiderable Advantages.

A Letter from Hamburgh mentions, that the Politicians there affirm, that the rapid Progreſs of the Ruſſians will give very ſpeedily a new Turn to the political Balance of Power in Europe.

Letters from Smyrna mention, that Part of the Ruſſian Fleet, under Kennedy, had laid Siege to Rhodes, and were daily expected to carry that Iſland, it being but thinly garriſoned.

Laſt Night an Alarm was ſpread among the Shipping below Bridge, that Preſs Warrants had been iſſued, and Abundance of Sailors went on Shore.

BOSTON, *October* 11.

We hear the Honourable Houſe of Repreſentatives at Cambridge, on Tueſday laſt Voted to proceed to Buſineſs. 59 *Yeas*, 29 *Nays.*

At a Meeting of the Merchants in this Town at the Britiſh Coffee-Houſe, it was unanimouſly Voted to alter the Non-importation Agreement, and to open the Importation of Goods from Great-Britain, except Teas, and ſuch other Articles as are, or may be ſubject to Duties for the Purpoſe of raiſing a Revenue in America.

We hear there are new Appointments for Surveyors of His Majeſty's Woods in North-America, viz.

His Excellency Governor Wentworth for New-Hampſhire, &c.

Hon. Brigadier Ruggles for this Province, and the Northern Parts of Nova-Scotia.

Capt. Gazel of New-York, for the Southern Provinces.

And, Mr. Scammel, for the Navy.

With Salaries of £ 300 Sterling per Annum, each.

We hear Francis Bernard, Eſq; and John Bernard, Eſq; are appointed Joint Naval-Officers for the Port of Boſton.

Sunday laſt arrived the Romney Man of War, Commodore Hood, from Halifax; He was ſaluted by his Majeſty's Caſtle William, by the Roſe, Senegal and Viper Ships of War, then lying in this Harbour.

Yeſterday Morning arrived here Commodore Gambier, in his Majeſty's Ship Saliſbury; He was ſaluted by the Men of War in this Harbour, and by the Caſtle, which were returned by the Saliſbury.

On the Arrival of Commodore Gambier, we hear Commodore Hood, in his Majeſty's Ship Romney, is to ſail in a few Days for England.

Now in this Harbour, his Majeſty's Ships Saliſbury, Romney, Roſe, Beaver, Viper, Senegal, and two armed Schooners.

October 15. Yeſterday Morning ſailed for England his Majeſty's Ship Romney, Commodore Hood; he was ſaluted by all the Men of War in the Harbour, likewiſe by his Majeſty's Caſtle William.

Extract of a Letter from London, dated July 27, 1770.

"You may rely on it as Matter of Fact, that it is voted in C-----l, to ſend ſeveral Regiments into Boſton, to ſupport ſuch People there in importing and vending their Goods, as will, in Oppoſition to the Senſe of the Province, purſue ſuch a Buſineſs; and that a Number of Ships are alſo ordered to inveſt the Town." If the foregoing be true, it ſhows how important the Non-importation Agreement has been, even in the Opinion of Adminiſtration; how great a Pity it is therefore, that the Merchants did not continue it, at leaſt one Seaſon longer. It remains then that the LANDHOLDERS take the Matter under *their* Conſideration, and withhold from buying a ſingle Article---We can live without the Baubles of Britain-----If there are no Purchaſers, there cannot long be Importers; we ſhall ſave our Money, and ſave our Country."

It is ſaid that the freſh Talk in England of ſending Troops to this Place was occaſioned by an Affidavit ſent from hence by----- under the immediate Direction of------in which the Province in general, and ſome reſpectable Perſons in particular, have been groſly calumniated----It is certainly high Time that Magiſtrates who take Depoſitions *ex Parte*, to the Prejudice not only of private Characters, but of the whole Community, ſhould be diſcountenanced by higher Authority.

NEWPORT (Rhode-Iſland) October 15.

Thurſday Morning laſt came on before the Superior Court, at South-Kingſtown, the Trial of Samuel Caſey, who was indicted for Felony, in making and uttering counterfeit Dollars. The Trial laſted till 8 o'Clock in the Evening, when the Jury went out, who did not agree till near 4 in the Morning. They brought in their Verdict Not Guilty: Upon which the Court told them, that their Verdict was ſo contrary to Law and Evidence, that it could not be accepted, and they were ſent out again; and between Two and Three o'Clock in the Afternoon returned a ſpecial Verdict, which was accepted by the Court. We hear the Counſel for the Priſoner have moved in Arreſt of Judgment, which is to be heard this Day.

On Saturday laſt, before the ſame Court, came on the Trial of Thomas Clark, who was indicted as a Cheat, in paſſing ſuch Dollars. The Jury after having withdrawn about an Hour brought him in Guilty.

We hear alſo the Grand Jury have found Bills againſt Samuel Wilſon, and William Reynolds, who where indicted for Felony for the ſame Crime; and that it is expected ſeveral others will be proceeded againſt as Cheats.

Laſt Week a ſmall Sloop having driven out to Sea by a hard Gale, in her Paſſage from New-York to the Jerſies, and almoſt filled with Water, was met by a Veſſel belonging up our River, and brought into this Harbour; the People all ſaved.

NEW-LONDON, October 12.

Capt. Leeds, from Hiſpaniola, adviſes, that Earthquakes continue to be very frequently felt at Port au Prince; and that the Inhabitants have given over all Attempts to rebuild the Place; they live at preſent in Huts, which are erected with little Trouble and Expence; The Houſes they have attempted to build have been conſtantly thrown down.

NEW-YORK, *October* 22.

Thurſday laſt the Tweed Frigate, Capt. Collier, arrived here from Portſmouth, in 7 Weeks and 4 Days, with his Excellency JOHN, EARL OF DUNMORE, our Governor: He came up from the Ship in the Barge, and landed at Whitehall, (under a Diſcharge of 17 Cannon from the Fort) where he was received by his Honour Lieut. Governor COLDEN, the Members of his Majeſty's Council, the Mayor and Corporation, the Clergy, and moſt of the principal Gentlemen of this City, and conducted to Fort-George, where he was congratulated on his Arrival to his Government. Next Day, between Twelve and One o'Clock, his Excellency in Council took the uſual Oaths of Office, and his Commiſſion being read, and publiſhed in the Fort, he was preceded by a Proceſſion of the Mayor and Corporation, with their proper Officers, and attended by his Majeſty's Council, the Judges, and other Gentlemen of the Law, in their Robes, and the Gentlemen above mentioned, to the City-Hall, where his Commiſſion was republiſhed, attended with loud Acclamations of the People. His Excellency then returned to the Fort, where their Majeſties, and many other loyal Healths, were drank, together with Succeſs to his Excellency's Adminiſtration; to which he made a polite Return; after which an elegant Dinner was introduced for the Gentlemen of the Army and Government, &c. In the Evening there was a Ball, and the City handſomely illuminated.

Laſt Sunday Week Mr. Latham, Surgeon to the King's (or 8th) Regiment of Foot, who is Partner with Mr. Sutton, arrived here from Canada, in order to practiſe the Suttonian Method of Inoculation for the Small-Pox.

On Sunday the 14th Inſtant, Sermons were preached in both the Preſbyterian Churches in this City, on the melancholy Occaſion of the Rev. Mr. WHITEFIELD's Death, by the Rev. Dr. RODGERS, from *Matt.* xxv. 21. "*His Lord ſaid unto him, well done thou good and faithful Servant, thou haſt been faithful over a few Things, I will make the Ruler over many Things: Enter thou into the Joy of thy Lord.*" Which Paſſage of Scripture he applied with great Propriety to the Character and Reward of that eminent Servant of CHRIST.

The Sunday before a very excellent Sermon on the ſame melancholy Occaſion, was preached by the Rev. Mr. TREAT.

Extract of a Letter from Boſton.

"*Our manufacturing ſcheme was yeſterday reported, and met with ſo univerſal an approbation, that every word and ſentiment was received without ſo much as a ſyllable's objection. It is ſo well calculated that it muſt ſucceed, for every man who can ſpare a ſhilling a year, may be intereſted in it. Scott has brought ſewen weavers and a wire drawer, and I hear, one or more paper makers. Mr. Hancock generouſly gave the manufacturers there paſſages free.*

"*We are menaced with ſhips of war and more troops, to be quartered upon us. What great things theſe terrific meaſures will produce time will diſcover; but without pretence to inſpiration, I gueſs, Britain's commerce will ſooneſt and moſt permanently feel the injury. We ſtill bear of ſending for the heads of the faction, of laying our towns in aſhes, of ſubduing our republican ſpirits, and ſuch puerile bombaſt; but alas! ſuch is our carnal ſecurity, that we laugh at the rod in the hands of tyrants. Who cannot determine what part of a univerſally diſcontented people they dare begin to chaſtiſe with it!*

"*Let them take it for granted, that while ever there continues a general opinion of ill treatment on one hand, there will be an adequate reſentment and diſaffection on the other. Harſh uſage can only increaſe and confirm a ſlight averſion into an unbounded deteſtation. Men born and educated in the perfect ſenſe of their rights and privileges, can never reſign them quietly without a bargain of ſome kind. Nothing of this ſort has ever been propoſed to the poor Americans. They are to become hewers of wood, and drawers of water, barely to divert their kind mother, from a trial of her ſtrength, in cruſhing them to pieces; or what is ſtill more provoking, they and their affectionate brethren in Britain and Ireland, are required to bow the knee to a power abhorred and execrated by themſelves and anceſtors, as long as any trace of Saxon courage can be gleaned from the waſtes of antiquity*"------

PHILADELPHIA, *October* 25.

Saturday laſt the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this Province adjourned to Monday, the 7th of January next.

On Sunday laſt was preached at ST. PAUL'S Church, by the Rev. Mr. WILLIAM STRINGER, Miniſter of ſaid Church, a Funeral Sermon, on the Death of the late Rev. Mr. GEORGE WHITEFIELD. His Text was taken from Revelations xii. 11. *And they overcame him by the Blood of the Lamb, and by the Word of their Teſtimony, and they loved not their Lives unto the Death.* The Audience was numerous, and the Diſcourſe very affecting; as the Intimacy of the Gentlemen enabled the Preacher to diſplay, in a very eloquent Manner, the ſhining Qualities of the Deceaſed. He concluded his Diſcourſe with a pathetic Exhortation to the Audience, that they might endeavour to profit by thoſe many evangelical Truths repeatedly delivered from the Pulpit by that truly faithful Miniſter of JESUS CHRIST, appealing to many preſent, as living Teſtimonies of the Bleſſing attending his Miniſtry.----The Church was hung in Mourning on the Occaſion.

Extract of a Letter from Malaga, Auguſt 10, 1770.

"The Algerines are cruizing now on theſe Coaſts. They have lately taken four ſmall Spaniſh Veſſels, near this Place. Commodore Barcello, with only two Xebeques, commanded by himſelf and Brother, paſſed in Sight of this Port Yeſterday, ſteering to the Eaſtward, in Queſt of ſaid Pirates; they know their Duty well, are gallant, and their Names terrible to the Barbarians.

"The Daniſh Squadron is returned from Algiers in Diſgrace to Minorca; it is ſaid, they will return to attack ſaid Place, when they receive a ſufficient Reinforcement.

"The Ruſſians, by all Accounts, are in a miſerable Situation in the Morea, being in Want of every Thing. Laſt Week a Ship arrived at Gibraltar from Mahon, who brought Letters from thence, that mention the Arrival of a Ruſſian Frigate, with an Admiral, and four large Tranſport Ships, full of ſick and wounded Sailors and Soldiers from ſaid Iſlands; which is a plain Demonſtration, that they have no Place of Strength or Safety in the Morea to eſtabliſh Hoſpitals in, and lodge their People with Safety. The Turks deſtroy all the Ruſſians and Greeks they can come at, without Diſtinction of either Age or Sex. The latter unhappy People will ever have Reaſon to lament their joining, or even favouring the Ruſſians."

In a Letter from Portſmouth, dated Auguſt 25, it is ſaid, ſome Men of War had ſailed, and others were preparing to ſail from thence, as well as other Ports, for the Streights; and that it was expected a War would ſoon break out.

Captain Leech, from Liſbon, on the 4th of September, in Lat. 34: 26, Long. 20: 45, ſpoke the Ship Thornton, from Minorca for Halifax, out 10 Days; on the 7th Inſtant, in Lat. 30: 8, Long. 57: 40, ſpoke the Snow Anna, Captain Livingſton, from this Place for St. Chriſtophers, out 17 Days; and on the 15th, in Lat. 37: 58, Long. 70: 50, he ſpoke the Ship Heſter, Captain Guitton, bound to Cork from this Port, out 8 Days.

Captain Leech has favoured us with the following Remarks from his Journal, viz. Sept. 15, at Noon, in Lat. 32: 24, Long. 34: 30, in obſerving, ſaw a Planet in the Sun, on the S. E. Quarter, which remained plain to be ſeen till the 22d, being then in Lat. 27: 19, Long. 36: 45. Sept. 18, in Lat. 25: 11, Long. 34: 22, about an Hour after Sunſet, obſerved a prodigious Redneſs in the Element to the Weſtward, much like the Reflection of a large Fire, which looked very diſmal till Midnight: And, on the 11th of October, in Lat. 33: 13, Long. 66, obſerved two Planets in the Sun, very near together, tho' one much larger than the other; they were ſo plain to be ſeen, that he frequently ſaw them with his naked Eye, about an Hour after Sunriſe, and an Hour before Sunſet; at which Time, they partly took away the Reflection of the Sun, which appeared as dull as the Moon, and remained ſo till the 17th, in the Morning, being then in Sight of Cape Henlopen.

Captain M'Ilvaine, from Cork, on the 16th Inſtant, in Lat. 39, Long. 69, ſpoke a Brig from New-London for Antigua.

On Saturday Night laſt *Benjamin Baker* was committed to the Goal of this City for Burglary, he having been diſcovered carrying off Goods from a Houſe in this City.

Philadelphia, October 23, 1770.

To the PUBLIC.

THE Commiſſioners, appointed by the Contributors to removing the Obſtructions in the *River Delaware*, and for improving the Navigation thereof, did procure a compleat Survey of the ſaid River, from the great Falls, at the Head of the Tide

Best possible image.

Water, up to the Forks, near Easton, which was finished, and reported to, on the 21st of August last.

After this no Time was lost in providing Boats, and other necessary Materials, and in employing Men, properly qualified, for carrying this useful Work into Execution.---And tho' the Season was then far advanced, and the Commissioners had to encounter with Difficulties, from which few new Undertakings are exempt, yet, in the Course of about four Weeks employed at the said great Falls, so many of the most dangerous Rocks have been removed, and the Channel thereby so much amended and improved, as to render the Navigation at that (formerly) dangerous Place, nearly safe, and passable for Boats and Rafts, at the driest Seasons, for a Draught of Water not exceeding two Feet.

It is apprehended, that the same Industry, used at these Falls, for about two Weeks in the next Summer, would compleat the Work there.---This Experiment equals the most sanguine Expectations of the Undertakers, and clearly shews the Facility of improving the Navigation of that River, at a moderate Expence, much under what it has generally been estimated at, so as to admit of Boats and Rafts to pass at most Seasons of the Year.

As some Alterations have been made in the Course of the Channel at the said *Falls*, it is thought necessary to give this public Information to *All* BOATMEN *and* RAFTMEN, *using the River Delaware*, that, at the Head or Entrance thereof, about 50 or 60 Perches above the upper End of Yard's Island, a black Buoy is placed on the western or Pensylvania Side of the new Channel. The best Passage for Boats or Rafts is about three Perches from this Buoy, nearer to the Jersey Shore---from thence continuing a straight Course near Yard's Island to the lower End thereof, opposite to which, on the Pennsylvania Side of the Channel, another black Buoy is placed, which may be passed at the Distance of one or two Perches; then steer towards the Jersey Shore, and keeping close in therewith, the Channel leads into Tide Water.

The Width of this Channel, from the Entrance to the End thereof, is from ten to fifteen Perches.

*** A large Quantity of WRITING-PAPER, to be sold by D. *Hall*, at the *New Printing-Office*, in *Market-street*.

☞ READY MONEY, for any Quantity of this Country-made WRITING PAPER, from *David Hall*, at the *New Printing-Office*, in *Market-street*, or *William Sellers*, in *Arch-street*.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Ship Hayfield, R. Patterson, from Madeira. Snow Barbados Packet, W. Sutton, and Brig Hetty, T. Leech, Lisbon. Sloop Unity, J. Fell, Spanish Main. Sloop Dove, D. Ferguson, New-York. Brig Elizabeth and Mary, J. Thompson, Cork. Brig Anna, P. Shores, Piscataqua. Sloop Elizabeth and Sarah, C. Bedlow, from St. Croix.

OUTWARDS. Sloop Belleisle, B. Everson, Schooner Leopard, W. Church, Sloop Sally, J. Waterman, and Brig Betsy, E. Rodgers, for Boston. Brig Nancy, J. Stephen, and Sloop Felis, J. Jackson, Barbados. Sloop Abigail, J. Kilbourne, and Schooner St. Nicholas, E. Reed, R. Island. Sloop Patty, J. Logan, N. Carolina. Brig Harmony, T. Rodgers, Bristol. Sloop Polly, J. Young, N. Providence. Schooner Phœnix, J. Bard, and Schooner Rose Noble, J. Bunker, Nantucket. Schooner Dove, D. Brown, Grenades. Brig Polly, D. M'Cutchon, Belfast. Brig Sally, T. Pearce, Dominica. Sloop Sally, J. Blewer, for S. Carolina.

CLEARED. Schooner Ranger, A. Mansfield, to Salem. Sloop Ann, J. Robinson, Halifax. Brig Philadelphia, B. Gibbs, Barbados. Sloop Potowmack, J. Young, Maryland. Brig Polly, S. Young, Jamaica. Ship George, S. Martin, Lisbon. Schooner Anna, E. Bacon, and Sloop America, J. Gorham, Boston. Ship Ann, G. Fortin, to Bristol.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Wednesday, the 7th of November, at 5 o'clock in the evening, at the house of Benjamin Davids, at the corner of Arch-street and Second-street, in Philadelphia, a certain tract or parcel of woodland, situate in the township of Providence, containing 75 acres and 90 perches, be the same more or less, bounded by Perkiomen Creek, and lands of James Morgan, and Nathan Davis; late the estate of George Bryan, Esq; seized and taken in execution by Joseph Redman, Esq; late Sheriff, and to be sold by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Thursday, the 8th of November, at 5 o' clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-house, a certain messuage or tenement, and lot or piece of ground, situate on the east side of Second-street, betweeen Walnut-street and Spruce-street, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth, north and south, 27 feet, or thereabouts, be the same more or less, and extending from Second-street to Dock-street, bounded northward partly by the middle of a partition wall, and partly by ground of Hannah Steel, westward by Second-street aforesaid, southward by ground of Henry Lisle, and eastward by Dock-street aforesaid; subject to a groundrent of 40 l. Pennsylvania currency, per annum; late the estate of John Newby, seized and taken in execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Friday, the 16th of November, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the house of Philip Dotterer, in Limerick township, a certain messuage or tenement, and plantation, consisting of four tracts of land, one of them situate in New Hanover township, containing 181 acres and a quarter, bounded by lands of Elias Affsten, Hans Frith, and others; the other three tracts situate in Douglass township, containing in the whole 19 acres 3 quarters, and 13 perches, be the same more or less, bounded by lands of Conrad Arnold, George Frick, Henry Newkirk, Peter Livergood, and the great road; late the estate of Frederick Esbach, seized and taken in execution by Joseph Redman, Esq; late Sheriff, and to be sold by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Friday, the 16th of November, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the house of Philip Dotterer, in Limerick township, a certain stone messuage, wooden barn, and two tracts of land, situate in New Hanover township, one of them containing 104 acres, should the same be more or less, bounded by lands of William Antis, Jacob Livergood, and others; the other of the said tracts containing 20 acres, or thereabouts, bounded by lands of Joseph Bitting, Frederick Antis, John Yawn, and the above described tract; late the estate of Henry Antis, seized and taken in execution by Joseph Redman, Esq; late Sheriff, and to be sold by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BOULTING-CLOTHS, of the best Sort, Superfine, fine, middling and coarse, to be sold by

DANIEL WILLIAMS,

At his House, in Chestnut-street, between Fourth-street and the State-House; and at his Store, on the West Side of Front-street, about Half-way between the London Coffee-house and Chestnut-street;

WHERE Millers and others, who are not skilled in chusing Boulting-cloths, may depend on being supplied with the best Cloths, suitable to every Branch of the Boulting Business, with proper Directions for affixing and using the same, if desired, as he has had long Experience in Millering and Boulting-cloths. 3 M.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

On the 24th day of November next, at the London Coffee-House,

THE *Country Seat of William Denny, Esq; late Governor of this province, near the Falls of Schuylkill, containing 44 acres and 20 perches; there are on the premises, a good dwelling-house, kitchen, stable for six horses, a good draw well, and orchard; 15 acres, 3 quarters and 20 perches, on a part whereof the buildings and other conveniencies are erected, the purchaser will have an estate in fee, and in the residue, a term of 69 years and 6 months.*

Should any person incline to purchase at private sale, they may know the terms, by applying to J. GALLOWAY. 5w.

WANTED,

A PERSON who will superintend and manage a FARM; a married Man, whose Wife understands a DAIRY, and will undertake the Care of the Family, will be most agreeable. Enquire of the PRINTERS. 5 *W.*

College of Philadelphia, October 22, 1770.

THE Medical Professors will begin their Lectures next Thursday, the 1st of November.

Dr. Kuhn on the *Materia Medica*, at 11 o'Clock in the Forenoon.

Dr. Rush on *Chemistry*, at 5 o' Clock in the Afternoon.

Dr. Shippen on *Anatomy* and *Surgery*, at 6 o'Clock in the Evening.

Dr. Morgan on the *Theory* and *Practice* of *Physic*, on Monday, the 5th of November, at 3 o' Clock in the Afternoon.

Dr. Bond's Clinical Lectures will begin on Tuesday, the 6th of November, at 11 o' Clock in the Forenoon.

Those Gentlemen, who propose to attend any of these Courses of Lectures, are desired to call on the Professors for Tickets of Admission, at their respective Houses.

For BELFAST,

The Ship PHILADELPHIA,
JAMES MALCOM,
Master,

A remarkable fast sailing Ship, and has good Accommodations for Passengers, and will be ready to sail with the first Flaxseed Vessels. For Freight or Passage, apply to M'NEILE and TOLBERT, or said Master, at Mr. Bickley's Wharff.

N. B. The said M'Neile and Tolbert have for Sale, some Tierces of Irish Beef.

For BELFAST,

The BRIG POLLY,
DAVID M'CUTCHON,
Master;

She is a stout Vessel, is well fitted, with good Accommodations for Passengers, and will sail about the 20th of November, having two Thirds of her Cargoe already engaged. For Freight or Passage, apply to JOSEPH CARSON, in Second-street, or GEORGE KENNEDY, in Front-street, or to said Master on board, at Captain Mifflin's Wharff. ¶ 5 W.

For BELFAST,

The SHIP
KITTY & PEGGY,
DUNCAN FERGUSON, Master,

WILL sail with the first Flaxseed Ships, having great Part of her Cargoe already engaged; she is a fine Ship, and compleatly fitted, with excellent Accommodations for Passengers. For Freight or Passage apply to James Blair, *in Front-street, below the Draw-bridge,* George Fullerton, *at his Store, in Chestnut-street, between Front and Second-streets, or to the Captain on board, at Samuel and John Morton's Wharff.*

N. B. GEORGE FULLERTON *has a good Assortment of* IRISH LINENS *and* SHEETINGS, *just opened, which he will sell very low for Cash, or short Credit.* 6w.

For NEWRY,

The SHIP
PENNSYLVANIA FARMER,
ROBERT JOHNSTON, Master,

WILL sail with the first Flaxseed Ships, having great Part of her Cargoe already engaged; she is a fine Ship, and compleatly fitted, with excellent Accommodations for Passengers. For Freight or Passage, agree with *William & Andrew Caldwell, George Fullerton, James Blair*, or with the Captain on board, at Buckridge Sims's Wharff. 6w

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READY Money for new and old Books, to be had of WILLIAM WOODHOUSE, opposite John Bayley's, Goldsmith, in Front-street, the Corner of Chestnut-street.

To be sold at said WOODHOUSE's, The History of Belisarius, the heroick and humane Roman General; as also a neat Assortment of Stationary, such as Writing Paper, Royal, Medium, Demi, Propatria, Blank Books, Sealing-wax, Wafers, Ink-powder, Ink-stands, Pen-knives, Slates, Scales and Dividers, Quills, Ivory Memorandum Books, with a Variety of red, black and green Pocket Books, with or without Instruments, Quarto gilt and common Bibles, Prayer Books, Testaments, Spelling Books, Primers, &c. with a Parcel of Maps and Views.

N. B. Wants Employ, a young Man, bred in the mercantile Way, well versed in Accounts and Book-keeping, can be well recommended by his late Employer, may be heard of by a Line, directed for A. B. at said Woodhouse's, will be duly answered.

To be LETT, *and may be entered upon immediately*,

THE HOUSE and DISTILLERY, now in the Tenure of CHARLES THOMSON, which belonged to the late Mr. *Peter Chevalier*; the House fronts on Second-street, and the Distillery on Bread-street, commonly called Moravian-alley. In the Distillery are four Stills, two containing 450 Gallons each, one about 120, and the other about 90, a sufficient Number of working and return Cisterns, and other Utensils for carrying on the Business, all in good Repair. For Terms apply to

JOHN and PETER CHEVALIER.

N. B. CHARLES THOMSON, the present Tenant, having engaged in another Way of Business, and being determined to remove out of Town, will sell, on very low Terms, his Stock of CORDIALS, and to such as take the Distillery, he will dispose of his Cordial Butts and Casks, as well as his Stock of Ingredients, on very reasonable Terms.----All indebted to him are desired to make immediate Payment, to prevent Trouble.

To the PUBLIC.

WHEREAS many Impositions have been made on the Inhabitants of this City, by Persons bringing Wood, &c. to the Public Wharffs, and selling short Measure, as well by Persons applying to the Purchasers of Wood, instead of the proper Owners, by which Means several Inhabitants have paid twice for the same Wood, &c. ROBERT LUMSDEN *being continued by the worshipful Mayor, Recorder, &c. Corder at the Draw-bridge for three Years, begs that none of the Inhabitants, who purchase Wood at the Bridge, would pay the Person, of whom purchased, without a Corder's Bill. The present Corders are* ROBERT LUMSDEN, JOSEPH FRY, JAMES M'CAGG, *and* MICHAEL GROWS, *who are all qualified to do Justice to Town and Country. And the Corder takes this Opportunity of informing the Flatmen, &c. who leave Wood on the Public Wharff, that he will not be accountable for it, without they take a Receipt from him for the Quantity left; and must further request, that all such Flatmen would pay their Cordage before they leave the Wharff, or I will sue them immediately on their Return.*

¶ ROBERT LUMSDEN, CORDER.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Baltimore county, near the Lower-ferry, on Susquehanna, on the seventh day of October, a servant man, named Edward Murphy, by trade a Weaver, about 5 feet 4 inches high, much pock-marked, has a flesh-mark on the side of his nose, which disfigures him somewhat, black hair and beard; had on, when he went away, a felt hat, a duffil coat, light colour, a linsey jacket, a pair of trowsers, and two shirts, all homespun, a pair of thread stockings, a good pair of pumps, with old buckles in them. Whoever takes up the said servant, and secures him, so that his master may get him again, shall have Forty Shillings reward, paid by me ABRAHAM ROBINSON. ¶

Philadelphia, October 25, 1770.

To be LETT, by RICHARD WALN,

A *PLANTATION, on Germantown road, 3 miles from this city, of 30 acres of land, about 8 of which is meadow with a dwelling-house, barn and stables, and may be entered upon any time between this and the first of March.----He has to sell, a the aforementioned plantation, a horse and several cows, and at his store, in Water-street, a few hogsheads of Barbados rum and sugar, cotton, coffee, Congo and Souchong tea, starch, Russia sail duck, and some dry goods.* ¶

THE subscriber having concluded to continue in his present situation and business, at the *Bunch of Grapes*, in *Third-street*, begs leave to sollicit the favours of his former customers, and others, who may rely on his constant and unwearied attention to give them satisfaction; to enable him to do which he is furnishing himself with every necessary for that purpose-----And as his house is extremely well calculated for the accommodation of Grand and Sheriffs Juries, who have honoured him with their commands for two years past, he hopes he shall have the pleasure of waiting on them in future.

The public's devoted humble servant,

Philad. Oct. 22, 1770. JOSIAH F. DAVENPORT.

N. B. To be sold, about 20 tons of exceeding good second crop hay, now in a barn; it will be sold cheap, to those who take 5 or 6 tons together, as the first crop, which now lies under it, will be soon wanted. Enquire as above. ¶

Chester, October 16, 1770.

NOW in the goal of this county, committed as runaways, the two following persons, viz. an Englishman, who called himself Joseph Hannum, but has since confessed that his name is Joseph Lamb, and that he is a servant of Thomas Hammond, near Patapsco Ferry, in Anne-Arundel county. The other, named John Mooney, an Irishman, is about 24 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, of a fair complexion, fair hair, full eyed, and large mouth; had on, when committed, a blue cloth lapelled jacket, a black cloth ditto, without sleeves, a flaxen shirt and trowsers, and old shoes. Their masters are desired to come, pay charges, and take them away, or they will be discharged, in six weeks from the date hereof, by

¶ JOSEPH THOMAS, *Goaler.*

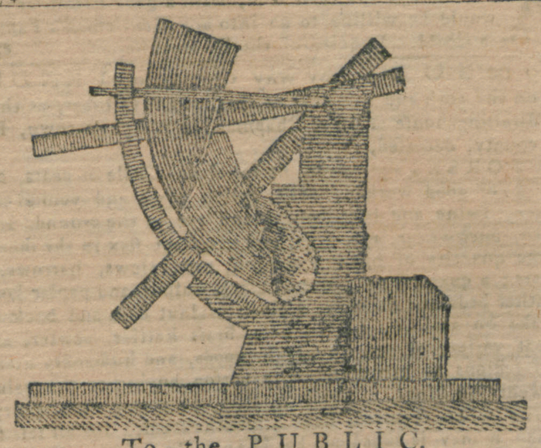
STRAYED or stolen, from the plantation of Jacob Rudulph, in Kingsess township, on Boon's Island, in Philadelphia county, on the 11th of October, at night, a red roan MARE, about 13 hands and a half high, 8 or 9 years old, a natural trotter, shod before, neither brand nor ear-mark. Whoever takes up the said mare, and secures her, so that the owner may have her again, shall have Twenty Shillings reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by me *Jacob Rudulph*. ¶

To be SOLD, by PRIVATE SALE, and may be entered on by the 25th Day of March next,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, situate in Lower Makefield Township, Bucks County, in the Province of Pennsylvania, containing about 320 Acres, on which is a good Stone Dwelling-house, two Stories high, with three Rooms on a Floor, a Kitchen, good Barn, Chaise-house, Smoke-house, Milk-house, and other Conveniences, The whole is very good Land, about 150 Acres cleared, near 15 of it good Meadow, and about 40 more may be made; 6 Acres of Orchard, whereon are about 200 Apple-trees of grafted Fruit; and as there is a large Quantity of the best Mud and Marl on the Premises, the whole may be made very rich. The Land that is not cleared, is well timbered, and the whole in good Repair. The Purchaser, paying one Third of the Purchase Money down, another Third twelve Months after, without Interest, giving Security, and paying Interest for the Remainder, may have an indisputable Title, by ‡ STACY KIRKBRIDE.

CAME to the Plantation of the Subscriber, in Radnor, Chester County, on the 19th of October inst. a ROAN HORSE, supposed to be 7 Years old, about 16 Hands high, a natural Pacer, and is low in Flesh. The Owner is desired to come, prove his Property, pay Charges, and take him away.

‡ JAMES HUNTER, junior.



To the PUBLIC.

WHEREAS THOMAS MARSHALL, of the Township of Darby, 2 Miles and a Half from Darby Town, 3 Miles from the Corporation Ferry, and about 5 Miles from the City of Philadelphia, has a compleat Fulling-Mill, and all the Works in good Order for carrying on the Fulling Business in the neatest Manner; also a London Frame, for dressing Camblets, Camblettees, Silks and Grograms, in the best Manner, and now being strong handed, suitable for carrying on the abovesaid Branches of Business, all those that please to favour him with their Custom, may depend on being served with Care and Dispatch, and on the lowest Terms.

N. B. Cloths, and the abovesaid Stuffs, are received by John Brown, Merchant, at the Bird-in-Hand Wharff, Emanuel Josiah, Merchant, at the Corner of Front and Market-streets, opposite the London-Coffee-house, and at Sarah and William Austin's new Ferry-house, Arch-street Wharff, Philadelphia, at which Places Attendance will be given once a Week.

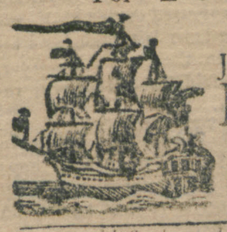
For LONDONDERRY,

The Ship JUPITER,
JAMES MACKEY, Master;
And Ship VENUS,
PATRICK CRAWFORD, Master;

Have excellent Accommodations for Passengers, and will sail with the first Flaxseed Ships. For Freight or Passage, apply to the said Masters on board, at the South Side of Market-street Wharff, or to WILLIAM and ANDREW CALDWELL.

N. B. Captain Mackey desires those indebted to him, by Bond or Note, to make immediate Payment, or they may depend on being proceeded against as the Law directs.

For LONDONDERRY,



The SHIP
ADMIRAL HAWKE,
JOHN M'CADDON, Master,

HAS excellent Accommodations for Passengers, and will sail with the first Flaxseed Ships. For Freight or Passage, apply to said Master on board, at Hamilton's Wharff, or to WILLIAM and ANDREW CALDWELL. *October 25.*

Just published, and to be sold, Wholesale or Retail, by the Printers hereof,

POOR RICHARD's ALMANACK, for the Year of our Lord 1771.

Also the POCKET ALMANACK, for 1771.

CHARLES PEMBERTON,

HAS imported from Londonderry, a general assortment of IRISH LINEN, which he will dispose of on reasonable terms, for cash, or on a short credit, at his store in Second-street, between Market and Chestnut-streets. 6 *W.*

PAUL FOOKS,

NOTARY PUBLIC for the FRENCH *and* SPANISH *Languages, Professor and sworn Interpreter of the same,*

CONTINUES at his Office, in Front-street, between Walnut-street and the Drawbridge, to translate and draw any *French* and *Spanish* Writings, as, Letters, Powers of Attorney, Contracts, Accounts, &c. and to state them properly, agreeable to the Forms and Usages of the respective Countries to which they are intended. Those who please to employ him, in any Branch of the aforesaid Business, may depend on being served with the utmost Secrecy, Punctuality and Dispatch.

He also continues to teach the *French* and *Spanish* Languages, in the greatest Purity and Elegance.

For the Conveniency of young Gentlemen, who cannot attend in the Day Time, he keeps an Evening School. 3 *M.*

AS I have discovered sundry inconveniencies to result from teaching YOUTH of *both* sexes, and having been frequently solicited by several respectable families, in the city, to establish a school, for the instruction of YOUNG LADIES *only*, in READING, WRITING, ARITHMETIC and ACCOMPTS; I have opened a school for said purpose in LÆTITIA-COURT, contiguous to Front, Second and Market-streets. As the utility of such an undertaking (properly conducted) is undeniably evident, I hope for the encouragement of the public, which I shall endeavour to deserve, by a constant assiduity to promote the improvement of my pupils in the aforesaid branches, as also in having the strictest regard to their morals.-----Such misses as are obliged to attend other schools, I shall take for half days. MATTHEW MAGUIRE.

N. B. As I have already engaged a considerable number of young ladies, those who intend to apply, are requested to be speedy, as I am determined to take no more than such a number as I shall be able to give proper attendance to. A night school is opened at the above place for young men. ¶

GERMANTOWN, October 16, 1770.

TIMOTHY COONAN, *Wool-comber*,

HEREBY acquaints his former Customers, and others, That he continues COMBING at the old Place. All those that will favour him with their Custom, may depend on having their Work done well, and with all Dispatch. Enquire of *Theobald Ent*, Sadler, in *Germantown*, next Door to the Sign of King George the Third. *

THOMAS PALMER, *Gunsmith*,

TAKES this method to inform the public, that he is now returned home to his shop in the Northern Liberties, about half a mile from Dr. Redman's country seat, where he intends to carry on the business of making and repairing of rifles and other guns, likewise making of smith's bellows, &c.

N. B. He has got a very curious machine for cutting the screws on the brass elbows for the fire-engines, and he will ensure them to be much truer than those cut in a leathe. All persons that will please to favour him with their custom, may depend upon being served with care and dispatch. ¶

ALL those that have any demands against the estate of Thomas West, late of the township of Deptford, and county of Gloucester, deceased, are desired to bring in their accounts, properly proved, in order that they may be adjusted; and those that are indebted to the estate, by bond, bill, book-debt, or otherwise, are desired to come and discharge the same. DEBORAH WEST, Executrix, JOSEPH WARNER, CHARLES WEST, Executors.

N. B. They have for sale, an eight cord wood flat, a fishing boat, and 15 acres of good cedar swamp.

A YOUNG WOMAN, with a good Breast of Milk, would be willing to go into any Gentleman's Family to suckle a Child. Enquire of the Printers hereof. ¶

To be SOLD, by way of public VENDUE, on the 30th and 31st days of this instant October, at the late dwelling-house of Isaac Chapman, in Wright's-town, Bucks county, deceased,

HORSES and mares, fit for either saddle or gears, a pair of good working oxen, milch cows and young cattle, sheep, swine and bees, wheat and rye in the ground, Indian corn, buckwheat, rye, oats, and excellent flax in the sheaf; a large quantity of hay; a waggon, cart, plows, harrows, and gears; a quantity of seasoned black walnut and poplar boards, feather beds and bedding, a black walnut desk and book-case, books on various subjects, pots, brass kettles, pewter, and a great variety of other houshold goods, and husbandry utensils, too tedious to mention. Any person buying to the value of Twenty Shillings, or upwards, may, on giving satisfactory security when required, have 9 months credit; for all less sums ready money is expected, by MARY CHAPMAN, Executrix; ROBERT VERREE, and JOHN CHAPMAN, Executors.

N. B. At the same time and place will be exposed to public sale, a certain corner lot of ground, supposed to contain about 4 acres, with a log building thereon, situate at the Cross-roads, in Logtown, in Wright's-town aforesaid, it being part of the real estate of the said Isaac Chapman, deceased. The conditions will be made known at the time of sale. ¶

TO BE LETT,

A GOOD convenient brick dwelling-house, three stories high, with a good cellar under it, and a kitchen back, with a room above it, lately occupied as a public house, by James Bell, fit for a shopkeeper, or house of lodging, situated on the north side of Walnut-street, between Front and Second-streets. For further particulars enquire of PAUL FOOKS, in Front-street. 4 W.

Sadsbury township, Lancaster county, October 9, 1770.

TWENTY POUNDS Reward,

FOR taking of Hugh Lackey and Jared Hughey, and securing of them in any of his Majesty's goals, so as they may be brought to conviction, for breaking and plundering the house of the subscriber, of sundry goods, in the night time, and also deluding his wife away with them, to the great damage of her husband. These are to forewarn any person not to trust her on his account, for he will not pay any thing for her, after the date hereof. Likewise Hugh Lackey obtained a bond for £ 10 of the subscriber, dated the 3d instant, which I discharge any person from taking an assignment on said bond, for I shall not pay it till compelled by due course of law; witness my hand, WILLIAM DOWLING.

N. B. The said Hugh Lackey is about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, of a long visage, long nose, marked with the small-pox, brown hair, and by trade a weaver. Jared Hughey, about the same size, fair complexion, with light coloured curled hair, and has a scar under his jaws. They are both Irishmen, and are supposed to be gone towards Carlisle, in Cumberland county, as Robert Hughey, brother to the aforesaid Jared Hughey, removed up that way about the same time. ¶

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, living in Paxton township, Lancaster county, on the 15th of September last, a red HEIFER, with a white head, and both ears cut. The owner of said heifer may have her again, on proving his property, and paying charges.

¶ ADAM WAGGONER.

Bucks County, October 12, 1770.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on the 13th day of November next, at 2 o' clock in the afternoon, on the premises, a certain messuage, plantation, and tract of land, situate in the township of New-Britain, lying on the great road, leading from Coryell's Ferry to Swedes Ford, about 23 miles from Philadelphia, bounded by lands of Thomas Humphrey, Henry Marvey, David Davis, and others, containing about 100 acres, with the appurtenances, 20 acres of which are good meadow, having thereon erected a good stone house, barn, orchard, and other improvements; late the property of Thomas Drake; seized and taken in execution, and to be sold by JOSEPH ELLICOTT, Sheriff.

N. B. At the same time and place will be exposed to public sale, 36 acres of land, adjoining and belonging to the above described plantation, lying in Philadelphia county, by

¶ CHARLES HUMPHREY.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on the 14th day of November next, at 2 o' clock in the afternoon, at the dwelling-house of John Kelly, Inn-keeper, in the township of Hill-town, a certain messuage, plantation, and tract of land, situate in the township of New-Britain, bounded by lands of John Williams, John Greer, and others, containing about 57 acres, with the appurtenances; late the property of Matthias Hendricks; seized and taken in execution, and to be sold by JOSEPH ELLICOTT, Sheriff. ¶

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on the 15th day of November next, at 2 o' clock in the afternoon, at the dwelling-house of Robert Robinson, in the township of Bedminster, Inn-keeper, a certain messuage, plantation, and tract of land, situate in the township of Hill-town, bounded by land of James Hamilton, Esq; Thomas Matthias, and others, containing about 115 acres, with the appurtenances, having thereon erected a house, barn, orchard, and other improvements; late the property of Levy Owen; seized and taken in execution, and to be sold by

¶ JOSEPH ELLICOTT, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on the 20th day of November next, at 2 o' clock in the afternoon, at the dwelling-house of John Dowdney, Inn-keeper, at the Four-lane-ends, in the township of Middletown, a certain piece or parcel of land, situate in the township of Bristol, bounded by lands of Samuel Bunting, Andrew Wright, and others, containing about 80 acres, with the appurtenances; late the property of Solomon Headley and Samuel Bunting, Administrators of Joseph Headley, deceased; seized and taken in execution, and to be sold by

¶ JOSEPH ELLICOTT, Sheriff.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court, for the county of Chester, on the 10th day of November next, will be exposed to public sale, on the premises, two certain tracts or parcels of land, situate in West-Bradford township, in the said county, one of them containing 28 acres and 70 perches, and the other containing 7 acres, 3 rods, and 35 perches, late the estate of John Woodward, deceased; attendance will be given, and the conditions made known, by

October 15, 1770. SARAH WOODWARD,)
¶ RICHARD BARNARD,) Administrat.

FOUR POUNDS REWARD.

RUN away, on the 12th of this instant October, from the subscriber, at the Gap Tavern, in Lancaster county, a NEGROE man, named JACK, about 26 years old, 5 feet 5 inches high, a good looking smart speaking fellow, has a scar above his left eye-brow, and had on a pair of handcuffs, a felt hat, a brown double-breasted jacket, with hair buttons, and green lining, a pair of good buckskin breeches, woollen hose, blue and red mixed, old shoes, and no shirt. Whoever brings the said slave to the subscriber, in Cumberland county, shall receive the above reward, and if secured in any jail, Twenty Shillings reward, paid by me JAMES POTTER. §

RUN away from the subscriber, living near the Head of Elk, in Cæcil county, Maryland, on the 14th of October instant, an Irish servant man, named PETER HUGHES, about 24 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, has short black hair, and a small scar on his forehead; had on, when he went away, a half-worn blue cloth jacket, fore parts deeper blue than the backs, long tow trowsers, old shoes, without buckles, 2 shirts, one check, the other white, and a coarse felt hat, lately come into the country, speaks tolerable good English, this is the second time of his running away, and he pretends to be a weaver, but knows very little about it. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him, so that his master may get him again, shall have FOUR DOLLARS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by ANDREW FRAZER. ¶

To be LETT, and entered on immediately,

A COMMODIOUS two story stone dwelling-house, with two fine large rooms on a floor, and about 16 acres of land, situate on the westerly side of the river Schuylkill, near the Corporation Ferry, kept by Jonathan Humphreys. It is very suitable for a shopkeeper or tradesman, as it commands the country custom, going to and from the city of Philadelphia, and may become a place of great business, and if properly managed, of great advantage to the undertaker. For terms, enquire of WILLIAM BISPHAM, living on the premises. §

RUN away from the Subscribers, living in Baltimore County, in the Fork of Gunpowder, the 14th of this instant October, two native Irish Servant Men, one convict, the other indented; the Convict is about 30 Years of Age, 5 Feet 5 Inches high, black Hair, grey Eyes, a down ill Look, good Teeth, dark Complexion, stoops a little in his Walk, and goes by the Name of Thomas Hanway, *alias* Conway, *alias* M'Gowen; *the other, named* William David, *about 21 Years of Age, 5 Feet 4 Inches high, short black Hair, grey Eyes, well made Fellow, pitted with the Small-pox; had on, and took with them, 2 old Felt Hats, 4 Jackets, 1 double and twist green and white double breasted, the others, 1 short about, another striped, both blue and white, and 1 white Fearnought, with Sleeves, old light coloured Cloth Coat, with round Brass Buttons, brown Shag and old Fustian Breeches, 2 Pair of Trowsers, old Pumps, grafted, Country made Shoes, with Strings. It is supposed they will change their Names and Apparel; and it is likely they have Passes. Whoever secures said Servants in any Goal, shall have Thirty Shillings for each if in the County, if out of the County Fifty Shillings for each, and reasonable Charges, if brought home, paid by* WILLIAM PARRISH, *jun.* HENRY HOUSHOLDER. ¶

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, living in Chanceford township, York county, on the first of June last, a sorrel MARE, blind of the near eye, branded with the figure 2 behind. Also a two year old bay FILLEY, with a bald face, natural pacer, without brand or ear-mark. And a bay horse COLT, one year old, with a black mane and tail, without brand or mark, paces well, and had a bell on. The owner or owners are desired to come, prove their property, pay charges, and take them away, by me

¶ THOMAS WILSON.

FLAX-SEED

Is taken in, by HUGH HARTSHORNE, At Bristol, at the Philadelphia Price.

NEW-CASTLE COAL, suitable for private Families, Smiths, or Sugar-Bakers, just imported in the Ship Fame, Captain John Cowan, lying at Arch-street Wharff, to be sold by JOSEPH WHARTON, junior.

WANTED immediately,

A DISCREET sober WOMAN, as a House-keeper in the Country, about 25 Miles from Philadelphia. Enquire of RANDLE MITCHELL, in Water-street, near Walnut-street.

ALL Persons indebted to Frederick Otto, of the Town of Christiana Bridge, in Newcastle County, Practitioner of Physick, by Bond, Bill, Note, Book-debt, or otherwise, are desired (to prevent Trouble) to pay their respective Debts unto the Subscriber, before the first Day of November next, who is impowered to receive the same. And also all Persons indebted to the Subscriber, by Bond, Bill, Note, Book Account, or otherwise, above three Months, are requested to make immediate Payment (to enable him to settle his Accounts with his Creditors) otherwise he will be under the disagreeable Necessity of putting them into an Attorney's Hands to recover. ROBERT MACK.

†

For BELFAST,
The Ship FRIENDSHIP,
WILLIAM M'CULLOCH,
Master;

She is a good Ship, prime Sailer, and has good Accommodations for Passengers, has Part of her Cargoe engaged, and will sail with the first Flaxseed Vessels. For Freight or Passage, apply to JAMES STUART, GEORGE KENEDY, or said Master on board, at Mr. Mifflin's Wharff. Tbc.

To be LETT for a Term of YEARS,

ANDOVER FURNACE, situate in the County of Sussex, in West New-Jersey, on a Branch of Paquest River, together with an elegant Stone Dwelling-house, Stables, Smith's Shop, Spring-house, and a Number of Outhouses for Workmen; a large Coal-house, in which there is at least 7 Week's Stock of Coals for the next Blast; also 5000 Acres of well timbered Land to accommodate the Furnace, on which are erected, a Saw-mill, and an excellent Grist-mill, which has a great Deal of Country Custom. Scarcely a Mile from the Furnace is an inexhaustible Body of Ore, which may be raised at the easy Expence of 2*s.* per Ton, and makes Iron of a superior Quality to any other in America, particularly for the Manufacture of Steel. There is a large Farm on the said Tract, on which about 60 Acres of Winter Grain is now growing, about 70 Acres of extraordinary good Meadow has been already made, and is now in good English Grass, and as much more may be cleared at a small Expence, it being already drained. The whole is under good Fence, and the Woodland adjoining affords excellent Range for a large Stock. Two Horse Teams, and 3 Ox Ditto, will be rented with the above Premises, if the Person leasing chuses it. For the Terms, apply to Mr. ARCHIBALD STEWART, who lives at the said Furnace, or to Messieurs ALLEN and TURNER, in Philadelphia.

To be LETT also, a large FORGE, in excellent Order, with 4 Fires, and 2 Hammers, in the County of Suffex, situate on Musconecung River, about 7 Miles from Andover Furnace, and 35 Miles distant from Brunswick and Elizabeth-town Landings. Five Thousand Acres of well-timbered Land, Part lying in the County of Suffex, and Part in the County of Morris, very convenient to the Forge, will be rented with it; also a Grist-mill, Saw-mill, commodious Houses for a Manager and Forgemen, and 70 Tons of Pig-metal on the Bank, with more than a Sufficiency of Coal to work it up; likewise a good Farm, with about 50 Acres of Winter Grain in the Ground, and 25 Acres of Meadow in English Grass, and a Number of Teams, and every Necessary for carying on the Business of the Forge and Farm. The Owners have six Negroe Slaves to hire out or sell, who are good Forgemen, and understand the making and drawing of Iron well. Provisions of all Sorts may be laid in very cheap both at the Furnace and Forge, fat Cattle, in the Fall, being never higher than 2*d.* per Pound, Beef, Hide and Tallow. For Terms, apply as above directed.

N. B. ALLEN and TURNER will also lett, for a Term of Years, their SLITTING-MILL and FORGE, with, or without, a FURNACE, together with all the Implements and Conveniencies necessary for carrying on the IRON-BUSINESS; being the noted Union Iron-work, in Hunterdon County, in West-Jersey, about 30 Miles nearer Philadelphia than Andover Iron-work, and within that Distance from Brunswick, and equally convenient for the Philadelphia and New-York Markets.

To be SOLD, very cheap,

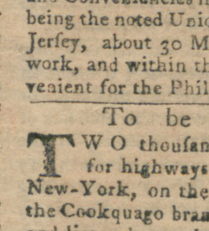
TWO thousand acres of land (besides the usual allowance for highways) in the county of Albany and province of New-York, on the south side of the Mohawks river, between the Cookquago branch of the Delaware and Susquehanna rivers, and lies only 54 chains to the north of a tract of land, granted to Colonel Provost, which bounds upon lands of Colonel Croghan, Captain Provost, and others; it is 27 chains wide, and 778 chains long, and has the privilege, along with 36,000 acres more, of a township, by the name of Bedlington, it also has the advantage of being free and clear of quitrent for ten years from the 22d of May last, with a good and indisputable title. For terms apply to DAVID FRANKS, in Philadelphia. ¶

Bucks County, September 14, 1770.

To be sold, by Order of the Orphan's Court, at public Vendue, on Monday, the 29th of October next,

SEVENTY Acres of LAND, Part of the real Estate of *John Ewer*, deceased, about 20 Acres of which cleared, and under good Fence, the Remainder good Woodland; some Meadow may be easily made; it is situate in the Township of Warwick, adjoining Lands of William Rodman, and John Grier; The Vendue to be held on the Premises, and to begin at Ten o' Clock in the Forenoon, when the Conditions of Sale will be made known, by ¶ BILAH EWER, Administratrix.

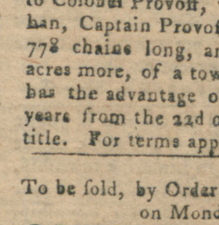
A GENERAL MEETING of the *Contributors for promoting the Culture of Silk in Pennsylvania*, is to be held at the Church School-house, in Second-street, on Thursday, the first of November next, at Two o'Clock in the Afternoon, to elect twelve Managers, and a Treasurer, for the ensuing Year, agreeable to Law.



For BRISTOL,
The Brig HARMONY,
THOMAS RODGERS, Master,

CEDAR built, and a prime Sailer, having one Half of her Cargoe ready to go on board, and is expected to sail in twenty Days. For Freight or Passage, apply to the said Master, at the London Coffee-House, or to STOCKER & WHARTON.

Philadelphia, October 16, 1770.



FOR BRISTOL,
The Ship *CHALKLEY*,

EXPECTED to sail in about three weeks; she hath red cedar frame, is well fitted, with excellent accommodations for passengers, and esteemed as good a ship as any belonging to the port. For freight or passage, apply to JAMES and DRINKER, at their store in Water-street, above Arch-street.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, in Heidelberg township, Northampton county, about the middle of last May, two MARES, one a light grey, with a large bell, no brand; the other black, with a small bell, branded H. F. The owners are desired to come, prove their property, pay charges, and take them away.

‡ JOHN HARTMAN, *living in Lowhill township.*

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